

Barbara O'Brien

10/661588

=> fil reg; d ide

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:52:37 ON 23 FEB 2007

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STRUCTURE FILE UPDATES: 22 FEB 2007 HIGHEST RN 922800-14-4

DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 22 FEB 2007 HIGHEST RN 922800-14-4

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

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<http://www.cas.org/ONLINE/UG/regprops.html>

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

RN 55-03-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984

CN L-Tyrosine, O-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodophenyl)-3,5-diiodo-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER CA INDEX NAMES:

CN Thyroxine, monosodium salt, L- (8CI)

OTHER NAMES:

CN Berlthyrox

CN Dathroid

CN Droxine

CN Eferox

CN Elthyron

CN Elthyroxine

CN Eltroxin

CN Euthyrox

CN Eutirox

CN L-Thyroxin Henning

CN L-Thyroxine monosodium salt

CN L-Thyroxine sodium

CN L-Thyroxine sodium salt

CN Laevoxin

CN Letrox

CN Letter

CN Levaxin

CN Levo-T

CN Levoroxine

CN Levothroid

CN Levothyrox

CN Levothyroxine sodium

CN Levotirox

CN Levotiroxina  
 CN Levoxyl  
 CN Monosodium thyroxine  
 CN NSC 259940  
 CN Oroxine  
 CN Puran T 4  
 CN Sodium L-thyroxine  
 CN Sodium levothyroxine  
 CN Sodium thyroxin  
 CN Sodium thyroxinate  
 CN Sodium thyroxine  
 CN Synthroid  
 CN Synthroid sodium  
 CN Synthrox  
 CN T 4KP  
 CN Thevier  
 CN Throxinique  
 CN Thyradin  
 CN Thyradin S  
 CN Thyrax Duotab  
 CN Thyrex  
 CN Thyro 4  
 CN Thyrosit  
 CN Thyroxevan  
 CN Thyroxine sodium  
 CN Thyroxine sodium salt

ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT - Use FCN, FIDE, or ALL for  
DISPLAY

FS STEREOSEARCH

DR 50809-32-0, 67809-22-7

MF C15 H11 I4 N O4 . Na

CI COM

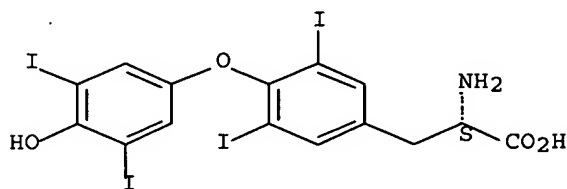
LC STN Files: ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, AQUIRE, BEILSTEIN\*, BIOSIS,  
 BIOTECHNO, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMLIST, CIN,  
 CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, IMSCOSEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK\*, MSDS-OHS,  
 PIRA, PROMT, PS, RTECS\*, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU  
 (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

Other Sources: EINECS\*\*, NDSL\*\*, TSCA\*\*, WHO

(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

CRN (51-48-9)

Absolute stereochemistry.



● Na

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

488 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

488 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

2 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

## INVENTOR SEARCH

=> fil capl; d que 17; fil medl; d que 118; fil embase; d que 135; fil drugu; d que 138; fil wpix; d que 152; fil ipa; d que 165  
 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 23 Feb 2007 VOL 146 ISS 10  
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Feb 2007 (20070222/ED)

Effective October 17, 2005, revised CAS Information Use Policies apply. They are available for your review at:

<http://www.cas.org/infopolicy.html>  
 'OBI' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'CAPLUS' FILE

L2 13 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU  
 L3 2 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
 L5 1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN  
 L6 488 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON L5  
 L7 2 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON (L2 OR L3) AND L6

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Feb 2007 (20070222/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

All regular MEDLINE updates from November 15 to December 16 have been added to MEDLINE, along with 2007 Medical Subject Headings (MeSH(R)) and 2007 tree numbers.

The annual reload will be available in early 2007.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L16 3 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU  
 L17 0 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
 L18 3 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON (L16 OR L17)

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007

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FILE COVERS 1974 TO 23 Feb 2007 (20070223/ED)

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default) and biweekly.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

```
L24          7 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  SCHREDER S?/AU
L25          0 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  NISCHWITZ M?/AU
L35          7 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  (L24 OR L25)
```

FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 FEB 2007 <20070223/UP>  
>>> DERWENT DRUG FILE (SUBSCRIBER) <<<

>>> FILE COVERS 1983 TO DATE <<<  
>>> THESAURUS AVAILABLE IN /CT <<<

```
L36          3 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON  SCHREDER S?/AU
L37          0 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON  NISCHWITZ M?/AU
L38          3 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON  (L36 OR L37)
```

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:39:54 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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FILE LAST UPDATED: 19 FEB 2007 <20070219/UP>  
MOST RECENT THOMSON SCIENTIFIC UPDATE: 200712 <200712/DW>  
DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX SUBSCRIBER FILE, COVERS 1963 TO DATE

>>> YOU ARE IN THE NEW AND ENHANCED DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX <<<

>>> IPC Reform reclassification data for the backfile is being loaded into the database during January 2007.  
There will not be any update date (UP) written for the reclassified documents, but they can be identified by 20060101/UPIC. <<<

FOR A COPY OF THE DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX STN USER GUIDE, PLEASE VISIT:  
[http://www.stn-international.de/training\\_center/patents/stn\\_guide.pdf](http://www.stn-international.de/training_center/patents/stn_guide.pdf)

FOR DETAILS OF THE PATENTS COVERED IN CURRENT UPDATES, SEE  
<http://scientific.thomson.com/support/patents/coverage/latestupdates/>

PLEASE BE AWARE OF THE NEW IPC REFORM IN 2006, SEE  
[http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/ipc\\_reform.html](http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/ipc_reform.html) and  
<http://scientific.thomson.com/media/scpdf/ipcrdwpi.pdf>



>>> FOR DETAILS ON THE NEW AND ENHANCED DERWENT WORLD PATENTS INDEX  
PLEASE SEE

[http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi\\_r.html](http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi_r.html) <<<

>>> New and revised Manual Codes went live in Derwent World Patents Index  
To view the lists of new, revised and retired codes for both CPI and  
EPI, please go to:

<http://scientific.thomson.com/dwpi-manualcoderevision> <<<

'BI ABEX' IS DEFAULT SEARCH FIELD FOR 'WPIX' FILE

```
L43      7 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  SCHREDER S?/AU
L44      2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  NISCHWITZ M?/AU
L45      72 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  (LEVOTHYROXINE/BI,ABEX OR (LEVO/BI,ABEX
OR L/BI,ABEX) (W) THYROXINE/BI,ABEX) (1A) (MONOSODIUM/BI,ABEX OR
NA/BI,ABEX OR SODIUM/BI,ABEX) OR NSC259940/BI,ABEX OR NSC
259940/BI,ABEX
L46      802 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  LEVOTHYROXIN#/BI,ABEX OR THYROXIN#/BI,ABE
X
L47      2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  ("LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN OR LEVOTHYROXI
NE-SODIUM/CN)
L48      540 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  L47/DCR
L49      540 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  (R11AM/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR R00050/DRN,DCN,DC
RE OR R04769/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 0050/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 108879-0-0-0/
DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 108879-2-0-0/DRN,DCN,DCRE)
L50      1021 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  (L49 OR L48 OR L46 OR L45)
L52      2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON  (L43 AND L44) OR ((L43 OR L44) AND L50)
```

FILE 'IPA' ENTERED AT 12:39:55 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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FILE COVERS 1970 TO 15 FEB 2007 (20070215/ED)

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substance identification.

```
L63      2 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON  SCHREDER S?/AU
L64      0 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON  NISCHWITZ M?/AU
L65      2 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON  (L63 OR L64)
```

=> fil agricola pascal biotechno esbio lifesci drugb biosis vetu toxcenter anabstr  
scisearch;d que l77

FILE 'AGRICOLA' ENTERED AT 12:40:06 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'PASCAL' ENTERED AT 12:40:06 ON 23 FEB 2007

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L5                   1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN  
L73                  13 SEA SCHREDER S?/AU  
L74                  2 SEA NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
L75                  94695 SEA (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC 259940 OR  
                    L5)  
L77                  2 SEA (L73 AND L74) OR ((L73 OR L74) AND L75)

=> dup rem 118,138,17,165,152,135,177  
FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:40:26 ON 23 FEB 2007

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L18  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L38  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L65  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L52  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L35  
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L77

L81                  12 DUP REM L18 L38 L7 L65 L52 L35 L77 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-3' FROM FILE MEDLINE  
 ANSWER '4' FROM FILE DRUGU  
 ANSWERS '5-6' FROM FILE CAPLUS  
 ANSWERS '7-10' FROM FILE EMBASE  
 ANSWERS '11-12' FROM FILE BIOSIS

=> diall 1-4; d ibib ed abs hitind 5-6; d iall 7-12

*inventors*

L81 ANSWER 1 OF 12 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 1  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006142176 MEDLINE Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 16246538  
 TITLE: Development of an in vitro/in vivo correlation for lipid  
 formulations of EMD 50733, a poorly soluble, lipophilic  
 drug substance.  
 AUTHOR: Schamp Karen; Schreder Sven-Alexander; Dressman  
 Jennifer  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Merck KGaA, Darmstadt, Germany.  
 SOURCE: European journal of pharmaceuticals and biopharmaceutics :  
 official journal of Arbeitsgemeinschaft fur Pharmazeutische  
 Verfahrenstechnik e.V, (2006 Apr) Vol. 62, No. 3, pp.  
 227-34. Electronic Publication: 2005-10-24.  
 Journal code: 9109778. ISSN: 0939-6411.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 200605  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 14 Mar 2006  
 Last Updated on STN: 31 May 2006  
 Entered Medline: 30 May 2006

# ABSTRACT:

PURPOSE: To develop lipid semisolid formulations of EMD 50733, a poorly  
 soluble, neutral drug candidate and to develop an in vitro-in vivo correlation  
 for these formulations using the dog as the in vivo model. METHODS: The model  
 drug, EMD 50733, (with BCS Class II properties) was dissolved in molten  
 lipid/surfactant mixtures and the melt was filled into hard capsules and  
 allowed to re-solidify at room temperature. The dissolution profiles in  
 bio-relevant dissolution media and the bioavailability in dogs were measured  
 and compared to that of a standard formulation consisting of a lactose/drug  
 mixture. RESULTS: The best results with respect to dissolution, stability upon  
 storage and bioavailability were obtained with a formulation that contained a  
 commercially available lipid mixture (Gelucire 44/14) and a solubilizing agent  
 (2-vinylpyrrolidone). With this formulation it was possible to dissolve a  
 typical drug dose in a fill volume suitable for a #0 capsule. Additionally,  
 surface tension measurements showed that the formulation formed micelles during  
 dissolution in aqueous media: the molecular dispersion of the drug in this  
 self-micelle forming system is postulated to protect the drug from  
 precipitation in vivo as well as in vitro. For other formulations tested,  
 neither the in vitro nor the in vivo performance indicated sufficient drug  
 solubilizing properties. CONCLUSION: To achieve adequate and reliable  
 dissolution of poorly soluble drugs in vivo, lipid excipients should not only  
 have appropriate solubilizing properties for the drug in the formulation, but  
 should also assist in maintaining drug in solution during release in the GI  
 tract.

CONTROLLED TERM: Animals  
 Biological Availability  
 Capsules  
 Chemistry, Pharmaceutical  
 Chromatography, High Pressure Liquid  
 Dogs

Drug Carriers  
 Drug Stability  
 Drug Storage  
 Injections, Intravenous  
 Lactose  
 \*Lipids: CH, chemistry  
 Liposomes  
 Polyethylene Glycols  
 Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't  
 Solubility  
 Surface Tension  
 Vitamin E

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 121548-04-7 (gelucire 44-14); 1406-18-4 (Vitamin E);  
 63-42-3 (Lactose)  
 CHEMICAL NAME: 0 (Capsules); 0 (Drug Carriers); 0 (Lipids); 0 (Liposomes);  
 0 (Polyethylene Glycols)

L81 ANSWER 2 OF 12 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 2  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004305518 MEDLINE Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 15207542  
 TITLE: Degradation of raw or film-incorporated beta-cyclodextrin  
 by enzymes and colonic bacteria.  
 AUTHOR: Fetzner Axel; Bohm Stefan; Schreder Sven;  
 Schubert Rolf  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Merck KGaA, Department of Pharmaceutical Development,  
 Darmstadt, Germany.  
 SOURCE: European journal of pharmaceutics and biopharmaceutics :  
 official journal of Arbeitsgemeinschaft fur Pharmazeutische  
 Verfahrenstechnik e.V, (2004 Jul) Vol. 58, No. 1, pp. 91-7.  
 Journal code: 9109778. ISSN: 0939-6411.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: Netherlands  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH: 200501  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Jun 2004  
 Last Updated on STN: 19 Jan 2005  
 Entered Medline: 18 Jan 2005

# ABSTRACT:

beta-cyclodextrin (beta-CD) is a suitable excipient for peroral use, which improves the solubility of lipophilic drugs, as well as for colon-specific drug release when it is mixed with coating polymers. The first aim of this work was to examine the suitability of various enzymes as a simple in vitro model for the glycolytic activity in the human colon. alpha-Amylase (source *Aspergillus oryzae*) and taka diastase (source *A. oryzae*) showed remarkable degradation capacity of free beta-CD, whereas other alpha-amylases (sources *Bacillus subtilis* or Hog pancreas) were found to be unsuitable. The next aim was to find out if film-incorporated beta-CD is also degraded by these enzymes. Therefore, diffusion studies of 5-aminosalicylic acid (5-ASA) through Eudragit RS or Eudragit NE films containing beta-CD were performed with taka diastase present in the buffer medium. Pronounced diffusion of the drug through the Eudragit RS film was found only when swelling excipients like crosslinked sodium carboxymethylcellulose (CMC-CL sodium) or polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP 25) were present in the film, indicating enhanced accessibility of beta-CD by the enzyme. Films containing CMC-CL without beta-CD showed even higher permeability, which also points to enzymatic degradation of CMC-CL. Permeabilization by taka diastase of Eudragit NE films without swelling agents correlated with the beta-CD content, whereas control films containing talcum remained impermeable upon enzyme action. Furthermore, the beta-CD degradation capacity of colonic bacteria like *Escherichia fergusonii*, *Serratia odorifera* or

*Proteus mirabilis* was examined with beta-CD coatings on tablets, which contained bisoprolol as a model drug. Tablets with beta-CD-containing Eudragit RS coatings showed the highest drug release upon incubation with *P. mirabilis*. The moderate drug release by *E. fergusonii* could be increased almost to the same level when the bacteria were pre-incubated for 24 h in medium containing 2.5 mg/ml beta-CD, indicating the induction of glycolytic enzymes by beta-CD in this colonic bacteria strain.

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CONTROLLED TERM: Acrylic Resins: ME, metabolism  
Animals  
\*Colon: EN, enzymology  
\*Colon: MI, microbiology  
Diffusion  
\*Drug Carriers: ME, metabolism  
Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't  
Swine  
\*beta-Cyclodextrins: ME, metabolism  
CAS REGISTRY NO.: 33434-24-1 (Eudragit RS); 7585-39-9 (betadex)  
CHEMICAL NAME: 0 (Acrylic Resins); 0 (Drug Carriers); 0  
(beta-Cyclodextrins)

L81 ANSWER 3 OF 12 MEDLINE on STN DUPLICATE 5  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 97418184 MEDLINE Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 9340022  
TITLE: [Virtual endoscopy with post-processing helical CT data sets].  
Virtuelle Endoskopie mittels Postprocessing helikaler CT-Datensätze.  
AUTHOR: Dessl A; Giacomuzzi S M; Springer P; Stoeger A; Pototschnig C; Volklein C; Schreder S G; Jaschke W  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ.-Klinik für Radiologie, Innsbruck.  
SOURCE: Aktuelle Radiologie, (1997 Jul) Vol. 7, No. 4, pp. 216-21.  
Journal code: 9102962. ISSN: 0939-267X.  
PUB. COUNTRY: GERMANY: Germany, Federal Republic of  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: German  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199710  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 5 Nov 1997  
Last Updated on STN: 3 Mar 2000  
Entered Medline: 23 Oct 1997

#### ABSTRACT:

**PURPOSE:** The purpose of this work was to test a newly developed, post-processing software for virtual CT endoscopic methods. Virtual endoscopic images were generated from helical CT data sets in the region of the shoulder joint (n = 2), the tracheobronchial system (n = 3), the nasal sinuses (n = 2), the colon (n = 2), and the common carotid artery n = 1). Software developed specifically for virtual endoscopy ("Navigator") was used which, after a previous threshold value selection, makes the reconstruction of internal body surfaces possible by an automatic segmentation process. We have evaluated the usage of the software, the reconstruction time for individual images and sequences of images as well as the quality of the reconstruction. All pathological findings of the virtual endoscopy were confirmed by surgery.  
**RESULTS:** The post-processing program is easy to use and provides virtual endoscopic images within 50 seconds. Depending of the extent of the data set, virtual tracheobronchoscopy as a cine loop sequence required about 15 minutes. Through use of the threshold value-dependent surface reconstruction the demands on the computer configuration are limited; however, this also created quality problems in image calculation as a consequence of the accompanying loss of data.  
**CONCLUSIONS:** The Navigator software enables the calculation of virtual

endoscopic models with only moderate demands on the hardware.

CONTROLLED TERM: Artifacts  
 Bronchography  
 Carotid Artery, Common: RA, radiography  
 Colon: RA, radiography  
 \*Endoscopes  
 English Abstract  
 Humans  
 \*Image Processing, Computer-Assisted: IS, instrumentation  
 Paranasal Sinuses: RA, radiography  
 Sensitivity and Specificity  
 Shoulder Joint: RA, radiography  
 Software  
 \*Tomography, X-Ray Computed: IS, instrumentation  
 Trachea: RA, radiography

L81 ANSWER 4 OF 12 DRUGU COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994-28247 DRUGU G Full-text  
 TITLE: Surfactants used for polyacrylate-synthesis are decisive for  
 drug release from thin films.  
 AUTHOR: Schreder S; Lee G  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ.Heidelberg  
 LOCATION: Heidelberg, Germany,West  
 SOURCE: Eur.J.Pharm.Biopharm. (40, Suppl., 13S, 1994) 1 Ref.  
 AVAIL. OF DOC.: Institute for Pharmaceutical Technology and Biopharmaceutics,  
 Heidelberg University, INF 366, D-69120 Heidelberg, Germany.  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

ABSTRACT:

Effects of different surfactants from the AntaroX CO series used for synthesis of Eudragit NE30D on the release of the model drug, diazepam, from thin films were evaluated. Hydrophilic surfactants that have a high molecular weight were released slowly, while swelling was strongly influenced by their presence. Nevertheless, the rate of release of the lipophilic diazepam was only slightly increased. Lipophilic surfactants with a lower molecular weight were released in higher amounts and reached concentrations up to the CMC level. Drug liberation was much higher than that which could be explained by solubilization of the poorly water soluble diazepam. (congress abstract).

SECTION HEADING: G Galenics

CLASSIF. CODE: 29 Pharmaceutics  
 32 Psychotropic

CONTROLLED TERM: RELEASE \*FT; RATE \*FT; SWELLING \*FT; SOLUBILIZATION \*FT;  
 WETTABILITY \*FT; FILM \*FT  
 [01] DIAZEPAM \*OC; DIAZEPAM \*RN; LIPOPHILIC \*FT; SEDATIVES \*FT;  
 RELAXANTS \*FT; PSYCHOSEDATIVES \*FT; TRANQUILIZERS \*FT;  
 BENZODIAZEPINE-AGONISTS \*FT; OC \*FT

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 439-14-5  
 [02] EUDRAGIT-NE-30D \*OC; EUDRNE30D \*RN; OC \*FT  
 [03] SURFACTANT \*FT; MOL. \*FT; WEIGHT \*FT; POLYMER \*FT;  
 PHENOL-ETHER \*FT; ETHER \*FT; ALCOHOL \*FT; OC \*FT

FIELD AVAIL.: AB; LA; CT; MPC  
 FILE SEGMENT: Literature

L81 ANSWER 5 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:31518 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:83666  
 TITLE: Stabilized L-thyroxine preparation  
 INVENTOR(S): Schreder, Sven; Nischwitz, Marion  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany  
 SOURCE: Ger. Offen., 6 pp.  
 CODEN: GWXXBX  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| DE 19830246   | A1   | 20000113 | DE 1998-19830246 | 19980707   |
| CA 2336748  | A1   | 20000120 | CA 1999-2336748  | 19990629   |
| WO 2000002586   | A1   | 20000120 | WO 1999-EP4485   | 19990629   |
| W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,<br>DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP,<br>KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN,<br>MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM,<br>TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW<br>RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,<br>ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,<br>CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                  |            |
| AU 9947793  | A    | 20000201 | AU 1999-47793    | 19990629   |
| AU 751575   | B2   | 20020822 |                  |            |
| BR 9911884  | A    | 20010327 | BR 1999-11884    | 19990629   |
| EP 1094841  | A1   | 20010502 | EP 1999-931209   | 19990629   |
| EP 1094841  | B1   | 20040818 |                  |            |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE,<br>SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  |      |          |                  |            |
| HU 200104985  | A2   | 20020429 | HU 2001-4985     | 19990629   |
| JP 2002520296   | T    | 20020709 | JP 2000-558845   | 19990629   |
| AT 273697   | T    | 20040915 | AT 1999-931209   | 19990629   |
| CZ 296897   | B6   | 20060712 | CZ 2001-74       | 19990629   |
| NO 2001000089   | A    | 20010105 | NO 2001-89       | 20010105   |
| US 6491946  | B1   | 20021210 | US 2001-743114   | 20010105   |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  |      |          | DE 1998-19830246 | A 19980707 |
|   |      |          | WO 1999-EP4485   | W 19990629 |

ED Entered STN: 13 Jan 2000

AB A stable preparation for treatment of I deficiency goiter and prevention of goiter recurrence after resection contains L-thyroxine Na 5-400, KI 5-400 µg, microcryst. cellulose, and hydroxypropylmethylcellulose or gelatin as binder, and is free from antioxidants or other excipients. Release of L-thyroxine Na from the preparation was improved by use of this compound in micronized form (particle size 5-25 µm). Thus, an aqueous suspension of 5.25 g L-thyroxine Na was mixed with an aqueous solution of hydroxypropylmethylcellulose 175.00 and KI 6.54 g (total H<sub>2</sub>O amount 3259.00 g) and sprayed onto 4125.70 g microcryst. cellulose in a cyclone granulator. The granules were dried, sieved, mixed with croscarmellose Na 175.00 and Mg stearate 12.50 g and compressed to produce 50,000 tablets, each containing L-thyroxine Na 100 and KI 100 µg. These tablets were stable for ≥2 yr without development of a brown discoloration due to formation of I<sub>2</sub>.

IC ICM A61K033-18

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)  
 Section cross-reference(s): 2  
 IT 55-03-8, L-Thyroxine sodium 7681-11-0, Potassium iodide,  
 biological studies  
 RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological  
 study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES  
 (Uses)

(stabilized L-thyroxine preparation)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L81 ANSWER 6 OF 12 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 4  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:753040 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:356126  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical preparation containing levothyroxine  
 sodium  
 INVENTOR(S): Schreder, Sven; Nischwitz, Marion  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck Patent G.m.b.H., Germany  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE       |
|---|------|----------|------------------|------------|
| WO 9959551  | A1   | 19991125 | WO 1999-EP3087   | 19990505   |
| W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ,<br>DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS,<br>JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK,<br>MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ,<br>TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW<br>RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK,<br>ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG,<br>CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                  |            |
| DE 19821625   | C1   | 20000105 | DE 1998-19821625 | 19980515   |
| CA 2333193  | A1   | 19991125 | CA 1999-2333193  | 19990505   |
| AU 9939321  | A    | 19991206 | AU 1999-39321    | 19990505   |
| AU 742382   | B2   | 20020103 |                  |            |
| BR 9910445  | A    | 20010102 | BR 1999-10445    | 19990505   |
| EP 1077681  | A1   | 20010228 | EP 1999-922182   | 19990505   |
| EP 1077681  | B1   | 20021009 |                  |            |
| R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE,<br>SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  |      |          |                  |            |
| HU 200102125  | A2   | 20011128 | HU 2001-2125     | 19990505   |
| JP 2002515421   | T    | 20020528 | JP 2000-549216   | 19990505   |
| AT 225651   | T    | 20021015 | AT 1999-922182   | 19990505   |
| PT 1077681  | T    | 20030228 | PT 1999-922182   | 19990505   |
| ES 2184452  | T3   | 20030401 | ES 1999-922182   | 19990505   |
| RU 2225711  | C2   | 20040320 | RU 2000-131588   | 19990505   |
| SK 284155   | B6   | 20041005 | SK 2000-1689     | 19990505   |
| TW 561058   | B    | 20031111 | TW 1999-88107870 | 19990514   |
| NO 2000005758   | A    | 20001114 | NO 2000-5758     | 20001114   |
| US 6646007  | B1   | 20031111 | US 2000-700421   | 20001115   |
| IN 2000KN00621  | A    | 20050311 | IN 2000-KN621    | 20001211   |
| ZA 2000007509   | A    | 20020614 | ZA 2000-7509     | 20001214   |
| US 2004063611   | A1   | 20040401 | US 2003-661588   | 20030915   |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:  |      |          | DE 1998-19821625 | A 19980515 |
|   |      |          | WO 1999-EP3087   | W 19990505 |



US 2000-700421

A3 20001115

ED Entered STN: 26 Nov 1999

AB A pharmaceutical preparation containing micronized L-thyroxine Na, gelatin, and fillers is disclosed which is free of organic solvent residues. The preparation has improved stability and improved release of L-thyroxine in vitro. Thus, a solution of L-thyroxine Na 0.210 and gelatin 10.00 in H2O 56.66 kg was sprayed into a mixture of lactose monohydrate 131.80 and corn starch 50.00 kg in a fluidized bed granulator at 40-50°, and the granules were dried, sieved, mixed with croscarmellose Na 7.00 and Mg stearate 1.00, and compressed into tablets each containing 100 µg L-thyroxine.

IC ICM A61K009-20

ICS A61K031-195

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT 55-03-8, L-Thyroxine sodium 55-06-1, Liothyronine sodium

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical preparation containing levothyroxine sodium)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L81 ANSWER 7 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 97241074 EMBASE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1997241074

TITLE: Recrystallization - Horror for shelf life specification?.

AUTHOR: Schreder S.; Schaffler A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: S. Schreder, MERCK KGaA, Pharmaceutical Development, 64271 Darmstadt, Germany

SOURCE: Proceedings of the Controlled Release Society, (1997) No. 24, pp. 453-454. .

Refs: 6

ISSN: 1022-0178 CODEN: 58GMAH

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT: 030 Pharmacology  
037 Drug Literature Index  
039 Pharmacy

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 4 Sep 1997

Last Updated on STN: 4 Sep 1997

CONTROLLED TERM: Medical Descriptors:

\*crystallization  
conference paper  
controlled study  
drug delivery system  
drug quality  
drug solubility  
drug stability  
physical chemistry  
shelf life  
temperature

Drug Descriptors:

\*eudragit: PR, pharmaceuticals  
aerosil  
clonidine: PR, pharmaceuticals  
surfactant

CAS REGISTRY NO.: (eudragit) 24938-16-7, 51822-44-7, 9065-11-6; (clonidine)  
4205-90-7, 4205-91-8, 57066-25-8

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ACCESSION NUMBER: 96272085 EMBASE Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1996272085  
TITLE: Water - A plastizicer for polymers?.  
AUTHOR: Schreder S.; Lee G.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Merck KGaA, Pharmaceutical Development, 64271 Darmstadt,  
Germany  
SOURCE: Proceedings of the Controlled Release Society, (1996) No.  
23, pp. 727-728. .  
ISSN: 1022-0178 CODEN: 58GMAH  
COUNTRY: United States  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article  
FILE SEGMENT: 030 Pharmacology  
LANGUAGE: English  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 12 Nov 1996  
Last Updated on STN: 12 Nov 1996  
CONTROLLED TERM: Medical Descriptors:  
\*drug release  
biodegradation  
conference paper  
temperature  
water absorption  
Drug Descriptors:  
\*plasticizer  
\*polymer  
\*water  
eudragit  
octoxinol  
surfactant  
CAS REGISTRY NO.: (water) 7732-18-5; (eudragit) 24938-16-7, 51822-44-7,  
9065-11-6; (octoxinol) 9002-93-1

L81 ANSWER 9 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights  
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 95274652 EMBASE Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1995274652  
TITLE: Plastifying effect of surfactants - Decisive for drug  
release.  
AUTHOR: Schreder S.; Lee G.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. for Pharmaceutical Technology, Biopharmaceutics,  
Heidelberg University, Heidelberg, Germany  
SOURCE: Proceedings of the Controlled Release Society, (1995) No.  
22, pp. 398-399. .  
ISSN: 1022-0178 CODEN: 58GMAH  
COUNTRY: United States  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article  
FILE SEGMENT: 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical  
Instrumentation  
030 Pharmacology  
037 Drug Literature Index  
LANGUAGE: English  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 3 Oct 1995  
Last Updated on STN: 3 Oct 1995  
CONTROLLED TERM: Medical Descriptors:  
\*drug diffusion  
\*drug release

conference paper  
 hydrophilicity  
 lipophilicity  
 plasticity  
 drug delivery system  
 Drug Descriptors:  
 \*eudragit  
 \*plasticizer  
 \*surfactant  
 diazepam: PR, pharmaceuticals  
 diazepam: PK, pharmacokinetics  
 octoxinol  
 paracetamol: PR, pharmaceuticals  
 paracetamol: PK, pharmacokinetics  
 polyacrylic acid

CAS REGISTRY NO.: (eudragit) 24938-16-7, 51822-44-7, 9065-11-6; (diazepam) 439-14-5; (octoxinol) 9002-93-1; (paracetamol) 103-90-2; (polyacrylic acid) 74350-43-9, 87003-46-1, 9003-01-4, 9003-04-7

L81 ANSWER 10 OF 12 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 94367819 EMBASE Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1994367819

TITLE: The complex effects of surfactant on drug release from thin films.

AUTHOR: Schreder S.; Lee G.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Institute Pharmaceutical Technology, Biopharmaceutics, Heidelberg University, Heidelberg, Germany

SOURCE: Proceedings of the Controlled Release Society, (1994) No. 21, pp. 678-679. .  
 ISSN: 1076-0458 CODEN: 58GMAH

COUNTRY: United States

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Conference Article

FILE SEGMENT: 027 Biophysics, Bioengineering and Medical Instrumentation  
 030 Pharmacology  
 037 Drug Literature Index

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 21 Dec 1994

Last Updated on STN: 21 Dec 1994

CONTROLLED TERM: Medical Descriptors:

\*drug release  
 conference paper  
 controlled study  
 drug diffusion  
 drug solubility  
 film  
 lipophilicity  
 Drug Descriptors:  
 \*surfactant  
 diazepam: PR, pharmaceuticals  
 eudragit

CAS REGISTRY NO.: (diazepam) 439-14-5; (eudragit) 24938-16-7, 51822-44-7, 9065-11-6

L81 ANSWER 11 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:18365 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200400020978

TITLE: Process for preparing a pharmaceutical formulation containing levothyroxine sodium.

AUTHOR(S): Schreder, Sven [Inventor, Reprint Author]; Nischwitz, Marion [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Heidelberg, Germany  
ASSIGNEE: Merck Patent GmbH, Darmstadt, Germany

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6646007 20031111

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Nov 11 2003) Vol. 1276, No. 2.  
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.  
ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 24 Dec 2003  
Last Updated on STN: 24 Dec 2003

ABSTRACT: The invention relates to a pharmaceutical preparation comprising \*\*\*levothyroxine\*\*\* sodium, gelatin and fillers, which is free of organic solvent residues.

NAT. PATENT. CLASSIF.: 514567000

CONCEPT CODE: Pathology - Therapy 12512  
Pharmacology - General 22002

INDEX TERMS: Major Concepts  
Methods and Techniques; Pharmaceuticals (Pharmacology)

INDEX TERMS: Methods & Equipment  
levothyroxine sodium pharmaceutical  
formulation preparation process: laboratory techniques

L81 ANSWER 12 OF 12 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:68555 BIOSIS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: PREV200300068555

TITLE: Pharmaceutical levothyroxine preparation.

AUTHOR(S): Schreder, Sven [Inventor, Reprint Author]; Nischwitz, Marion [Inventor]

CORPORATE SOURCE: Heidelberg, Germany  
ASSIGNEE: Merck Patent Gesellschaft, Darmstadt, Germany

PATENT INFORMATION: US 6491946 20021210

SOURCE: Official Gazette of the United States Patent and Trademark Office Patents, (Dec 10 2002) Vol. 1265, No. 2.  
<http://www.uspto.gov/web/menu/patdata.html>. e-file.  
ISSN: 0098-1133 (ISSN print).

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 29 Jan 2003  
Last Updated on STN: 29 Jan 2003

ABSTRACT: The invention relates to a pharmaceutical preparation comprising \*\*\*levothyroxine\*\*\* sodium, potassium iodide, microcrystalline cellulose and binding agent, which is free of antioxidants or further auxiliaries, and processes for its production.

NAT. PATENT. CLASSIF.: 424465000

CONCEPT CODE: Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids 10064  
Biochemistry studies - Carbohydrates 10068  
Pathology - Therapy 12512  
Pharmacology - General 22002  
Pharmacology - Endocrine system 22016  
Chemotherapy - General, methods and metabolism 38502  
Chemotherapy - Antifungal agents 38508

INDEX TERMS: Major Concepts  
Pharmacology

INDEX TERMS: Chemicals & Biochemicals  
binding agent; **levothyroxine**: hormone-drug,  
pharmaceutical preparation; **levothyroxine**  
sodium: antihypothyroid-drug; microcrystalline  
cellulose; potassium iodide: antifungal-drug,  
antiinfective-drug

INDEX TERMS: Methods & Equipment  
pharmaceutical synthesis: laboratory techniques

REGISTRY NUMBER: 51-48-9 (**levothyroxine**)  
55-03-8 (**levothyroxine** sodium)  
7681-11-0 (potassium iodide)

## TEXT SEARCH

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=&gt; =&gt; fil capl; d que l12

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L6          488 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON   L5
L9          41163 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON  GELATIN#/OBI
L11         6587 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON   L9(L) (PAC OR PKT OR DMA OR THU)/RL
L12         10 SEA FILE=CAPLUS ABB=ON   L11 AND L6
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L82 8 L12 NOT L7

=&gt; fil embase; d que l34; fil drugu; d que l42

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FILE COVERS 1974 TO 23 Feb 2007 (20070223/ED)

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default) and biweekly.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

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L27         1268 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM/CT
L29         6703 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  GELATIN/CT
L32        13468 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON  GELATIN#
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L34 0 SEA FILE=EMBASE ABB=ON (L26 OR L27) AND (L29 OR L32)

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>>> THESAURUS AVAILABLE IN /CT <<<

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L39 439 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON L5  
L40 1142 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM/CT  
L41 3909 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON GELATIN#  
L42 0 SEA FILE=DRUGU ABB=ON (L39 OR L40) AND L41

=> fil wpix; d que l62

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<http://scientific.thomson.com/support/patents/coverage/latestupdates/>

PLEASE BE AWARE OF THE NEW IPC REFORM IN 2006, SEE  
[http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/ipc\\_reform.html](http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/ipc_reform.html) and  
<http://scientific.thomson.com/media/scpdf/ipcrdwpi.pdf>

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[http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi\\_r.html](http://www.stn-international.de/stndatabases/details/dwpi_r.html) <<<

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To view the lists of new, revised and retired codes for both CPI and  
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<http://scientific.thomson.com/dwpi-manualcoderevision> <<<  
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L45      72 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE/BI,ABEX OR (LEVO/BI,ABEX
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NA/BI,ABEX OR SODIUM/BI,ABEX) OR NSC259940/BI,ABEX OR NSC
259940/BI,ABEX
L46      802 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON LEVOTHYROXIN#/BI,ABEX OR THYROXIN#/BI,ABE
X
L47      2 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON ("LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN OR LEVOTHYROXI
NE-SODIUM/CN)
L48      540 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L47/DCR
L49      540 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON (RA11AM/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR R00050/DRN,DCN,DC
RE OR R04769/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 0050/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 108879-0-0-0/
DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 108879-2-0-0/DRN,DCN,DCRE)
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L51      34560 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON GELATIN#/BI,ABEX
L53      41 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L50 AND L51
L55      15426 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON ?ASSAY?/TI
L56      199868 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON MEASURING/TI
L60      14807 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON ANALYZING/TI
L61      61970 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON SIMULTANEOUS?/TI
L62      30 SEA FILE=WPIX ABB=ON L53 NOT (L55 OR L56 OR L60 OR L61)

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=> s l62 not l52

L83 28 L62 NOT L52

=> fil ipa; d que l69

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FILE COVERS 1970 TO 15 FEB 2007 (20070215/ED)

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate  
substance identification.

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L5      1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN
L66     1 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON L5
L67     798 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE) OR NSC259940
OR NSC 259940
L68     1409 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON GELATIN#
L69     0 SEA FILE=IPA ABB=ON (L66 OR L67) AND L68

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scisearch;d que l80

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FILE 'VETU' ENTERED AT 12:43:36 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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 COPYRIGHT (C) 2007 ACS

FILE 'ANABSTR' ENTERED AT 12:43:36 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:43:36 ON 23 FEB 2007  
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L5            1 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON "LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN  
 L75        94695 SEA (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC 259940 OR  
              L5)  
 L76        57422 SEA GELATIN#  
 L78        54 SEA L75 AND L76  
 L80        8 SEA L78 AND (SLAUGHTER? OR WOUND OR PHOTSENSITIVE OR PARENTERA  
              L OR PHARMACEUTICAL OR MEDICAMENTS)/TI

=> s l80 not l77

L84            7 L80 NOT L77

=> fil medl; d que l20

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:43 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE LAST UPDATED: 22 Feb 2007 (20070222/UP). FILE COVERS 1950 TO DATE.

All regular MEDLINE updates from November 15 to December 16 have been added to MEDLINE, along with 2007 Medical Subject Headings (MeSH(R)) and 2007 tree numbers.

The annual reload will be available in early 2007.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L13        28884 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON THYROXINE/CT  
 L14        5986 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON GELATIN/CT  
 L19        9914 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L13 (L) (AD OR PD OR PK OR TU)/CT  
 L20        2 SEA FILE=MEDLINE ABB=ON L19 AND L14

=> s l20 not l18

L85                    2 L20 NOT L18

=> => dup rem l85,l82,l83,l84

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT.

PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

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FILE 'TOXCENTER' ENTERED AT 12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

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FILE 'SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

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PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L85

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L82

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L83

PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L84

L86                    40 DUP REM L85 L82 L83 L84 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-2' FROM FILE MEDLINE

ANSWERS '3-10' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '11-35' FROM FILE WPIX

ANSWERS '36-39' FROM FILE TOXCENTER

ANSWER '40' FROM FILE SCISEARCH

=> d iall 1-2; d ibib ed abs hitind 3-10; d iall abeq tech hit hitstr 11-35; d iall 36-40; fil hom

L86    ANSWER 1 OF 40            MEDLINE on STN                    DUPLICATE 4  
 ACCESSION NUMBER:    95283720            MEDLINE    Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER:    PubMed ID: 7766319  
 TITLE:                Serum-free cell culture medium induces acceleration of  
                          wound healing in guinea-pigs.  
 AUTHOR:                Lindenbaum E S; Tendler M; Beach D  
 CORPORATE SOURCE:    Morphology Research Unit, Bruce Rappaport Faculty of  
                          Medicine, Technion IIT, Haifa, Israel.  
 SOURCE:                Burns : journal of the International Society for Burn  
                          Injuries, (1995 Mar) Vol. 21, No. 2, pp. 110-5.  
                          Journal code: 8913178. ISSN: 0305-4179.  
 PUB. COUNTRY:        ENGLAND: United Kingdom  
 DOCUMENT TYPE:        Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE:             English  
 FILE SEGMENT:        Priority Journals  
 ENTRY MONTH:         199506  
 ENTRY DATE:           Entered STN: 13 Jul 1995  
                          Last Updated on STN: 6 Feb 1998  
                          Entered Medline: 30 Jun 1995

# ABSTRACT:

Among the current methods employed in the treatment of wounds, a moist dressing is considered to be the optimal environment for the process of healing thereby avoiding dessication of the wound bed. This study is based on the hypothesis

that wound cell proliferation is dependent not only on moisture but also upon the composition of the moist microenvironment in the wound. That composition in turn is formed by diffusion of nutrients from the existing vascular bed in and around the wound as well as by the wound cells' cellular products. Since in wounds the impaired vascular supply causes tissue deprivation, a continuous supply of nutrients and hormones will create an optimal substrate for cellular mitogenic activity, synthesis of matrix, growth factors and cytokines leading to wound healing. Modified serum-free cell culture medium was supplemented with non-steroidal anabolic hormones: growth hormone, thyroxine and insulin, transferrin and sodium selenite. The medium was prepared in a 1 per cent alginate gel matrix. Under general anaesthesia with ketamine (Imalgene 1000, Rhone Merieux, France) four 2 x 2 cm full-thickness skin patches were surgically extirpated from the dorsum of Hartley-derived guinea-pigs. Each experimental group consisted of seven animals, i.e. 28 wounds that received the same treatment. Compositions of gelatin in saline, agarose in saline, agarose in medium and agarose in saline supplemented with the three hormones were compared to agarose in medium supplemented with the three hormones. After application of the gel (1 ml/cm<sup>2</sup>), the wounds were dressed with gauze, elastic adhesive bandage and netting. (ABSTRACT TRUNCATED AT 250 WORDS)

CONTROLLED TERM: Analysis of Variance  
 Animals  
 Cells, Cultured  
 Comparative Study  
 Culture Media, Serum-Free  
 Drug Combinations  
 Gelatin: PD, pharmacology  
 Gels  
 Growth Hormone: PD, pharmacology  
 Guinea Pigs  
 Insulin: PD, pharmacology  
 Regression Analysis  
 Research Support, Non-U.S. Gov't  
 Sepharose: PD, pharmacology  
 \*Skin: DE, drug effects  
 \*Skin: IN, injuries  
 Skin Physiology  
 Sodium Selenite: PD, pharmacology  
 Thyroxine: PD, pharmacology  
 Transferrin: PD, pharmacology  
 \*Wound Healing: DE, drug effects

CAS REGISTRY NO.: 10102-18-8 (Sodium Selenite); 11061-68-0 (Insulin);  
 11096-37-0 (Transferrin); 7488-70-2 (Thyroxine); 9000-70-8  
 (Gelatin); 9002-72-6 (Growth Hormone); 9012-36-6  
 (Sepharose)

CHEMICAL NAME: 0 (Culture Media, Serum-Free); 0 (Drug Combinations); 0  
 (Gels)

L86 ANSWER 2 OF 40 MEDLINE on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 68230826 MEDLINE Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: PubMed ID: 4296672  
 TITLE: Effect of hormones on ceruloplasmin and copper  
 concentrations in the plasma of the rat.  
 AUTHOR: Evans G W; Wiederanders R E  
 SOURCE: The American journal of physiology, (1968 May) Vol. 214,  
 No. 5, pp. 1152-4.  
 Journal code: 0370511. ISSN: 0002-9513.  
 PUB. COUNTRY: United States  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals

ENTRY MONTH: 196806  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 1 Jan 1990  
 Last Updated on STN: 3 Feb 1997  
 Entered Medline: 25 Jun 1968  
 CONTROLLED TERM: Check Tags: Female; Male  
 \*Adrenal Glands: PH, physiology  
 Adrenalectomy  
 Age Factors  
 Animals  
 Animals, Newborn  
 \*Ceruloplasmin: BL, blood  
 \*Copper: BL, blood  
 \*Corticotropin: PD, pharmacology  
 \*Cortisone: PD, pharmacology  
 Gelatin  
 Injections, Subcutaneous  
 Melanocyte-Stimulating Hormones: PD, pharmacology  
 Rats  
 \*Thyroxine: PD, pharmacology  
 CAS REGISTRY NO.: 53-06-5 (Cortisone); 7440-50-8 (Copper); 7488-70-2  
 (Thyroxine); 9000-70-8 (Gelatin); 9002-60-2  
 (Corticotropin); 9002-79-3 (Melanocyte-Stimulating  
 Hormones)  
 CHEMICAL NAME: EC 1.16.3.1 (Ceruloplasmin)

L86 ANSWER 3 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 1  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:494109 CAPLUS Full-text  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:495380  
 TITLE: Dry powder comprising levothyroxine sodium  
 administered via inhalator  
 INVENTOR(S): Tseti, Ioulia  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Uni-Pharma Kleon Tsetis Pharmaceutical Laboratories  
 S.A., Greece  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.    | KIND   | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---------------|--|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2006054120 | A1   | 20060526 | WO 2004-GR55    | 20041118 |
| W:            | AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW |          |                 |          |
| RW:           | AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM   |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2004-GR55 20041118  
 ED Entered STN: 26 May 2006

AB Dosol. of thyroid hormone using a suitable device is claimed. Composition of 100 mg of dry powder comprised levothyroxine sodium hydrate 0.233 mg (5% excess), lactose particles 91.767, and sodium starch glycolate 5 mg.

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies  
Thyroid hormones  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(dry powder comprising levothyroxine sodium administered via inhalator)

IT 55-03-8, Levothyroxine sodium 63-42-3, Lactose 557-04-0,  
Magnesium stearate 7631-86-9, Silicon dioxide, biological studies  
9003-39-8, Polyvinylpyrrolidone 9063-38-1, Sodium starch glycolate  
64044-51-5  
RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(dry powder comprising levothyroxine sodium administered via inhalator)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L86 ANSWER 4 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 2

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:1154357 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:411088

TITLE: Method for administering medicaments to subjects with swallowing difficulties and disorders

INVENTOR(S): Soltero, Richard

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Soltero, Richard, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2005099670   | A1   | 20051027 | WO 2005-US9548  | 20050324 |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW<br>RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG |      |          |                 |          |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2004-558349P P 20040331

ED Entered STN: 28 Oct 2005

AB The present invention provides a solid dosage form that facilitates swallowing comprising a hydrated polymeric gelatinous matrix, one or more active ingredients, and optionally one or more excipients. The second embodiment of the invention is a method for administering to a patient a solid dosage form that facilitates swallowing comprising a hydrated polymeric matrix, one or more active ingredients, and optionally one or more excipients without water or other fluids needed to facilitate swallowing.

IC ICM A61K009-10

ICS A61K009-20; A61K035-78; A61K047-38; A61K047-42

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(hydrated type A, hydrated type B; method for administering medicaments)

to subjects with swallowing difficulties and disorders)

IT 50-48-6, Amitriptyline 50-78-2, Acetyl salicylic acid 50-81-7, Ascorbic acid, biological studies 55-03-8, Levothyroxine sodium 58-85-5, Biotin 59-30-3, Folic acid, biological studies 68-19-9, Vitamin B12 77-19-0, Dicyclomine 83-88-5, Riboflavin, biological studies 98-92-0, Niacinamide 103-90-2, Acetaminophen 127-47-9, Vitamin A acetate 137-08-6, Calcium pantothenate 141-01-5, Ferrous fumarate 303-49-1, Clomipramine 315-30-0, Allopurinol 318-98-9, Propranolol hydrochloride 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, biological studies 532-43-4 657-24-9, Metformin 1309-48-4, Magnesium oxide, biological studies 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, biological studies 1317-38-0, Cupric oxide, biological studies 1344-00-9, Sodium aluminum silicate 1406-16-2, Vitamin D 1406-18-4, Vitamin E 7235-40-7, Beta-carotene 7439-93-2, Lithium, biological studies 7447-40-7, Potassium chloride, biological studies 7631-95-0, Sodium molybdate 7681-11-0, Potassium iodide, biological studies 7772-99-8, Stannous chloride, biological studies 7786-81-4, Nickelous sulfate 8059-24-3, Vitamin B6 9000-69-5, Pectin 9002-18-0, Agar 9004-61-9, Hyaluronic acid 9004-64-2, Hydroxypropyl cellulose. 10025-73-7, Chromium chloride (CrCl3) 11104-38-4, Vitamin K1 13410-01-0, Sodium selenate 13718-26-8, Sodium metavanadate 15687-27-1, Ibuprofen 21829-25-4, Nifedipine 25322-68-3, Polyethylene oxide. 28981-97-7, Alprazolam 29122-68-7, Atenolol 36894-69-6, Labetalol 37353-59-6, Hydroxymethyl cellulose. 42399-41-7, Diltiazem 62571-86-2, Captopril

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(method for administering medicaments to subjects with swallowing difficulties and disorders)

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L86 ANSWER 5 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN DUPLICATE 3

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:51198 CAPLUS Full-text  
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:107522  
TITLE: Thyroid hormone solid dosage forms  
INVENTOR(S): Murari, Ramaswamy; Chrai, Suggy S.  
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Delsys Pharmaceutical Corporation, USA  
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 17 pp.  
CODEN: PIXXD2  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
LANGUAGE: English  
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2002003914   | A2   | 20020117 | WO 2001-US21422 | 20010706 |
| WO 2002003914   | A3   | 20020606 |                 |          |
| W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW |      |          |                 |          |
| RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  |      |          |                 |          |
| CA 2415080  | A1   | 20020117 | CA 2001-2415080 | 20010706 |
| AU 2001071875   | A5   | 20020121 | AU 2001-71875   | 20010706 |
| US 2002077364   | A1   | 20020620 | US 2001-900094  | 20010706 |
| EP 1296666  | A2   | 20030402 | EP 2001-950930  | 20010706 |

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

HU 200301416 A2 20030929 HU 2003-1416 20010706  
JP 2004502708 T 20040129 JP 2002-508371 20010706

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-216275P P 20000706  
WO 2001-US21422 W 20010706

ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2002

AB A method is disclosed for formulating a solid dosage of thyroid hormone, while avoiding instability caused by interaction of the active ingredient with excipients. The thyroid hormone may be levothyroxine sodium or triiodothyronine. The method comprises depositing the active ingredient, preferably electrostatically, as a dry powder substantially free of excipients, onto a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer substrate. Levothyroxine Na was deposited onto a polymer film formulated with HPMC and hydroxypropyl cellulose with PEG 400.

IC ICM A61K

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Acrylic polymers, biological studies

Gelatins, biological studies

Polysaccharides, biological studies

RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(thyroid hormone solid dosage forms)

IT 55-03-8, Levothyroxine sodium 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(thyroid hormone solid dosage forms)

L86 ANSWER 6 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:904666 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:278358

TITLE: Medicine composition containing thyroid hormone for oral administration

INVENTOR(S): Garawane, Albit; Migeori, Moriqao; Dematino, Alexander; Achnagria, Angel Mateor

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A'Ertegon Company, Switz.

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 26pp.  
CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|----------|------------------|----------|
| -----                  | ---- | -----    | -----            | -----    |
| CN 1820783             | A    | 20060823 | CN 2005-10007407 | 20050217 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | CN 2005-10007407 | 20050217 |

ED Entered STN: 05 Sep 2006

AB The title medicine composition comprises thyroid hormone or salts of thyroid hormone, and gelatin (preferable). This medicine composition has a form of uniform soft gel matrix that can be swallowed, so this medicine composition is safe and stable for oral administration.

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(medicine composition containing thyroid hormone for oral administration)

IT 51-48-9, Levothyroxine, biological studies 55-03-8,

Levothyroxine sodium 55-06-1 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(medicine composition containing thyroid hormone for oral administration)

L86 ANSWER 7 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:904667 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:278359

TITLE: Manufacture of oral thyroid hormone soft gel for treating thyroid dysfunction

INVENTOR(S): Dematino, Alexander; Achnagria, Angel Mateor; Garawane, Albit; Migeori, Moriqao

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): A'Ertegong Company, Switz.

SOURCE: Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 73pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO.  | DATE     |
|------------------------|------|----------|------------------|----------|
| CN 1820782             | A    | 20060823 | CN 2005-10007403 | 20050217 |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | CN 2005-10007403 | 20050217 |

ED Entered STN: 05 Sep 2006

AB The title oral thyroid hormone soft gel contains (by weight%) thyroid hormone (T3 and/or T4, or their salts) 0.001-1, gelatin 30-68 (produced from cattle, pig or fish), glycerol 31-60, and water 1-10 (all calculated by dry weight). The soft gel has a shape and size of tablet or capsule. The agent can be used for treating thyroid dysfunction, and has the advantages of high safety and stability.

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of oral thyroid hormone soft gel for treating thyroid dysfunction)

IT 51-48-9, Levothyroxine, biological studies 55-03-8,

Levothyroxine sodium 6893-02-3, Triiodothyronine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); PRP

(Properties); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(manufacture of oral thyroid hormone soft gel for treating thyroid dysfunction)

L86 ANSWER 8 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:201474 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:226748

TITLE: Pharmaceutical formulations for thyroid hormones

INVENTOR(S): Garavani, Alberto; Marchiorri, Maurizio; Di Martino, Alessandro; Mateo Echanagorria, Angel

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Altergon S.A., Switz.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 12 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO. | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|------------|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 1291021 | A2   | 20030312 | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| EP 1291021 | A3   | 20030416 |                 |          |
| EP 1291021 | B1   | 20051214 |                 |          |



R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK

|               |    |          |                 |          |
|---------------|----|----------|-----------------|----------|
| CA 2392545    | A1 | 20030102 | CA 2002-2392545 | 20020628 |
| US 2003050344 | A1 | 20030313 | US 2002-188467  | 20020702 |
| JP 2003081870 | A  | 20030319 | JP 2002-193024  | 20020702 |
| AT 312621     | T  | 20051215 | AT 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| ES 2254559    | T3 | 20060616 | ES 2002-2014594 | 20020702 |
| KR 2006087618 | A  | 20060803 | KR 2005-8307    | 20050129 |
| KR 2006087619 | A  | 20060803 | KR 2005-8308    | 20050129 |

## PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

IT 2001-MI1401 A 20010702

ED Entered STN: 14 Mar 2003

AB The present invention provides for pharmaceutical formulations based on thyroid hormones enabling a stable oral administration in the framework of the strict therapeutic index prescribed in the case of thyroid disorders. Thus, a capsule formulation contained T3 Na 0.001-1, glycerol 5-30, EtOH 1-15, PEG-400 20-90, gelatin 3-40, water 1-10, and 85% solution of sorbitol/sorbitan 0.5-30%.

IC ICM A61K038-24

ICS A61K009-48

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

Thyroid hormones

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
(pharmaceutical formulations for thyroid hormones)

IT 51-48-9, T4, biological studies 55-03-8 55-06-1 56-81-5,  
Glycerol, biological studies 57-55-6, Propylene glycol, biological  
studies 64-17-5, Ethanol, biological studies 6893-02-3, T3  
9004-65-3, Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose 9004-67-5, Methyl cellulose  
9005-35-0, Calcium alginate 9005-64-5, Polysorbate 20 9005-65-6, Tween  
80 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 31692-85-0, Glycofurol

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(pharmaceutical formulations for thyroid hormones)

L86 ANSWER 9 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:51244 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:123634

TITLE: Method for formulating health products with enhanced  
stability

INVENTOR(S): Murari, Ramaswamy; Katdare, Ashok; Chrai, Suggy S.;  
Harmon, Troy M.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Delsys Pharmaceutical Corporation, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.  | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE     |
|---|------|----------|-----------------|----------|
| -----   | ---- | -----    | -----           | -----    |
| WO 2002003965   | A1   | 20020117 | WO 2001-US21418 | 20010706 |
| W:  |      |          |                 |          |
| AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, |      |          |                 |          |
| CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, |      |          |                 |          |
| GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, |      |          |                 |          |
| LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, PT, |      |          |                 |          |
| RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, |      |          |                 |          |
| UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW  |      |          |                 |          |
| RW:   |      |          |                 |          |
| GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, |      |          |                 |          |
| DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, |      |          |                 |          |

BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
 CA 2415082 A1 20020117 CA 2001-2415082 20010706  
 EP 1296653 A1 20030402 EP 2001-952487 20010706  
 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,  
 IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR  
 HU 200301415 A2 20030929 HU 2003-1415 20010706  
 JP 2004502724 T 20040129 JP 2002-508420 20010706  
 US 2005013924 A1 20050120 US 2003-332255 20030814  
 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 2000-216205P P 20000706  
 WO 2001-US21418 W 20010706

ED Entered STN: 18 Jan 2002

AB A method is disclosed for formulating health products, including solid pharmaceutical compns., while avoiding instability caused by an interaction of the active ingredient with excipients. The method comprises the steps of selecting an active ingredient that loses stability or potency upon interaction with pharmaceutical excipients and depositing the active ingredient, preferably electrostatically, as a dry powder substantially free of excipients, onto a pharmaceutically acceptable polymer substrate. The compatibility of various conventional polymer films with levothyroxine sodium was evaluated. The goal was to select a suitable polymer film to maximize the stability of levothyroxine sodium for electrostatic deposition, and to develop a dosage form using selected polymer films. Five of the 8 polymer film formulations (e.g., Et cellulose and HPMC) were associated with a loss of no more than 2% of the active ingredient under stress conditions.

IC ICM A61K009-20

ICS A61K009-28; A61K009-14; B05D001-04

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Acrylic polymers, biological studies

Gelatins, biological studies

Polymers, biological studies

Polyoxyalkylenes, biological studies

Polysaccharides, biological studies

Steroids, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(formulating health products with enhanced stability)

IT 55-03-8, Levothyroxine sodium 55-63-0, Nitroglycerin 79-41-4D,  
 Methacrylic acid, esters, polymers 88-99-3D, Phthalic acid, polymers  
 6452-71-7, Oxprenolol 9000-11-7, Carboxymethyl cellulose 9000-69-5,  
 Pectin 9002-89-5, Poly(vinyl alcohol) 9003-20-7, Poly(vinyl acetate)  
 9003-39-8, PVP 9004-10-8, Insulin, biological studies 9004-38-0,  
 Cellulose acetate phthalate 9004-57-3, Ethyl cellulose 9004-62-0,  
 Hydroxyethyl cellulose 9004-64-2, Hydroxypropyl cellulose 9004-65-3,  
 HPMC 9004-67-5, Methyl cellulose 9005-25-8D, Starch, derivs.  
 9005-49-6, Heparin, biological studies 9005-65-6, Polysorbate 80  
 21829-25-4, Nifedipine 25322-68-3, Polyethylene glycol 25717-80-0,  
 Molsidomine 77518-07-1, Astra FLA 336 99614-02-5, Ondansetron  
 103577-45-3, Lansoprazole 103775-10-6, Moexipril 123948-87-8,  
 Topotecan

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(formulating health products with enhanced stability)

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS  
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L86 ANSWER 10 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:754992 CAPLUS Full-text

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:253046

TITLE: Process for preparing solid dosage forms for  
 unpalatable pharmaceuticals

INVENTOR(S): Yarwood, Richard J.; Kearney, Patrick; Thompson,  
 Andrew R.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): R.P. Scherer Technologies, Inc., UK  
 SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.  
 Ser. No. 26,561, abandoned.  
 CODEN: USXXCO  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 3  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO.             | KIND | DATE     | APPLICATION NO. | DATE        |
|------------------------|------|----------|-----------------|-------------|
| US 2002142038          | A1   | 20021003 | US 2000-551361  | 20000418    |
| US 6726928             | B2   | 20040427 |                 |             |
| US 5738875             | A    | 19980414 | US 1994-330936  | 19941028    |
| US 2004028730          | A1   | 20040212 | US 2003-635710  | 20030805    |
| PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: |      |          | US 1994-330936  | A1 19941028 |
|                        |      |          | US 1998-26561   | B2 19980220 |
|                        |      |          | US 2000-551361  | B1 20000418 |

ED Entered STN: 04 Oct 2002

AB A process for the preparation of a rapidly disintegrating dosage form a pharmaceutically active substance which has an unacceptable taste wherein there is formed a solution or a suspension in a solvent of a form of the pharmaceutically active substance which is less soluble in water and more palatable than the form with the unacceptable taste together with a water-soluble or water-dispersible carrier material. Discrete units of the suspension or solution are formed and the solvent is removed from the discrete units under conditions whereby a network of the carrier material carrying a dosage for the less soluble and more palatable form of the pharmaceutically active substance is formed. Thus, a formulation contained loperamide-HCl 12, NaHCO<sub>3</sub> 2.5, gelatin 35, mannitol 26, and water 825.5 g.

IC ICM A61K009-14

INCL 424486000

CC 63-6 (Pharmaceuticals)

IT Gelatins, biological studies

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (process for preparation of solid dosage forms for unpalatable pharmaceuticals)

IT 55-03-8, Thyroxine sodium 15307-81-0, Diclofenac Potassium  
 34552-83-5, Loperamide hydrochloride 53179-11-6, Loperamide  
 57808-66-9, Domperidone

RL: THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)  
 (process for preparation of solid dosage forms for unpalatable pharmaceuticals)

L86 ANSWER 11 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006-136071 [14] WPIX

CROSS REFERENCE: 2006-087378

DOC. NO. CPI: C2006-046773 [14]

TITLE: Hydrogel useful in delivering biologically active group, e.g. adenosine deaminase and agalsidase comprises several opening pores comprising reversible prodrug linkers for covalently linking the hydrogel with a biologically active group

DERWENT CLASS: A96; B04; B05; D16

INVENTOR: HERSEL U; RAU H; SCHNEPF R; VETTER D; WEGGE T

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (COMP-N) COMPLEX BIOSYSTEMS GMBH

COUNTRY COUNT: 109

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|----------|
| WO 2006003014 | A2   | 20060112 | (200614)* | EN | 59 | [10]     |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------------|----------|
| WO 2006003014 | A2   | WO 2005-EP7316 | 20050705 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 2005-5250 20050315  
 GB 2004-15041 20040705  
 EP 2004-19303 20040813

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0047-48 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2006003014 A2 UPAB: 20060227

NOVELTY - Hydrogel comprising several opening pores comprising reversible prodrug linkers for covalently linking the hydrogel with a biologically active group within the pore, and where such pores are of a size that they are accessible to the biologically active group between the opening and the position, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) a polymeric prodrug comprising the hydrogel, biological active group and reversible prodrug linker, where the prodrug linker covalently links to the hydrogel and biological active group, the hydrogel has several pores with openings on the surface, and the diameter of the pores is larger than the biological active group at all points of the pore between one of the openings and the position of the biological active group;

(2) producing a mesoporous hydrogel-biological active group conjugate comprises synthesizing the mesoporous hydrogel; connecting a prodrug linker to the mesoporous hydrogel; and conjugating a biologically active group to the prodrug linker; and (3) release of the biological active group comprises applying the polymeric prodrug; cleavage of the prodrug linkers; and release of the biologically active group.

ACTIVITY - CNS-Gen.; Antimicrobial; Cytostatic; Antibacterial; Fungicide; Virucide; Analgesic; Contraceptive; Antiinflammatory; Cardiovascular-Gen.; Vasotropic.

No biological data given.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Vaccine; Alpha-1-proteinase Inhibitor; Antitrypsin.

USE - In prodrug in form of medical implant (e.g. bead-shaped form) for delivering biologically active group, e.g. polypeptides consisting of ACTH (Adrenocorticotrophic hormone), adenosine deaminase and agalsidase, albumin, antitrypsins, aprotinin and asparaginases (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The hydrogel provides mesoporous hydrogel prodrugs (MHP), which provides depot formulations without the need for encapsulation. The MHP administered in the form of drug depot, which provides for a sustained release of the biologically active group over a desired period of time.

## MANUAL CODE:

CPI: A10-E01; A10-E05; A12-V01; A12-V02; B04-C01;  
 B04-C02; B04-C03B; B04-C03C; B04-C03D; B04-E06; B04-E07C;  
 B04-G01; B04-G21; B04-G22; B04-G23; B04-H01; B04-J01;  
 B04-L01; B04-N02; B04-N06; B04-N08; B10-B01B; B10-B02E;  
 B10-B02J; B12-M02G; B12-M10A4; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A04;  
 B14-C01; B14-C03; B14-F01; B14-F02; B14-H01; B14-J01;  
 B14-P01; B14-S11A; D05-H07; D05-H11; D05-H12D2;  
 D05-H12D8; D05-H17C

TECH

**PHARMACEUTICALS** - Preferred component: The biologically active group is a biopolymer, organic small molecule bioactive agent, anti-sense or interfering oligonucleotide, or anti-sense or interfering nucleic acid. The biopolymer is selected from proteins or polypeptides consisting of ACTH (Adrenocorticotrophic hormone), adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIla, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2,3,4,6, 10, 11, 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), TSH, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, or plant proteins such as lectins and ricins (preferably insulin). The organic small molecule bioactive agents consisting of central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting or cardiovascular agents with a primary or secondary amino group. The polymeric prodrug is a cascade prodrug. The prodrug linker comprises a carbamate group. The prodrug linker is attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of the hydrogel. The reversible prodrug linker comprises a masking group and an activating group (preferably carbamate bond), and have a functional group. The functional group is selected from the functional groups consisting of carboxylic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid or its derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol and disulfide groups.

**Preferred Conjugate:** In conjugate, the prodrug linker has two functional groups, a first one of the two functional groups being complementary to a functional group attached to the mesoporous hydrogel and a second one of the two functional groups being conjugable to the biologically active group. The first functional group (a1) is carboxylic acid or its derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, carbamate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid or its derivatives, phosphonic acid or its derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl and other alpha-beta unsaturated michael acceptors, arylating agents like aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides like pyridyl disulfide, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane or aziridine (preferably thiol or maleimide group). The second functional groups is selected from carboxylic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid or its derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol or disulfide groups. The biologically active group has a functional

group complimentary to the second one of the two functional groups. The functional group is selected from the functional groups consisting of thiol, carboxylic acid, amino, hydroxyl, ketone or imidazole. The hydrogel is functionalized with a functional group selected (a1). The prodrug linker is attached to a non-degradable backbone of the mesoporous hydrogel.

**Preferred Method:** The rate of the cleavage in the second step is governed by pH. The cleavage of the prodrug linker occurs substantially chemically or enzymatically. The release of the biologically active group is independent of a degradation of the biodegradable hydrogel. The hydrogel degrades into products having a molecular weight of less than 50 (preferably 30) kDa.

**POLYMERS - Preferred Compound:** The hydrogel is synthesized from polymers consisting of polyalkoxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamide) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylate) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate), poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid) or poly lysine, collagen, and gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, or their block copolymers (preferably polyacrylamide or its derivative; especially poly(ethylene glycol acrylamide) or its derivative). The hydrogel or cross-linkers of the hydrogel/mesoporous hydrogel further comprises biodegradable bonds selected from chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds (preferably enzymatically cleavable).

**PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred component:** The biologically active group is a biopolymer, organic small molecule bioactive agent, anti-sense or interfering oligonucleotide, or anti-sense or interfering nucleic acid. The biopolymer is selected from proteins or polypeptides consisting of ACTH (Adrenocorticotrophic hormone), adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, anisoyl serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIId, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2,3,4,6, 10, 11, 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator

(tPA), TSH, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, or plant proteins such as lectins and ricins (preferably insulin). The organic small molecule bioactive agents consisting of central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting or cardiovascular agents with a primary or secondary amino group. The polymeric prodrug is a cascade prodrug. The prodrug linker comprises a carbamate group. The prodrug linker is attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of the hydrogel. The reversible prodrug linker comprises a masking group and an activating group (preferably carbamate bond), and have a functional group. The functional group is selected from the functional groups consisting of carboxylic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid or its derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol and disulfide groups.

**Preferred Conjugate:** In conjugate, the prodrug linker has two functional groups, a first one of the two functional groups being complementary to a functional group attached to the mesoporous hydrogel and a second one of the two functional groups being conjugable to the biologically active group. The first functional group (a1) is carboxylic acid or its derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, carbamate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid or its derivatives, phosphonic acid or its derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl and other alpha-beta unsaturated michael acceptors, arylating agents like aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides like pyridyl disulfide, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane or aziridine (preferably thiol or maleimide group). The second functional groups is selected from carboxylic acid or its derivatives, carbonate or its derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid or its derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol or disulfide groups. The biologically active group has a functional group complimentary to the second one of the two functional groups. The functional group is selected from the functional groups consisting of thiol, carboxylic acid, amino, hydroxyl, ketone or imidazole. The hydrogel is functionalized with a functional group selected (a1). The prodrug linker is attached to a non-degradable backbone of the mesoporous hydrogel.

**Preferred Method:** The rate of the cleavage in the second step is governed by pH. The cleavage of the prodrug linker occurs substantially chemically or enzymatically. The release of the biologically active group is independent of a degradation of the biodegradable hydrogel. The hydrogel degrades into products having a molecular weight of less than 50 (preferably 30) kDa.

**POLYMERS - Preferred Compound:** The hydrogel is synthesized from polymers consisting of polyalkyloxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamide) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylate) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate), poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid) or poly lysine, collagen, and gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, or their block copolymers (preferably polyacrylamide or its derivate; especially poly(ethylene glycol acrylamide) or its derivate). The hydrogel or

cross-linkers of the hydrogel/mesoporous hydrogel further comprises biodegradable bonds selected from chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds (preferably enzymatically cleavable).

IT UPIT 20060227  
 86594-CL 86594-PRD 86594-USE; 87030-CL 87030-PRD 87030-USE; 108947-CL 108947-PRD 108947-USE; 86886-CL 86886-PRD 86886-USE; 111065-CL 111065-PRD 111065-USE; 87487-CL 87487-PRD 87487-USE; 87569-CL 87569-PRD 87569-USE; 87628-CL 87628-PRD 87628-USE; 88873-CL 88873-PRD 88873-USE; 274369-CL 274369-PRD 274369-USE; 89804-CL 89804-PRD 89804-USE; 92701-CL 92701-PRD 92701-USE; 111470-CL 111470-PRD 111470-USE; 94444-CL 94444-PRD 94444-USE; 91375-CL 91375-PRD 91375-USE; 95143-CL 95143-PRD 95143-USE; 91489-CL 91489-PRD 91489-USE; 96184-CL 96184-PRD 96184-USE; 96206-CL 96206-PRD 96206-USE; 114126-CL 114126-PRD 114126-USE; 96948-CL 96948-PRD 96948-USE; 97927-CL 97927-PRD 97927-USE; 97929-CL 97929-PRD 97929-USE; 97946-CL 97946-PRD 97946-USE; 97951-CL 97951-PRD 97951-USE; 97954-CL 97954-PRD 97954-USE; 97959-CL 97959-PRD 97959-USE; 97940-CL 97940-PRD 97940-USE; 114367-CL 114367-PRD 114367-USE; 97942-CL 97942-PRD 97942-USE; 97865-CL 97865-PRD 97865-USE; 97868-CL 97868-PRD 97868-USE; 97869-CL 97869-PRD 97869-USE; 115052-CL 115052-PRD 115052-USE; 97905-CL 97905-PRD 97905-USE; 157619-CL 157619-PRD 157619-USE; 97915-CL 97915-PRD 97915-USE; 111550-CL 111550-PRD 111550-USE; 202589-CL 202589-PRD 202589-USE; 99316-CL 99316-PRD 99316-USE; 105703-CL 105703-PRD 105703-USE; 103220-CL 103220-PRD 103220-USE; 104225-CL 104225-PRD 104225-USE; 103599-CL 103599-PRD 103599-USE; 104749-CL 104749-PRD 104749-USE; 104886-CL 104886-PRD 104886-USE; 102650-CL 102650-PRD 102650-USE; 133911-CL 133911-PRD 133911-USE; 153799-CL 153799-PRD 153799-USE; 203579-CL 203579-PRD 203579-USE; 107421-CL 107421-PRD 107421-USE; 107856-CL 107856-PRD 107856-USE; 107958-CL 107958-PRD 107958-USE; 108861-CL 108861-PRD 108861-USE; 108875-CL 108875-PRD 108875-USE; 109601-CL 109601-PRD 109601-USE; 203311-CL 203311-PRD 203311-USE; 109929-CL 109929-PRD 109929-USE; 109946-CL 109946-PRD 109946-USE; 97834-CL 97834-PRD 97834-USE; 99369-CL 99369-PRD 99369-USE; 104376-CL 104376-PRD 104376-USE; 104411-CL 104411-PRD 104411-USE; 900-CL 900-PRD 900-USE; 104472-CL 104472-PRD 104472-USE; 92818-CL 92818-PRD 92818-USE; 104328-CL 104328-PRD 104328-USE; 97115-CL 97115-PRD 97115-USE; 86923-CL 86923-PRD 86923-USE; 110651-CL 110651-PRD 110651-USE; 100074-CL 100074-PRD 100074-USE; 90114-CL 90114-PRD 90114-USE; 86730-CL 86730-PRD 86730-USE; 90356-CL 90356-PRD 90356-USE; 107779-CL 107779-PRD 107779-USE; 96860-CL 96860-PRD 96860-USE; 95972-CL 95972-PRD 95972-USE; 104492-CL 104492-PRD 104492-USE; 104486-CL 104486-PRD 104486-USE; 104380-CL 104380-PRD 104380-USE; 104379-CL 104379-PRD 104379-USE; 104369-CL 104369-PRD 104369-USE; 104421-CL 104421-PRD 104421-USE; 1062-CL 1062-PRD 1062-USE; 104427-CL 104427-PRD 104427-USE; 104413-CL 104413-PRD 104413-USE; 91481-CL 91481-PRD 91481-USE  
 M1 \*61\* A111 A960 C710 G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343 M349 M371 M391 M411 M423 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M630 M720 M782 N152 P210 P220 P241 P411 P420 P434 P446 P520 P522 P527 P528 P616 P841 P842 P843 R052 M905 M904  
 DCN: R11AM-K R11AM-M R11AM-P  
 DCR: 99369-K 99369-M 99369-P

AN.S DCR-99369

CN.P LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

CN.S 2-amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionate; Sodium

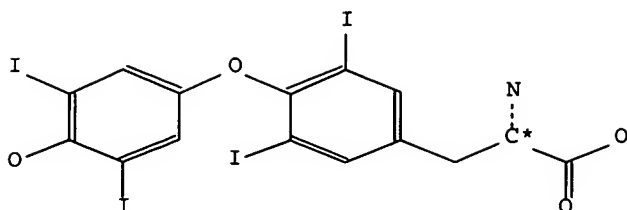
SDCN R11AM

CM 1



Na

CM 2



L86 ANSWER 12 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006-087378 [09] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2006-136071  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2006-031601 [09]  
 TITLE: Polymeric prodrug, useful for sustained release of  
 bioactive agents, comprises a hydrogel, a biologically  
 active moiety and a reversible prodrug linker  
 DERWENT CLASS: A18; A28; A96; B05; D16; D22  
 INVENTOR: HERSEL U; RAU H; SCHNEPF R; VETTER D; WEGGE T  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (HERS-I) HERSEL U; (RAUH-I) RAU H; (SCHN-I) SCHNEPF R;  
 (VETT-I) VETTER D; (WEGG-I) WEGGE T; (COMP-N) COMPLEX  
 BIOSYSTEMS GMBH  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 34

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|----------|
| US 20060002890 | A1   | 20060105 | (200609)* | EN | 35[10] |          |
| EP 1625856     | A1   | 20060215 | (200613)  | EN |        |          |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|----------------|------|----------------|----------|
| US 20060002890 | A1   | US 2004-960851 | 20041007 |
| EP 1625856     | A1   | EP 2004-19303  | 20040813 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: EP 2004-19303 20040813  
 GB 2004-15041 20040705

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0031-74 [I,C]; A61K0031-785 [I,A]; A61K0031-795 [I,A]  
 ; A61K0047-48 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

US 20060002890 A1 UPAB: 20060206

NOVELTY - Polymeric prodrug (A) comprises a hydrogel (1), a biologically  
 active moiety (2) and a reversible prodrug linker (3), where (3) covalently  
 links (1) and (2) at a position; and (1) has a plurality of pores with  
 openings on the surface of (1) and the diameter of the pores is larger than

(2) at least at all points of the pore between at least one of the openings and the position of (2).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) a hydrogel (1) having a plurality of pores with openings, where the pores comprising (3) for covalently linking (1) with (2) at a position within the pore, where such pores are of such a size that they are accessible to (2) between the opening and the position; (2) a method for the manufacture of a mesoporous hydrogel-biologically active moiety conjugate, comprising: synthesizing the mesoporous hydrogel; followed by connecting a prodrug linker to the mesoporous hydrogel; and conjugating (2) to (3), where the connecting and conjugating can be carried out in either order; and (3) a method of treatment comprising: (a) applying (A); (b) cleaving (3); and (c) releasing (2).

USE - (A) is useful for sustained release of (2).

ADVANTAGE - (A) provides sustained release of (2) over desired period of time and does not need encapsulation. The pharmacokinetics of (A) to release (2) (insulin) was assessed in vitro. The results showed that the amount of insulin released was 13.5 nmol at a half life ( $t_{1/2}$ ) of 168 hours.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A10-E01; A12-V01; B04-B04D2; B04-C01; B04-C02; B04-C03; B04-F10; B04-F11; B04-G01; B04-G21; B04-G22; B04-H01; B04-H02; B04-H04; B04-H05; B04-H06; B04-H07; B04-H08; B04-H19; B04-J01; B04-J03; B04-J04; B04-J05; B04-J10; B04-J11; B04-L02; B04-L03; B04-L05; B04-M01; B04-N01; B04-N02; B04-N04; B04-N06; B04-N08; B10-B02E; B12-M10A; D09-C

#### TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Components: (2) comprises a biopolymer and is proteins or polypeptides consisting of ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alpha-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, deoxyribonuclease (DNase), endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIIA, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a or gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, platelet derived growth factor (PDGF), pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatotropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines or plant proteins, preferably comprises insulin. (2) comprises an organic small molecule bioactive agent (central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective agents, antineoplastic agents, antibacterial agents, anti-fungal agents, analgesic agents, contraceptive agents, anti-inflammatory agents, steroidal agents, vasodilating agents, vasoconstricting agents or cardiovascular agents) or an anti-sense or interfering oligonucleotide.

(A) comprises a cascade prodrug or a carbamate group. Preferred Composition: (A) is in the form of a medical implant in a substantially bead-shaped form. Preferred Method: The rate of the cleavage is governed by pH. The cleavage of (3) occurs substantially chemically or enzymatically. The release of (2) is independent of a degradation of (1). (1) degrades into products having a molecular weight of less than 50 (preferably less than 30) kDa.

**POLYMERS** - Preferred Components: (1) is synthesized from polyalkyloxy-based polymers, dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES), carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly-(acrylamides), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates), poly-(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters), poly(lactic acid), poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids), poly(glutamic acid), polylysine, collagen, and **gelatin**, and copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, and block copolymers. (1) polyacrylamide or poly(ethylene glycol acrylamide) or its derivative. (1) further comprises biodegradable bonds (chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds) that are enzymatically cleavable. (3) is attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of (1). The crosslinkers of (1) further comprises biodegradable bonds (chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds). (3) comprises a masking group and an activating group and a carbamate bond. (3) has a functional group (carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid and derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol or disulfide groups) and are attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of (1). In the method of manufacturing the mesoporous hydrogel-biologically active moiety conjugate, (3) has two functional groups, where a first one of the two functional groups being complementary to a functional group attached to the mesoporous hydrogel and a second one of the two functional groups being conjugable to (2). The first one of the two functional groups is carboxylic acid and activated derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid and derivatives, phosphonic acid and derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl, alpha-beta unsaturated Michael acceptors, arylating agents, aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane, or aziridine; preferably thiol or maleimide. The second one of the two functional groups is carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid and derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol and disulfide groups. (2) has a moiety functional group (thiol, carboxylic acid, amino, hydroxyl, ketone or imidazole) complementary to the second one of the two functional groups. (1) is functionalized with functional groups of (3), preferably functionalized with maleimide. (3) is attached to a non-degradable backbone of the mesoporous hydrogel.

**PHARMACEUTICALS** - Preferred Components: (2) comprises a biopolymer and is proteins or polypeptides consisting of ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alpha-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, deoxyribonuclease (DNase), endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins,

erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIa, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a or gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, platelet derived growth factor (PDGF), pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatotropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines or plant proteins, preferably comprises insulin. (2) comprises an organic small molecule bioactive agent (central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective agents, antineoplastic agents, antibacterial agents, anti-fungal agents, analgesic agents, contraceptive agents, anti-inflammatory agents, steroidal agents, vasodilating agents, vasoconstricting agents or cardiovascular agents) or an anti-sense or interfering oligonucleotide. (A) comprises a cascade prodrug or a carbamate group. Preferred Composition: (A) is in the form of a medical implant in a substantially bead-shaped form. Preferred Method: The rate of the cleavage is governed by pH. The cleavage of (3) occurs substantially chemically or enzymatically. The release of (2) is independent of a degradation of (1). (1) degrades into products having a molecular weight of less than 50 (preferably less than 30) kDa.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: (1) is synthesized from polyalkyloxy-based polymers, dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES), carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly-(acrylamides), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates), poly-(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters), poly(lactic acid), poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids), poly(glutamic acid), polylysine, collagen, and gelatin, and copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, and block copolymers. (1) polyacrylamide or poly(ethylene glycol acrylamide) or its derivative. (1) further comprises biodegradable bonds (chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds) that are enzymatically cleavable. (3) is attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of (1). The crosslinkers of (1) further comprises biodegradable bonds (chemically-cleavable bonds consisting of phosphate, phosphonate, carbonate, carbamate, disulfide or ester bonds). (3) comprises a masking group and an activating group and a carbamate bond. (3) has a functional group (carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid and derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol or disulfide groups) and are attached to a non-biodegradable backbone of (1). In the method of manufacturing the mesoporous hydrogel-biologically active moiety conjugate, (3) has two functional groups, where a first one of the two functional groups being complementary to a functional group attached to

the mesoporous hydrogel and a second one of the two functional groups being conjugable to (2). The first one of the two functional groups is carboxylic acid and activated derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid and derivatives, phosphonic acid and derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl, alpha-beta unsaturated Michael acceptors, arylating agents, aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane, or aziridine; preferably thiol or maleimide. The second one of the two functional groups is carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, hydroxyl, hydrazine, hydroxylamine, maleamic acid and derivatives, ketone, amino, aldehyde, thiol and disulfide groups. (2) has a moiety functional group (thiol, carboxylic acid, amino, hydroxyl, ketone or imidazole) complimentary to the second one of the two functional groups. (1) is functionalized with functional groups of (3), preferably functionalized with maleimide. (3) is attached to a non-degradable backbone of the mesoporous hydrogel.

IT UPIT 20060206

97115-CL 97115-USE; 104328-CL 104328-USE; 92818-CL 92818-USE; 86923-CL 86923-USE; 110651-CL 110651-USE; 100074-CL 100074-USE; 184613-CL 184613-USE; 90114-CL 90114-USE; 104380-CL 104380-USE; 104486-CL 104486-USE; 104492-CL 104492-USE; 104379-CL 104379-USE; 1062-CL 1062-USE; 104376-CL 104376-USE; 91640-CL 91640-USE; 86594-CL 86594-USE; 86886-CL 86886-USE; 690047-CL 690047-USE; 111065-CL 111065-USE; 87487-CL 87487-USE; 184587-CL 184587-USE; 87569-CL 87569-USE; 135600-CL 135600-USE; 87628-CL 87628-USE; 87853-CL 87853-USE; 88873-CL 88873-USE; 274369-CL 274369-USE; 89818-CL 89818-USE; 97834-CL 97834-USE; 92701-CL 92701-USE; 91483-CL 91483-USE; 94144-CL 94144-USE; 111470-CL 111470-USE; 94189-CL 94189-USE; 94444-CL 94444-USE; 114092-CL 114092-USE; 91375-CL 91375-USE; 274041-CL 274041-USE; 91373-CL 91373-USE; 95143-CL 95143-USE; 184616-CL 184616-USE; 95649-CL 95649-USE; 91489-CL 91489-USE; 426064-CL 426064-USE; 96184-CL 96184-USE; 96206-CL 96206-USE; 114126-CL 114126-USE; 90882-CL 90882-USE; 96786-CL 96786-USE; 200757-CL 200757-USE; 96948-CL 96948-USE; 111149-CL 111149-USE; 184598-CL 184598-USE; 97927-CL 97927-USE; 97929-CL 97929-USE; 97946-CL 97946-USE; 97951-CL 97951-USE; 97954-CL 97954-USE; 97959-CL 97959-USE; 97940-CL 97940-USE; 114367-CL 114367-USE; 97942-CL 97942-USE; 626652-CL 626652-USE; 97865-CL 97865-USE; 97867-CL 97867-USE; 97869-CL 97869-USE; 115052-CL 115052-USE; 97905-CL 97905-USE; 157619-CL 157619-USE; 97915-CL 97915-USE; 111550-CL 111550-USE; 202589-CL 202589-USE; 108947-CL 108947-USE; 99316-CL 99316-USE; 89180-CL 89180-USE; 105703-CL 105703-USE; 103220-CL 103220-USE; 1021345-CL 1021345-USE; 104225-CL 104225-USE; 103599-CL 103599-USE; 172493-CL 172493-USE; 104749-CL 104749-USE; 104886-CL 104886-USE; 102650-CL 102650-USE; 133911-CL 133911-USE; 153799-CL 153799-USE; 203579-CL 203579-USE; 107436-CL 107436-USE; 107421-CL 107421-USE; 107856-CL 107856-USE; 107958-CL 107958-USE; 108831-CL 108831-USE; 108861-CL 108861-USE; 108875-CL 108875-USE; 109601-CL 109601-USE; 203311-CL 203311-USE; 109929-CL 109929-USE; 109946-CL 109946-USE; 99369-CL 99369-USE

M2 \*99\* A111 A960 C710 G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343 M349 M371 M391 M411 M424 M430 M510 M520 M532 M540 M630 M740 M782 N103 R052 M905 M904  
DCN: RA11AM-K RA11AM-M  
DCR: 99369-K 99369-M

AN.S DCR-99369

CN.P LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

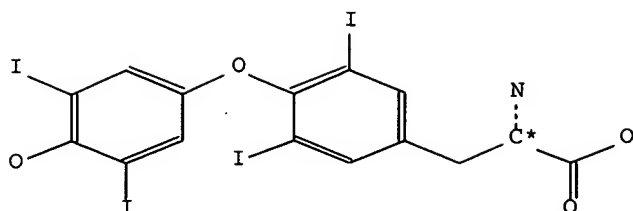
CN.S 2-amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionate; Sodium

SDCN RA11AM

CM 1

Na

CM 2



L86 ANSWER 13 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007-036301 [05] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2007-013844 [05]  
 TITLE: Polymeric prodrug, useful to alter or to eliminate undesirable properties in the parent molecule, comprises polymer attached via a permanent bond to a bicine linker  
 DERWENT CLASS: A11; A14; A28; A96; B05; B07  
 INVENTOR: HERSEL U; RAU H; VETTER D; WEGGE T  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (COMP-N) COMPLEX BIOSYSTEMS GMBH  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 113

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|----------|
| GB 2427360    | A    | 20061227 | (200705)* | EN | 65 | [10]     |
| WO 2006136586 | A2   | 20061228 | (200705)  | EN |    |          |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|---------------|------|-----------------|----------|
| GB 2427360    | A    | GB 2005-12705   | 20050622 |
| WO 2006136586 | A2   | WO 2006-EP63418 | 20060621 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 2005-12705 20050622

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0038-16 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,A]; C07K0017-00 [I,C];  
 C07K0017-06 [I,A]; C07K0017-08 [I,A]; C08G0063-00 [I,C];  
 C08G0063-91 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

GB 2427360 A UPAB: 20070119

NOVELTY - Polymeric prodrug (A) comprises at least one polymer attached via at least one permanent bond to a bicine linker, which is attached via a temporary linkage to an amine containing biologically active moiety.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for: (1) the 5 preparations of (A); (2) a method of hydrolyzing (A) comprising placing (A) in solution with a pH of approximately 7.4;

(3) a method of administration of an amine-containing moiety to a living organism comprising providing (A), administering (A) to the living organism, and cleaving the amine-containing moiety from (A) by non-enzymatic reaction; and

(4) a method of providing a useful concentration of a biologically active molecule by in vivo cleavage of the biologically active molecule from (A).

USE - (A) is useful in a transient manner to alter or to eliminate undesirable properties in the parent molecule.

ADVANTAGE - (A) has no side effects and avoids the risk of overdosing.

#### MANUAL CODE:

CPI: A10-E01; A12-V01; A12-W11L; B02-A; B02-D; B02-F; B02-I; B02-K; B02-S; B04-B03C; B04-C01; B04-C02; B04-E10; B04-G01; B04-G21; B04-G22; B04-G23; B04-H01; B04-K01; B04-L01; B04-N02; B04-N04; B04-N06; B06-H; B07-H; B08-D02; B09-D01; B10-A08; B10-A10; B10-B01B; B10-B02E; B10-B03B; B12-M10A5; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A04; B14-C01; B14-C03; B14-F01; B14-F02; B14-H01; B14-J01; B14-J02; B14-P01; B14-S15

#### TECH

BIOLOGY - Preferred Components: The biologically active moiety is biologically moieties consisting of small molecule biologically active agents or biopolymers. The biopolymers are biopolymers consisting of proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides and peptide nucleic acids. The polypeptides are polypeptides consisting of adrenocorticotrophic hormone, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin, alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor, alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (sahnon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIa, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucagon-like peptides (GLP-1), glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein, gonadotropin chorionic, hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, idumonidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2,3,4,6,10,11,12), IL-1 receptor antagonist, insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor, transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, platelet-derived growth factor, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase, prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator, thyroid stimulating hormone, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is: a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology; and the group of proteins consisting of antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins, antibodies, calcitonin, G-CSF, GM-CSF, erythropoietins, hemoglobins, interleukins, insulins, interferons, SOD, somatropin, TNF, TNF-receptor-IgC Fc and GLP-1. The small molecule biologically active agents are central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating,

vasoconstricting, cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group, and compounds of daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantrone, aminoglutethimide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, clinefloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, enoxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, spectinomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamin, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin and carbutamid.

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation (Claimed):** Preparation of (A) comprises: e.g. providing a starting molecule (I) of formula (A-C(R4)(R7)-C(=O)-D-solid phase), displacing A with a starting molecule (II) of formula ((R2-O-C(X-PG)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))NH(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)), cleaving the resulting intermediate from the solid phase and cleaving all present protecting groups to form an intermediate (III) of formula ((R2-O-C(X)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(R7)-C(=O)-D), and attaching an polymer R1 to X in the (III) to form (A); and providing starting molecule (IV) of formula (H2N-C(R4)(X-PG)-C(=O)-D-solid phase), forming an intermediate (V) of formula ((R2-O-C(R7)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(X-PG)-C(=O)-D-solid phase) by at least one substitution or reductive alkylation, cleaving (V) from the solid phase and cleaving all present protecting groups to form an intermediate (VI) of formula ((R2-O-C(R7)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(X)-C(=O)-D), and attaching an polymer R1 to X in the (III) to form (A).

**Preferred Process:** The cleaving of the amine-containing moiety from the carrier by a non-enzymatic reaction of the nucleophile-containing linker and is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis and is carried out at a pH of approximately 7.4.

**Preferred Components:** The polymeric prodrug linker reagent having alkylamino compound of formulae ((R2-O-C(R7)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(X-R1)-C(=O)-T), ((R2-O-C(R7)(R8)-C(R1-X)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(R5)-C(=O)-T) and ((R2-O-C(R1-X)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(R7)-C(=O)-T).

T = D or A;

D = amine containing biologically active moiety;

A = leaving group (preferably of chloride, bromide, fluoride, nitrophenoxy, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, N-hydroxyazobenzotriazolyl, pentafluorophenoxy, N-hydroxysulfosuccinimidyl or heteroaryl); either

R1 = polymer (preferably polyalkoxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamides) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), polyacrylates), poly(methacrylates) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate), poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid), collagen, gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, and block copolymers, hydrogel, branched or hyperbranched polymer, a dendrimer or dense star polymer, biopolymer or protein), biologically active substances or functional group (preferably thiol, maleimide, amino, carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, aldehyde, and haloacetyl) for linkage to X; and

X = R13-Y1; or

XR1 = S-succinimido, amide, carbamate, thioether and urea;



Y1 = O, S, NR6, succinimide, maleimide, unsaturated C-C bonds or heteroatom containing free electron pair or is absent;  
 R13 = cyclical alkyl, heteroalkyl or (hetero)aryls (all optionally substituted);

R2, R3 = H, acyl or OH; and

R4-R12 = cyclical alkyl, heteroalkyl, (hetero)aryls (all optionally substituted), CN, NO2, halo, COO, carboxamide, H or X-R1.

BIOLOGY - Preferred Components: The biologically active moiety is biologically moieties consisting of small molecule biologically active agents or biopolymers. The biopolymers are biopolymers consisting of proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides and peptide nucleic acids. The polypeptides are polypeptides consisting of adrenocorticotrophic hormone, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin, alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor, alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (sahnon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIIA, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucagon-like peptides (GLP-1), glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein, gonadotropin chorionic, hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, idumonidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2,3,4,6,10,11,12), IL-1 receptor antagonist, insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor, transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, platelet-derived growth factor, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase, prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatotropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator, thyroid stimulating hormone, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is: a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology; and the group of proteins consisting of antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins, antibodies, calcitonin, G-CSF, GM-CSF, erythropoietins, hemoglobins, interleukins, insulins, interferons, SOD, somatropin, TNF, TNF-receptor-IgC Fc and GLP-1. The small molecule biologically active agents are central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting, cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group, and compounds of daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantron, aminoglutethimide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, cinafloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, enoxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, spretninomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamin, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin and carbutamid.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation (Claimed): Preparation of (A) comprises: e.g. providing a starting molecule (I) of formula (A-C(R4)(R7)-C(=O)-D-solid phase), displacing A with a starting molecule (II) of formula ((R2-O-C(X-PG)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))NH(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)), cleaving the resulting intermediate from the solid phase and cleaving all present protecting groups to form an intermediate (III) of formula ((R2-O-C(X)(R8)-C(R5)(R6))N(C(R9)(R10)-C(R11)(R12)-O-R3)-C(R4)(R7)-C(=O)-

D), and attaching an polymer R1 to X in the (III) to form (A); and providing starting molecule (IV) of formula  $(H_2N-C(R_4)(X-PG)-C(=O)-D\text{-solid phase})$ , forming an intermediate (V) of formula  $((R_2-O-C(R_7)(R_8)-C(R_5)(R_6))N(C(R_9)(R_{10})-C(R_{11})(R_{12})-O-R_3)-C(R_4)(X-PG)-C(=O)-D\text{-solid phase})$  by at least one substitution or reductive alkylation, cleaving (V) from the solid phase and cleaving all present protecting groups to form an intermediate (VI) of formula  $((R_2-O-C(R_7)(R_8)-C(R_5)(R_6))N(C(R_9)(R_{10})-C(R_{11})(R_{12})-O-R_3)-C(R_4)(X)-C(=O)-D)$ , and attaching an polymer R1 to X in the (III) to form (A).

Preferred Process: The cleaving of the amine-containing moiety from the carrier by a non-enzymatic reaction of the nucleophile-containing linker and is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis and is carried out at a pH of approximately 7.4.

Preferred Components: The polymeric prodrug linker reagent having alkylamino compound of formulae  $((R_2-O-C(R_7)(R_8)-C(R_5)(R_6))N(C(R_9)(R_{10})-C(R_{11})(R_{12})-O-R_3)-C(R_4)(X-R_1)-C(=O)-T)$ ,  $((R_2-O-C(R_7)(R_8)-C(R_1-X)(R_6))N(C(R_9)(R_{10})-C(R_{11})(R_{12})-O-R_3)-C(R_4)(R_5)-C(=O)-T)$  and  $((R_2-O-C(R_1-X)(R_8)-C(R_5)(R_6))N(C(R_9)(R_{10})-C(R_{11})(R_{12})-O-R_3)-C(R_4)(R_7)-C(=O)-T)$ .

T = D or A;

D = amine containing biologically active moiety;

A = leaving group (preferably of chloride, bromide, fluoride, nitrophenoxo, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, N-hydroxyazobenzotriazolyl, pentafluorophenoxy, N-hydroxysulfosuccinimidyl or heteroaryl); either

R1 = polymer (preferably polyalkyloxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamides) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), polyacrylates, poly(methacrylates) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate), poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid), collagen, gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, and block copolymers, hydrogel, branched or hyperbranched polymer, a dendrimer or dense star polymer, biopolymer or protein), biologically active substances or functional group (preferably thiol, maleimide, amino, carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, aldehyde, and haloacetyl) for linkage to X; and

X = R13-Y1; or

XR1 = S-succinimido, amide, carbamate, thioether and urea;

Y1 = O, S, NR6, succinimide, maleimide, unsaturated C-C bonds or heteroatom containing free electron pair or is absent;

R13 = cyclical alkyl, heteroalkyl or (hetero)aryls (all optionally substituted);

R2, R3 = H, acyl or OH; and

R4-R12 = cyclical alkyl, heteroalkyl, (hetero)aryls (all optionally substituted), CN, NO2, halo, COO, carboxamide, H or X-R1.

IT UPIT 20070119

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 M2 \*50\* A111 A960 C710 G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541  
 H6 H604 H609 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321  
 M332 M343 M349 M371 M391 M411 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M630 M720  
 M782 N511 N512 N513 Q120 M905 M904  
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 R111AM-Q  
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 99369-Q

AN.S DCR-99369

CN.P LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

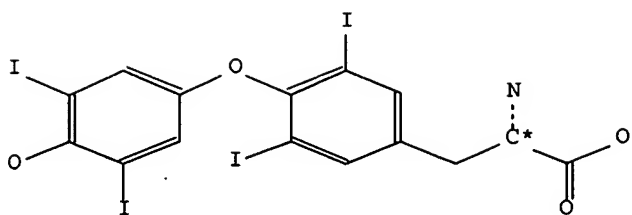
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 e; Sodium

SDCN R111AM

CM 1

Na

CM 2



L86 ANSWER 14 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007-059188 [07] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2007-021957 [07]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2007-041283 [07]  
 TITLE: Preparation, useful to support administration and/or to enhance pharmaceutical active substance in human or animal body, comprises a polar carrier substance and a broad band resonator  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05; B07; D13; D21; P33  
 INVENTOR: NATTERER S  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (NATT-I) NATTERER S  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 36

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO       | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC |
|-----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|----------|
| EP 1728519      | A2   | 20061206 | (200707)* | DE | 27 [2] |          |
| DE 102005025156 | A1   | 20061207 | (200707)  | DE |        |          |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO       | KIND | APPLICATION          | DATE     |
|-----------------|------|----------------------|----------|
| EP 1728519      | A2   | EP 2006-114870       | 20060601 |
| DE 102005025156 | A1   | DE 2005-102005025156 | 20050601 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: DE 2005-102005025156 20050601

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61H0039-00 [I,A]; A61K0041-00 [I,A]; A61K0047-00 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

EP 1728519 A2 UPAB: 20070129

NOVELTY - Preparation (I) to support administration and/or to enhance active substance, particularly pharmaceutical active substance or nutritional supplement in human or animal body, preferably under avoidance of side-effect, comprises at least a polar carrier substance and at least a broad band resonator.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for: (1) a method for the avoidance of toxic effects and/or improvement of consistency of the active substances, which affect the human or animal body by administration comprising at least one broadband resonator; and (2) multi-level preparations (II) for executing a multi-level therapy, exhibiting different concentrations of the

active substance or resonators and/or different polarity/resonator concentration ratio and/or different polarities.

ACTIVITY - Antirheumatic; Hepatotropic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - (I) is useful in the preparation of a substance, preferably medicament to support the administration and/or increases the effect of active agent, preferably pharmaceutical active agent or nutritional supplement; and/or to reduce or avoid injurious effects on the human or animal body of exposure materials, like cosmetic. (I) is useful as bath additives. (I) is useful to treat rheumatism, where the active substance are Bryonia, Rhus toxicodendron, Thuja, Carduus marianus, Cheledonium, Nux vomica, Spirae ulmaria, Dulcamara, Clematis, Veratrum album, Sulfur, or Staphisagria, which are present preferably in the preparation in the concentration from the tincture to D12, preferably in connection with resonator concentration of D1-D12; liver disease, where the active substance are Chelidonium, Carduus marianus, Madragora officinarum and/or Leptandara in a concentration of tincture to D12, preferably in connection with resonator concentration of D1-D15, preferably D2-D4; wound treatment, where the ingredients comprises himalaja salt/rock salt as a resonator, preferably in the concentration of D8, trace element-solution in the concentration of D3-D4, vitamin A and/or B and C, pantothenic acid, an emulsion as oil-in-water emulsion and/or water-in-oil emulsion and grape fruit extract. (I) is useful in diagnosing by information-and/or energetizing- and/or oscillation method (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (I) avoids side effect (claimed). (I) provides good absorption compatibility.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V; A12-V01; B03-F; B05-A01A; B05-A01B; B05-A03; B05-B02A3; B05-B02C; B05-C05; B07-D12; B10-C02; B11-C08; B12-K04; B14-C06; B14-N12; B14-N17B; D03-H01T; D08-B09A

#### TECH

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The broadband resonator comprises one or more components such as minerals, trace elements, emulsifying agents, gelling agent, essential/non-essential metals/metal salts and/or nonmetals (preferably quartz sand), stone flour, mineral flour, natural salts (preferably sea salt), rock salt or himalaja salt, shell limestone, healing earth, silicon compound, methyl cellulose, alginate, agar-agar, carob seed grain flour, guar flour, silicic acid, iron, zinc, copper, manganese, chrome, molybdenum, vanadium, nickel, tin, silver, gold, iodine, arsenic, silicon, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium or germanium, preferably iron and/or iron compound. (I) comprises minimum 5, preferably 15 different components (preferably of mineral components, heavy metal and/or its compounds). (I) comprises at least an schuessler salt and/or at least fluorescence stream.

INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Components: The broadband resonator comprises plus- and minus-resonator. The concentration of the broadband resonator in a dilution of homeopathic potency is D3-D23, preferably D12-D23. The concentration of the carrier substance or the broadband resonator is adjusted to a ratio of high polarity. The concentration ratio of active substance or active substance of the broadband resonator is greater than 5:1, preferably 1000000:1. The pH of (I) is 8-12.5, preferably 9-10.5; or 5.5, preferably 2-3.5. Preferred Process: (I) is carried out by homeopathic process after administering dimethyl amino azo benzene (DAB), preferably exponential process, particularly in low, middle or higher decimal power or centesimal power, preferably homeopathic chemical dispensary process. (I) is produced by information, energetizing, oscillation, bioresonance, radionic and/or magnetizing method. The broad band resonator used for organ preparation is a multi-resonator or an organic resonator. The broadband resonator and/or the active substance are brought into contact to avoid interaction with liposome. The first step exhibits a low concentration or the resonator and/or a high polarity/resonator concentration ratio and further exhibits

high concentration or resonator and/or lower polarity/resonator concentrations ratios and/or low polarities. The interaction between specific active substance and/or the resonator and/or the energetic ratio forms the tissues and structures. The resonator concentration conforms the active agent concentration, preferably in over decimal powers or under the active substance power. The concentration of active substance in homeopathic resonator is higher or lower, which is non-toxic. The concentration of the resonator is adjusted at high polarity. The process is an electrolytic process. The active substance and/or the broad band resonator and/or the polar carrier substance are separated from one another by diluents and subjected to a homeopathic power procedure and the process is carried out by contacting together, preferably by the homeopathic procedure (spilling process). The active substance and/or the broad band resonator and/or the polar carrier substance are separated from one another by diluents in different mass and magnification; where the diluent degree is an algorithm of each other, such that each diluent and/or exponentiation step is relative to the stronger diluent of the broad band resonator. The broadband resonator and the polar carrier substance are separated from one another in different steps where the concentration differs by increasing the diluent, preferably decreases in non-linear form.

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components:** The polar carrier substance contains monopolar, preferably acidic or basic carrier substance and at least a natural/synthetic active substance (preferably mineral, vegetable or animal active substance). The polar carrier substance is an acidic, basic or alcoholic solution, where dilution of the solution from one or more polar solvents, preferably on water basis and/or alcoholic basis. The diluent is particularly so intense, that the acidic, basic or alcoholic component is no longer provable. The polar carrier substance comprises at least a physiological component in the body, in acidic form such as salt acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, ascorbic acid, citric acid or orotic acid; or in basic, preferably sodium carbonate or potassium carbonate. The minus polar component comprises a cation element such as potassium, calcium, sodium, magnesium, preferably carbonate, hydrogen carbonate, hydroxide, hydroxide carbonate or chloride. The concentration of the broadband resonator is 0-10 vol.%, preferably 0-1 vol.%; or less than of 10 wt.%, preferably 0.1 wt.%. The polar carrier substance and/or the output substance in diluted preparations exhibits pH of 5.5, preferably 12-13.5 and alcoholic component concentration of 5-70 vol.%. The active substance is vegetable/animal origin or produce synthetically. The one or more organic/inorganic gelling agents are methylcellulose, alginate, agar-agar, xanthane gum, carob seed grain flour, guar flour or silicic acid-gel. The basic- or minus components comprises iron, copper, chrome or manganese on the basis metals or its compound, which is renounced. The active substance and/or care substance comprises at least one substance such as allantoin, ascorbic acid, vitamin A, sun guard filter, zinc, aloe vera, vitamin E, pantothenic acid, vegetable oils, jojoba oil, olive oil or essential fatty acids. The active substance comprises at least a vegetable active agent and/or vegetable tincture. The secondary plant material contains vitamins and/or enzymes. The basic pH is neutralized by addition of acid.

**PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Components:** (I) exhibits an isotonic solution, preferably for injection. (II) exhibits positive-preparation with acidic carrier substance and negative-preparation with basic carrier substance. The negative-preparation and positive-preparation contains liquid and/or semi liquid preparation, preferably formulated as a cream, lotion or ointment. (I) exhibits a solution of (homeopathic tincture) of broadband resonator and polar carrier substance with the same-/different-polarity and different pH, where the characteristic is different. The pigmentation factor iron and copper exhibits a concentration of 1 wt.%, preferably

1-0.01 wt.%, where (I) is formulated as emulsion, ointment, cream, lotion, preferably in acidic and contains natural salts and/or acidic fraction. The amount of mineral is up to 60 wt.%, preferably 0.5-20 wt.%, where the electrolytic yield of the mineral salt solution as broadband resonator and/or quartz salt is on the basic fraction of natural and/or synthetic. The active substance comprising mineral and plant active substance is formulation as ointment, preferably in 2-3 to 2-7 times. Preferred Composition: (I) further comprises: at least one or more ferromagnetic components and/or compounds (preferably iron, cobalt or nickel); one or more ethereal oil, preferably perfume oil and/or preservative; and iron, zinc and copper as a broad band resonator at a concentration not more than 3 wt.%, preferably 1-0.01 wt.%, where (I) is particularly carried out as hydrophilic oil, oil-alcohol solution, emulsion, salt, cream or lotion; at least an organ preparation and/or organ extraction of animal organ comprises preferably pituitary, cerebrum, thyroid, thymus gland, adrenal glands, gonad, lung, liver, kidneys, small intestine, large intestine, heart, or skin; at least a hormone and/or hormonal tissue and/or neurotransmitter, preferably thyroxine, tri iodothyronine, gluco- and mineral corticoid, serotonin, dopamine, heparin or histamine, and masculine and/or feminine sexual hormones as anticonceptive.

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components:** The broadband resonator comprises one or more components such as minerals, trace elements, emulsifying agents, gelling agent, essential/non-essential metals/metal salts and/or nonmetals (preferably quartz sand), stone flour, mineral flour, natural salts (preferably sea salt), rock salt or himalaja salt, shell limestone, healing earth, silicon compound, methyl cellulose, alginate, agar-agar, carob seed grain flour, guar flour, silicic acid, iron, zinc, copper, manganese, chrome, molybdenum, vanadium, nickel, tin, silver, gold, iodine, arsenic, silicon, calcium, magnesium, potassium, sodium or germanium, preferably iron and/or iron compound. (I) comprises minimum 5, preferably 15 different components (preferably of mineral components, heavy metal and/or its compounds). (I) comprises at least an schuessler salt and/or at least fluorescence stream.

**INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Components:** The broadband resonator comprises plus- and minus-resonator. The concentration of the broadband resonator in a dilution of homeopathic potency is D3-D23, preferably D12-D23. The concentration of the carrier substance or the broadband resonator is adjusted to a ratio of high polarity. The concentration ratio of active substance or active substance of the broadband resonator is greater than 5:1, preferably 1000000:1. The pH of (I) is 8-12.5, preferably 9-10.5; or 5.5, preferably 2-3.5. Preferred Process: (I) is carried out by homeopathic process after administering dimethyl amino azo benzene (DAB), preferably exponential process, particularly in low, middle or higher decimal power or centesimal power, preferably homeopathic chemical dispensary process. (I) is produced by information, energitizing, oscillation, bioresonance, radionic and/or magnetizing method. The broad band resonator used for organ preparation is a multiresonator or an organic resonator. The broadband resonator and/or the active substance are brought into contact to avoid interaction with liposome. The first step exhibits a low concentration or the resonator and/or a high polarity/resonator concentration ratio and further exhibits high concentration or resonator and/or lower polarity/resonator concentrations ratios and/or low polarities. The interaction between specific active substance and/or the resonator and/or the energetic ratio forms the tissues and structures. The resonator concentration conforms the active agent concentration, preferably in over decimal powers or under the active substance power. The concentration of active substance in homeopathic resonation is higher or lower. which is non-toxic. The concentration of the resonator is adjusted at high polarity. The process is an electrolytic process. The active substance and/or the broad band

resonator and/or the polar carrier substance are separated from one another by diluents and subjected to a homeopathic power procedure and the process is carried out by contacting together, preferably by the homeopathic procedure (spilling process). The active substance and/or the broad band resonator and/or the polar carrier substance are separated from one another by diluents in different mass and magnification; where the diluent degree is an algorithm of each other, such that each diluent and/or exponentiation step is relative to the stronger diluent of the broad band resonator. The broadband resonator and the polar carrier substance are separated from one another in different steps where the concentration differs by increasing the diluent, preferably decreases in non-linear form.

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components:** The polar carrier substance contains monopolar, preferably acidic or basic carrier substance and at least a natural/synthetic active substance (preferably mineral, vegetable or animal active substance). The polar carrier substance is an acidic, basic or alcoholic solution, where dilution of the solution from one or more polar solvents, preferably on water basis and/or alcoholic basis. The diluent is particularly so intense, that the acidic, basic or alcoholic component is no longer provable. The polar carrier substance comprises at least a physiological component in the body, in acidic form such as salt acid, sulfuric acid, phosphoric acid, ascorbic acid, citric acid or orotic acid; or in basic, preferably sodium carbonate or potassium carbonate. The minus polar component comprises a cation element such as potassium, calcium, sodium, magnesium, preferably carbonate, hydrogen carbonate, hydroxide, hydroxide carbonate or chloride. The concentration of the broadband resonator is 0-10 vol.%, preferably 0-1 vol.%; or less than of 10 wt.%, preferably 0.1 wt.%. The polar carrier substance and/or the output substance in diluted preparations exhibits pH of 5.5, preferably 12-13.5 and alcoholic component concentration of 5-70 vol.%. The active substance is vegetable/animal origin or produce synthetically. The one or more organic/inorganic gelling agents are methylcellulose, alginate, agar-agar, xanthane gum, carob seed grain flour, guar flour or silicic acid-gel. The basic- or minus components comprises iron, copper, chrome or manganese on the basis metals or its compound, which is renounced. The active substance and/or care substance comprises at least one substance such as allantoin, ascorbic acid, vitamin A, sun guard filter, zinc, aloe vera, vitamin E, pantothenic acid, vegetable oils, jojoba oil, olive oil or essential fatty acids. The active substance comprises at least a vegetable active agent and/or vegetable tincture. The secondary plant material contains vitamins and/or enzymes. The basic pH is neutralized by addition of acid.

**PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Components:** (I) exhibits an isotonic solution, preferably for injection. (II) exhibits positive-preparation with acidic carrier substance and negative-preparation with basic carrier substance. The negative-preparation and positive-preparation contains liquid and/or semi liquid preparation, preferably formulated as a cream, lotion or ointment. (I) exhibits a solution of (homeopathic tincture) of broadband resonator and polar carrier substance with the same-/different-polarity and different pH, where the characteristic is different. The pigmentation factor iron and copper exhibits a concentration of 1 wt.%, preferably 1-0.01 wt.%, where (I) is formulated as emulsion, ointment, cream, lotion, preferably in acidic and contains natural salts and/or acidic fraction. The amount of mineral is up to 60 wt.%, preferably 0.5-20 wt.%, where the electrolytic yield of the mineral salt solution as broadband resonator and/or quartz salt is on the basic fraction of natural and/or synthetic. The active substance comprising mineral and plant active substance is formulation as ointment, preferably in 2-3 to 2-7 times. Preferred Composition: (I) further comprises: at least one or more ferromagnetic components and/or compounds (preferably iron, cobalt or nickel); one or



more ethereal oil, preferably perfume oil and/or preservative; and iron, zinc and copper as a broad band resonator at a concentration not more than 3 wt.%, preferably 1-0.01 wt.%, where (I) is particularly carried out as hydrophilic oil, oil-alcohol solution, emulsion, salt, cream or lotion; at least an organ preparation and/or organ extraction of animal organ comprises preferably pituitary, cerebrum, thyroid, thymus gland, adrenal glands, gonad, lung, liver, kidneys, small intestine, large intestine, heart, or skin; at least a hormone and/or hormonal tissue and/or neurotransmitter, preferably thyroxin, tri iodothyronine, gluco- and mineral corticoid, serotonin, dopamine, heparin or histamine, and masculine and/or feminine sexual hormones as anticonceptive.

ABEX ADMINISTRATION - (I) is in form of liquid or semi-liquid preparation, such as solution, injection, suspension, gel, emulsion, gel emulsion, cream, ointment, liniment, hydrophilic oil, suppositories, powder, soft or hard gelatin capsule, tablets, dragees, globule or in capsule are formulated; or in liposome form. (I) is administered in the form of ointment for 2-3 to 2-7 times (all claimed).

L86 ANSWER 15 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006-038440 [04] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2005-736465  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2006-013778 [04]  
 TITLE: New polymeric cascade prodrug (comprising an amine containing biologically active moiety and a masking group having at least one nucleophile and being distinct from the carrier) useful as a therapeutic agent  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05  
 INVENTOR: HERSEL U; RAU H; SCHNEPF R; VETTER D; WEGGE T; HERSEL U C B G; RAU H C B G; SCHNEPF R C B G; VETTER D C B G; WEGGE T C B G  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (COMP-N) COMPLEX BIOSYSTEMS GMBH  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 108

# PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG  | MAIN IPC |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-----|----------|
| WO 2005099768 | A2   | 20051027 | (200604)* | EN | 117 | [11]     |
| EP 1625855    | A1   | 20060215 | (200613)  | EN |     |          |
| EP 1732607    | A2   | 20061220 | (200702)  | EN |     |          |

# APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------------|----------|
| WO 2005099768 | A2   | WO 2005-EP3061 | 20050322 |
| EP 1625855    | A1   | EP 2004-19293  | 20040813 |
| EP 1732607    | A2   | EP 2005-716306 | 20050322 |
| EP 1732607    | A2   | WO 2005-EP3061 | 20050322 |

# FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND        | PATENT NO       |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|
| EP 1732607 | A2 Based on | WO 2005099768 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: EP 2004-19293 20040813  
 EP 2004-75892 20040323  
 GB 2004-15043 20040705

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0047-48 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,C]

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0047-48 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,C]

BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2005099768 A2 UPAB: 20060116

NOVELTY - Polymeric cascade prodrug (I) (comprising an amine containing biologically active moiety (1) and a masking group having at least one nucleophile (2) and being distinct from the carrier) is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) the preparation of (I); (2) a method for hydrolyzing (I) comprising a step of placing (I) in solution with a pH of approximately 7.4; (3) a method of administering an amine-containing moiety to a living organism comprising providing (I); administering (II) to the living organism; and cleaving the amine-containing moiety from the polymeric cascade prodrug by means of a substantially non-enzymatic reaction; and (4) a method of providing a therapeutically useful concentration of a biologically active molecule by in vivo cleavage of the biologically active molecule from (I).

USE - (I) is useful as a therapeutic agent.

ADVANTAGE - The large amount of (I) is administered in a single dose without concomitant side effects and over dosing. (I) reduces the necessity of repeated and frequent administration of (I). MANUAL CODE: CPI: A10-E01; A12-V01; B02-D; B02-K; B02-N; B02-S;

B04-B03C; B04-C01; B04-C02; B04-C03; B04-H02; B04-H05;  
B04-H15; B04-J03; B04-J04; B04-J05; B04-J10; B04-J12;  
B04-L01; B04-N02; B06-H; B07-H; B08-D02; B09-D01;  
B10-A04; B10-A08; B10-A10; B10-A11B; B10-A13D; B10-B01B;  
B10-B02E; B10-B03B

TECH

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation (claimed): Preparation of (I) comprises synthesizing at least one intermediate compound (3) from the aryl compounds of formula (II); and attaching an amine-containing biologically active moiety D to (3) to form the polymeric prodrug. Preferred Components: The first intermediate is aryl compounds of formula (III) (which is synthesized by acylating Y2 with nucleophile compound of formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1, and optionally attaching a first protecting group PG1); the second intermediate is aryl compounds of formula (IV), which is formed by activating (III) with an activating agent (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to IV by displacement of the leaving group A, and the method comprises a step of removal of the reversible first protecting group PG1 from (IV) in the presence of a reagent (trifluoroacetic acid or DTT) and the removal step further comprises a step of attaching a polymer R1 to X)). The polymeric cascade prodrug linker reagent is aryl compounds of formula (A). The solution is an extra-cellular fluid. Preferred Process: The preparation of (III) further comprises a step of removing the first polymer protection group PG1 and attaching polymer R1 to X to form a third aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VI); and activating the (VI) by using activating agent to form a fourth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VII by displacement of the leaving group A; and the method comprises a step of reacting (II) with a first polymer R1 to attach the first polymer R1 to X; a step of protecting Y2 with a second protective group PG2; activating the prodrug with an activating agent and reacting with an amine-containing biologically active moiety D to form a fifth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (X)). Preparation of (I) comprises a step of attaching a removable first protecting group PG1 to X and a removable second protecting group PG2 to (II) followed by activation using an activating agent to form sixth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VIII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VIII by displacement of the leaving group A; and the method comprises a step of

removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1, and the second protecting group PG2 is removed by Y2, which is acylated with formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1). The preparation of (I) further comprises a step of activating (III) by using an activating agent to form (VII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VII by displacement of the leaving group A). The activating agent is 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate or disuccinyl carbonate. The second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, which is acylated with formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1. (II) is replaced by ring compounds of formula (IIb) (where R2 is cyclical alkyls or heteroalkyl heteroaryl (all optionally substituted), H, aryls, CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, halo, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl or carboxamidoalkyl). In the method of administering (I), the cleavage step is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis, a step intramolecular cyclization or intramolecular catalysis. The method of administering (I) further comprises a step of sterically protecting at least part of the linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The method of cleaving the amine-containing moiety from the carrier by a substantially non-enzymatic reaction of the nucleophile-containing linker. The non-enzymatic reaction is carried out at a pH of 7.4. The amine-containing moiety attached to the carrier is cleaved in an extra-cellular fluid. The method of cleaving the amine-containing moiety from the carrier, further comprises a step of sterically protecting at least part of the nucleophile-containing linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The amine containing moiety is a biologically active moiety.

T = D or A;

D = a residue of an amine containing biologically active moiety;

A = a leaving group (preferably chloride, bromide, fluoride, nitrophenoxy, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, N-hydroxyazobenzotriazolyl, pentafluorophenoxy or N-hydroxysulfosuccinimidyl);

X = a spacer moiety such as R5-Y6;

Y1, Y2 = O, S or NR6;

Y3, Y5 = O or S;

Y4 = O, NR6, or -C(R7)(R8)-;

Y6 = O, S, NR6, succinimide, maleimide, unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds or any heteroatom containing a free electron pair or is absent;

R3 = H, optionally substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls (substituted), heteroaryl(substituted), CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, halo, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl or carboxamidoalkyl;

R4 = heteroaryl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, cycloheteroalkyloxy (all optionally substituted), H, heteroalkyl, aryl (substituted), aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, CN or halo (preferably H, CH<sub>3</sub>, ethyl, ethoxy, methoxy, and other linear alkyls, cyclo alkyls or branched alkyls and heteroalkyl comprising one to six carbon atoms);

R5 = alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, heteroaryl (all optionally substituted) or aryl(substituted);

R7, R8 = alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, heteroaryl (all optionally substituted), H, aryl(substituted), carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, carboxamidoalkyl, CN or halo;

R6 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryls or heteroalkyl (all optionally substituted), H, aryl(substituted);

R1 = a polymer (preferably polyalkyloxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid or its derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamides) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate),

poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid), collagen, **gelatin**, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, or their block copolymers (preferably hydrogel, branched or hyper branched polymer, dendrimer or dense star polymer, a protein or a biopolymer)) (where R1 further includes biologically active substances, the polymer of R1 has at least one functional group (carboxylic acid and activated derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid and derivatives, phosphonic acid and derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl, arylating agents like aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides like pyridyl disulfide, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane, or aziridine) for linkage to X);

W1 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, heteroaryls (all optionally substituted) or aryl(substituted);

Nu = a nucleophile (preferably nucleophiles consisting of primary, secondary and tertiary amino groups, thiol, carboxylic acid, hydroxylamine, hydrazine or nitrogen containing heteroaryl);

n = 0 or a positive integer; and

Ar = a multi-substituted aromatic hydrocarbon or aromatic heterocycle (preferably 18 heteroaryl compounds e.g. disubstituted phenyl, disubstituted naphthalenyl, disubstituted pyrimidine or disubstituted pyridine, where W is O, S or N).

The bond or group formed between X and R1 is bonds or groups consisting of carbamate, S-succinimido, urea, amide (all preferred), amino, carboxylic ester, sulfonamide, disulfide, carbonate, ether, oxime, hydrazone, thiourea, phosphate or phosphonate; In (A), T is a leaving group A for covalent conjugation with a biologically active moiety (preferably peptide, polypeptide or protein).

POLYMERS - (1) is biologically moieties consisting of small molecule biologically active agents or biopolymers (biopolymers consisting of proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides or peptide nucleic acids). The polypeptides are polypeptides consisting of ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIIA, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucagon-like peptides like GLP-1, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12), interleukin (IL)-1 receptor antagonist (rtiIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, **levothyroxine**, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-A.H), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator

(tPA), TSH, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is (a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology) antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins (preferably antibodies, calcitonin, G-CSF, GM-CSF, erythropoietins, hemoglobins, interleukins, insulins, interferons, SOD, somatropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF-receptor-immunoglobulin C Fc, glucagon-like peptides HkeGLP-1). The small molecule biologically active agents are central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting, or cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group (preferably daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantron, aminogluthethimide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, clinafloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, noxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, spectinomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamine, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin or carbutamid).

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preparation (claimed):** Preparation of (I) comprises synthesizing at least one intermediate compound (3) from the aryl compounds of formula (II); and attaching an amine-containing biologically active moiety D to (3) to form the polymeric prodrug. Preferred Components: The first intermediate is aryl compounds of formula (III) (which is synthesized by acylating Y2 with nucleophile compound of formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1, and optionally attaching a first protecting group PG1); the second intermediate is aryl compounds of formula (IV), which is formed by activating (III) with an activating agent (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to IV by displacement of the leaving group A, and the method comprises a step of removal of the reversible first protecting group PG1 from (IV) in the presence of a reagent (trifluoroacetic acid or DTT) and the removal step further comprises a step of attaching a polymer R1 to X)). The polymeric cascade prodrug linker reagent is aryl compounds of formula (A). The solution is an extra-cellular fluid. Preferred Process: The preparation of (III) further comprises a step of removing the first polymer protection group PG1 and attaching polymer R1 to X to form a third aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VI); and activating the (VI) by using activating agent to form a fourth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VII by displacement of the leaving group A; and the method comprises a step of reacting (II) with a first polymer R1 to attach the first polymer R1 to X; a step of protecting Y2 with a second protective group PG2; activating the prodrug with an activating agent and reacting with an amine-containing biologically active moiety D to form a fifth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (X)). Preparation of (I) comprises a step of attaching a removable first protecting group PG1 to X and a removable second protecting group PG2 to (II) followed by activation using an activating agent to form sixth aryl intermediate compounds of formula (VIII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VIII by displacement of the leaving group A; and the method comprises a step of removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1, and the second protecting group PG2 is removed by Y2, which is acylated with formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1). The preparation of (I) further comprises a step of activating (III) by using an activating agent to form (VII) (where the amine-containing biologically active moiety D is attached to VII by displacement of the leaving group A). The activating agent is 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate or disuccinyl carbonate. The second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, which is acylated with formula Nu-W1-Y4-C=Y1. (II) is replaced by ring compounds of formula (IIb) (where R2 is cyclical alkyls or heteroalkyl heteroaryl (all optionally substituted), H, aryls, CN, NO2, halo, carboxy, carboxyalkyl,

alkylcarbonyl or carboxamidoalkyl). In the method of administering (I), the cleavage step is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis, a step intramolecular cyclization or intramolecular catalysis. The method of administering (I) further comprises a step of sterically protecting at least part of the linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The method of cleaving the amine-containing moiety from the carrier by a substantially non-enzymatic reaction of the nucleophile-containing linker. The non-enzymatic reaction is carried out at a pH of 7.4. The amine-containing moiety attached to the carrier is cleaved in an extra-cellular fluid. The method of cleaving the amine-containing moiety from the carrier, further comprises a step of sterically protecting at least part of the nucleophile-containing linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The amine containing moiety is a biologically active moiety.

T = D or A;

D = a residue of an amine containing biologically active moiety;

A = a leaving group (preferably chloride, bromide, fluoride, nitrophenoxy, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, N-hydroxyazobenzotriazolyl, pentafluorophenoxy or N-hydroxysulfosuccinimidyl);

X = a spacer moiety such as R5-Y6;

Y1, Y2 = O, S or NR6;

Y3, Y5 = O or S;

Y4 = O, NR6, or -C(R7)(R8)-;

Y6 = O, S, NR6, succinimide, maleimide, unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds or any heteroatom containing a free electron pair or is absent;

R3 = H, optionally substituted alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls (substituted), heteroaryl(substituted), CN, NO<sub>2</sub>, halo, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl or carboxamidoalkyl;

R4 = heteroaryl, alkyl, cycloalkyl, alkoxy, cycloalkoxy, cycloheteroalkyloxy (all optionally substituted), H, heteroalkyl, aryl (substituted), aryloxy, heteroaryloxy, CN or halo (preferably H, CH<sub>3</sub>, ethyl, ethoxy, methoxy, and other linear alkyls, cyclo alkyls or branched alkyls and heteroalkyl comprising one to six carbon atoms);

R5 = alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, heteroaryl (all optionally substituted) or aryl(substituted);

R7, R8 = alkyl, cycloalkyl or heteroalkyl, heteroaryl (all optionally substituted), H, aryl(substituted), carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, carboxamidoalkyl, CN or halo;

R6 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, heteroaryls or heteroalkyl (all optionally substituted), H, aryl(substituted);

R1 = a polymer (preferably polyalkyloxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid or its derivatives, alginate, xylan, mannan, carrageenan, agarose, cellulose, starch, hydroxyethyl starch (HES) and other carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamides) such as poly(hydroxypropylmethacrylamide) (HMPA), poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates) like poly(hydroxyethylmethacrylate), poly(organophosphazenes), poly(siloxanes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid), collagen, gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, or their block copolymers (preferably hydrogel, branched or hyper branched polymer, dendrimer or dense star polymer, a protein or a biopolymer)) (where R1 further includes biologically active substances, the polymer of R1 has at least one functional group (carboxylic acid and activated derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone,

hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid and derivatives, phosphonic acid and derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl, arylating agents like aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides like pyridyl disulfide, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane, or aziridine) for linkage to X);

W1 = alkyl, cycloalkyl, cycloheteroalkyl, heteroaryls (all optionally substituted) or aryl(substituted);

Nu = a nucleophile (preferably nucleophiles consisting of primary, secondary and tertiary amino groups, thiol, carboxylic acid, hydroxylamine, hydrazine or nitrogen containing heteroaryl);

n = 0 or a positive integer; and

Ar = a multi-substituted aromatic hydrocarbon or aromatic heterocycle (preferably 18 heteroaryl compounds e.g. disubstituted phenyl, disubstituted naphthalenyl, disubstituted pyrimidine or disubstituted pyridine, where W is O, S or N).

The bond or group formed between X and R1 is bonds or groups consisting of carbamate, S-succinimido, urea, amide (all preferred), amino, carboxylic ester, sulfonamide, disulfide, carbonate, ether, oxime, hydrazone, thiourea, phosphate or phosphonate; In (A), T is a leaving group A for covalent conjugation with a biologically active moiety (preferably peptide, polypeptide or protein).

POLYMERS - (1) is biologically moieties consisting of small molecule biologically active agents or biopolymers (biopolymers consisting of proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides or peptide nucleic acids). The polypeptides are polypeptides consisting of ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alfa-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alfa-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor VIII, factor VIIa, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucagon-like peptides like GLP-1, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1 alfa, 1 beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11, 12), interleukin (IL)-1 receptor antagonist (rIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alfa 2a, alfa 2b, alfa 2c, beta 1a, beta 1b, gamma 1a, gamma 1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-A.H), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), TSH, urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is (a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology) antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins (preferably antibodies, calcitonin, G-CSF, GM-CSF, erythropoietins, hemoglobins, interleukins, insulins, interferons, SOD, somatropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF-receptor-immunoglobulin C Fc, glucagon-like peptides HkeGLP-1). The small molecule biologically active agents are central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting, or cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group

(preferably daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantron, aminogluthetamide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, clinafloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, noxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, sprectinomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamine, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin or carbutamid).

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89804-CL 89804-PRD 89804-RCT 89804-USE; 203311-CL 203311-PRD 203311-RCT 203311-USE; 109946-CL 109946-PRD 109946-RCT 109946-USE; 105641-CL 105641-PRD 105641-RCT 105641-USE; 108831-CL 108831-PRD 108831-RCT 108831-USE; 107856-CL 107856-PRD 107856-RCT 107856-USE; 107421-CL 107421-PRD 107421-RCT 107421-USE; 107436-CL 107436-PRD 107436-RCT 107436-USE; 203579-CL 203579-PRD 203579-RCT 203579-USE; 153799-CL 153799-PRD 153799-RCT 153799-USE; 133911-CL 133911-PRD 133911-RCT 133911-USE; 102650-CL 102650-PRD 102650-RCT 102650-USE; 104749-CL 104749-PRD 104749-RCT 104749-USE; 103599-CL 103599-PRD 103599-RCT 103599-USE; 104225-CL 104225-PRD 104225-RCT 104225-USE; 103220-CL 103220-PRD 103220-RCT 103220-USE; 132752-CL 132752-PRD 132752-RCT 132752-USE; 97854-CL 97854-PRD 97854-RCT 97854-USE; 97834-CL 97834-PRD 97834-RCT 97834-USE; 97925-CL 97925-PRD 97925-RCT 97925-USE; 111149-CL 111149-PRD 111149-RCT 111149-USE; 96948-CL 96948-PRD 96948-RCT 96948-USE; 96186-CL 96186-PRD 96186-RCT 96186-USE; 96184-CL 96184-PRD 96184-RCT 96184-USE; 95143-CL 95143-PRD 95143-RCT 95143-USE; 91375-CL 91375-PRD 91375-RCT 91375-USE; 94189-CL 94189-PRD 94189-RCT 94189-USE; 111470-CL 111470-PRD 111470-RCT 111470-USE; 94144-CL 94144-PRD 94144-RCT 94144-USE; 89818-CL 89818-PRD 89818-RCT 89818-USE; 88873-CL 88873-PRD 88873-RCT 88873-USE; 87853-CL 87853-PRD 87853-RCT 87853-USE; 87628-CL 87628-PRD 87628-RCT 87628-USE; 87569-CL 87569-PRD 87569-RCT 87569-USE; 111065-CL 111065-PRD 111065-RCT 111065-USE; 86886-CL 86886-PRD 86886-RCT 86886-USE; 184610-CL 184610-PRD 184610-RCT 184610-USE; 184611-CL 184611-PRD 184611-RCT 184611-USE; 184616-CL 184616-PRD 184616-RCT 184616-USE; 92818-CL 92818-PRD 92818-RCT 92818-USE; 104472-CL 104472-PRD 104472-RCT 104472-USE; 900-CL 900-PRD 900-RCT 900-USE; 104328-CL 104328-PRD 104328-RCT 104328-USE; 97115-CL 97115-PRD 97115-RCT 97115-USE; 86923-CL 86923-PRD 86923-RCT 86923-USE; 110651-CL 110651-PRD 110651-RCT 110651-USE; 100074-CL 100074-PRD 100074-RCT 100074-USE; 90114-CL 90114-PRD 90114-RCT 90114-USE; 86730-CL 86730-PRD 86730-RCT 86730-USE; 90356-CL 90356-PRD 90356-RCT 90356-USE; 107779-CL 107779-PRD 107779-RCT 107779-USE; 104492-CL 104492-PRD 104492-RCT 104492-USE; 104486-CL 104486-PRD 104486-RCT 104486-USE; 104380-CL 104380-PRD 104380-RCT 104380-USE; 104379-CL 104379-PRD 104379-RCT 104379-USE; 104431-CL 104431-PRD 104431-RCT 104431-USE; 104421-CL 104421-PRD 104421-RCT 104421-USE; 107032-CL 107032-PRD 107032-RCT 107032-USE; 1062-CL 1062-PRD 1062-RCT 1062-USE; 91481-CL 91481-PRD 91481-RCT 91481-USE; 95972-CL 95972-PRD 95972-RCT 95972-USE; 184613-CL 184613-PRD 184613-RCT 184613-USE; 92292-CL 92292-PRD 92292-RCT 92292-USE; 8769-CL 8769-PRD 8769-RCT 8769-USE; 97647-CL 97647-PRD 97647-RCT 97647-USE; 101093-CL 101093-PRD 101093-RCT 101093-USE; 87239-CL 87239-PRD 87239-RCT 87239-USE; 87119-CL 87119-PRD 87119-RCT 87119-USE; 92280-CL 92280-PRD 92280-RCT 92280-USE; 94577-CL 94577-PRD 94577-RCT 94577-USE; 108000-CL 108000-PRD 108000-RCT 108000-USE; 108014-CL 108014-PRD 108014-RCT 108014-USE; 108017-CL 108017-PRD 108017-RCT 108017-USE; 108011-CL 108011-PRD 108011-RCT 108011-USE; 91233-CL 91233-PRD 91233-RCT 91233-USE; 159480-CL 159480-PRD 159480-RCT 159480-USE; 91082-CL 91082-PRD 91082-RCT 91082-USE; 102303-CL 102303-PRD 102303-RCT 102303-USE; 130511-CL 130511-PRD 130511-RCT 130511-USE; 107496-CL 107496-PRD 107496-RCT 107496-USE; 98579-CL 98579-PRD 98579-RCT 98579-USE; 100514-CL 100514-PRD 100514-RCT 100514-USE; 7903-CL 7903-PRD 7903-RCT 7903-USE; 93611-CL 93611-PRD 93611-RCT 93611-USE; 99480-CL 99480-PRD 99480-RCT 99480-USE; 106919-CL 106919-PRD 106919-RCT 106919-USE; 86450-CL 86450-PRD 86450-RCT 86450-USE; 90063-CL 90063-PRD 90063-RCT 90063-USE;



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RA0CVU-P RA0CVU-Q

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 DCR: 132752-K 132752-M 132752-P 132752-Q  
 M1 \*18\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA022K-K RA022K-M RA022K-P RA022K-Q  
 DCR: 97854-K 97854-M 97854-P 97854-Q  
 M1 \*19\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: R01851-K R01851-M R01851-P R01851-Q R06675-K R06675-M  
 R06675-P R06675-Q  
 DCR: 97834-K 97834-M 97834-P 97834-Q  
 M1 \*20\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R16255-K R16255-M R16255-P R16255-Q RA01ZP-K RA01ZP-M  
 RA01ZP-P RA01ZP-Q  
 DCR: 134017-K 134017-M 134017-P 134017-Q 97925-K 97925-M 97925-P

97925-Q

M1 \*21\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
DCN: RA0KT2-K RA0KT2-M RA0KT2-P RA0KT2-Q  
DCR: 111149-K 111149-M 111149-P 111149-Q

M1 \*22\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
DCN: RA063N-K RA063N-M RA063N-P RA063N-Q  
DCR: 96948-K 96948-M 96948-P 96948-Q

M1 \*23\* D011 D601 F014 F019 F521 F599 G010 G013 G019 G100 H1 H101 H183  
H4 H405 H441 H484 H8 J0 J014 J1 J173 J3 J373 K0 L2 L250 L299  
M280 M311 M312 M313 M314 M315 M322 M323 M331 M332 M333 M340 M342  
M343 M349 M371 M381 M393 M423 M431 M511 M522 M533 M540 M720 M782  
N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA0B8N-K RA0B8N-M RA0B8N-P RA0B8N-Q  
DCR: 96186-K 96186-M 96186-P 96186-Q

M1 \*24\* D011 D601 F014 F521 G010 G013 G100 H1 H100 H101 H181 H182 H4  
H401 H441 H481 H5 H598 H8 H9 J0 J011 J012 J1 J171 J172 J3 J371  
K0 L2 L250 M210 M211 M271 M280 M281 M311 M312 M313 M314 M315  
M321 M331 M332 M333 M340 M342 M343 M349 M371 M381 M391 M423 M431  
M510 M511 M520 M521 M530 M531 M540 M620 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263  
N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01876-K R01876-M R01876-P R01876-Q  
DCR: 96184-K 96184-M 96184-P 96184-Q 96184-S 96184-U

M1 \*25\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA0TN7-K RA0TN7-M RA0TN7-P RA0TN7-Q  
DCR: 95143-K 95143-M 95143-P 95143-Q

M1 \*26\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA063W-K RA063W-M RA063W-P RA063W-Q  
DCR: 91375-K 91375-M 91375-P 91375-Q

M1 \*27\* G010 G013 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H8 J0 J014 J1 J171 J3  
J373 M280 M311 M312 M322 M323 M332 M342 M343 M349 M371 M381 M392  
M393 M423 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352  
N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA0KZQ-K RA0KZQ-M RA0KZQ-P RA0KZQ-Q  
DCR: 94189-K 94189-M 94189-P 94189-Q

M1 \*28\* D011 D019 D601 D699 F014 F521 G010 G013 G100 H1 H101 H183 H4  
H405 H441 H484 H8 J0 J014 J1 J173 J3 J373 M280 M312 M313 M315  
M323 M331 M332 M333 M340 M342 M343 M349 M371 M381 M393 M423 M431  
M513 M521 M532 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512  
M905 M904  
DCN: RA2GQN-K RA2GQN-M RA2GQN-P RA2GQN-Q  
DCR: 111470-K 111470-M 111470-P 111470-Q

M1 \*29\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
DCN: RA0IKZ-K RA0IKZ-M RA0IKZ-P RA0IKZ-Q  
DCR: 94144-K 94144-M 94144-P 94144-Q

M1 \*30\* F011 F012 F014 F019 F423 F499 F521 G013 G100 H1 H101 H183 H2  
H212 H4 H405 H441 H484 H498 H8 H9 J0 J014 J1 J171 J3 J312 J373  
K0 L2 L250 M280 M311 M312 M313 M314 M315 M322 M323 M331 M332  
M333 M340 M342 M343 M349 M371 M381 M392 M393 M423 M431 M510 M523  
M531 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA1ZBA-K RA1ZBA-M RA1ZBA-P RA1ZBA-Q  
DCR: 89818-K 89818-M 89818-P 89818-Q

M1 \*31\* G010 G013 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H402 H442 H8 J0 J014 J1 J171  
J3 J373 K0 K6 K620 M280 M311 M312 M322 M323 M331 M332 M340 M342  
M343 M349 M371 M381 M393 M423 M431 M510 M520 M533 M540 M720 M782  
N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA2HL3-K RA2HL3-M RA2HL3-P RA2HL3-Q  
DCR: 88873-K 88873-M 88873-P 88873-Q

M1 \*32\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: RA04VQ-K RA04VQ-M RA04VQ-P RA04VQ-Q  
DCR: 87853-K 87853-M 87853-P 87853-Q

M1 \*33\* F011 F012 F019 F423 F499 G010 G013 G019 G100 H1 H101 H183 H2  
 H213 H4 H405 H444 H484 H498 H5 H598 H8 H9 J0 J014 J1 J173 J3  
 J312 J373 K0 L2 L250 L299 M210 M211 M271 M281 M311 M312 M313  
 M314 M315 M323 M331 M332 M333 M340 M342 M343 M349 M371 M381 M393  
 M423 M431 M510 M523 M533 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383  
 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA09OK-K RA09OK-M RA09OK-P RA09OK-Q  
 DCR: 87628-K 87628-M 87628-P 87628-Q  
 M1 \*34\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA02HD-K RA02HD-M RA02HD-P RA02HD-Q  
 DCR: 87569-K 87569-M 87569-P 87569-Q  
 M1 \*35\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA0VJ3-K RA0VJ3-M RA0VJ3-P RA0VJ3-Q  
 DCR: 111065-K 111065-M 111065-P 111065-Q  
 M1 \*36\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R24039-K R24039-M R24039-P R24039-Q  
 DCR: 86886-K 86886-M 86886-P 86886-Q  
 M1 \*37\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA013I-K RA013I-M RA013I-P RA013I-Q  
 DCR: 184610-K 184610-M 184610-P 184610-Q  
 M1 \*38\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA00H1-K RA00H1-M RA00H1-P RA00H1-Q  
 DCR: 1012046-K 1012046-M 1012046-P 1012046-Q 184611-K 184611-M  
 184611-P 184611-Q  
 M1 \*39\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA00H3-K RA00H3-M RA00H3-P RA00H3-Q  
 DCR: 184616-K 184616-M 184616-P 184616-Q  
 M1 \*40\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 M910  
 DCN: R01857-K R01857-M R01857-P R01857-Q R16573-K R16573-M  
 R16573-P R16573-Q  
 DCR: 92818-K 92818-M 92818-P 92818-Q 92818-S 92818-U  
 M1 \*41\* H4 H402 H482 H5 H589 H8 M280 M313 M323 M332 M342 M383 M393 M423  
 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383  
 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R23531-K R23531-M R23531-P R23531-Q  
 DCR: 104472-K 104472-M 104472-P 104472-Q  
 M1 \*42\* H4 H402 H482 H5 H589 H8 M280 M312 M323 M332 M342 M383 M393 M416  
 M423 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352  
 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R02044-K R02044-M R02044-P R02044-Q RA0GM6-K RA0GM6-M  
 RA0GM6-P RA0GM6-Q  
 DCR: 900-K 900-M 900-P 900-Q 900-S 900-U 99962-K 99962-M 99962-P  
 99962-Q  
 M1 \*43\* F012 F013 F014 F016 F019 F123 F199 H1 H100 H121 H4 H404 H405  
 H421 H422 H423 H424 H482 H483 H484 H581 H582 H583 H584 H589 H8  
 K0 L8 L814 L821 L822 L823 L824 L834 M280 M311 M323 M342 M373  
 M393 M413 M423 M431 M510 M521 M522 M523 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222  
 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R03882-K R03882-M R03882-P R03882-Q R07813-K R07813-M  
 R07813-P R07813-Q  
 DCR: 104328-K 104328-M 104328-P 104328-Q  
 M1 \*44\* J0 J011 J1 J111 J3 J321 K0 L8 L814 L824 L832 L834 M210 M211 M262  
 M280 M281 M320 M423 M431 M720 M782 M800 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383  
 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R03231-K R03231-M R03231-P R03231-Q R06437-K R06437-M  
 R06437-P R06437-Q  
 DCR: 97115-K 97115-M 97115-P 97115-Q  
 M1 \*45\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA04J1-K RA04J1-M RA04J1-P RA04J1-Q

DCR: 86923-K 86923-M 86923-P 86923-Q  
 M1 \*46\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA0RON-K RA0RON-M RA0RON-P RA0RON-Q  
 DCR: 110651-K 110651-M 110651-P 110651-Q  
 M1 \*47\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F019 F123 F199 H4 H405 H424 H481 H5  
 H521 H8 M280 M311 M322 M342 M373 M392 M413 M423 M431 M510 M522  
 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA0XRQ-K RA0XRQ-M RA0XRQ-P RA0XRQ-Q  
 DCR: 100074-K 100074-M 100074-P 100074-Q  
 M1 \*48\* A220 A960 C710 K0 K4 K421 L8 L815 L831 M423 M431 M630 M720 M782  
 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R24036-K R24036-M R24036-P R24036-Q  
 DCR: 90114-K 90114-M 90114-P 90114-Q  
 M1 \*49\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA05MC-K RA05MC-M RA05MC-P RA05MC-Q  
 DCR: 86730-K 86730-M 86730-P 86730-Q  
 M1 \*50\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 M910  
 DCN: R01852-K R01852-M R01852-P R01852-Q  
 DCR: 135415-P 135415-S 135415-U 90356-K 90356-M 90356-P 90356-Q  
 90356-S 90356-U  
 M1 \*51\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 M910  
 DCN: R01863-K R01863-M R01863-P R01863-Q  
 DCR: 107779-K 107779-M 107779-P 107779-Q 107779-S 107779-U  
 M1 \*52\* H4 H401 H481 H7 H713 H721 H8 M210 M212 M272 M281 M320 M423 M431  
 M510 M520 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512  
 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA01EA-K RA01EA-M RA01EA-P RA01EA-Q  
 DCR: 104492-K 104492-M 104492-P 104492-Q  
 M1 \*53\* K0 L4 L463 L499 M280 M312 M313 M314 M315 M323 M332 M342 M383  
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 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R16492-K R16492-M R16492-P R16492-Q  
 DCR: 104486-K 104486-M 104486-P 104486-Q  
 M1 \*54\* H7 H714 H721 J0 J011 J1 J171 M210 M212 M262 M281 M320 M423 M431  
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 RA037T-P RA037T-Q  
 DCR: 104380-K 104380-M 104380-P 104380-Q 199392-K 199392-M  
 199392-P 199392-Q  
 M1 \*55\* H7 H714 H721 J0 J011 J3 J371 M210 M212 M262 M281 M320 M423 M431  
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 DCN: RA035M-K RA035M-M RA035M-P RA035M-Q  
 DCR: 104379-K 104379-M 104379-P 104379-Q  
 M1 \*56\* H7 H714 H721 J0 J011 J1 J171 M210 M213 M262 M281 M320 M423 M431  
 M510 M520 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512  
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 DCN: RA07AE-K RA07AE-M RA07AE-P RA07AE-Q  
 DCR: 104431-K 104431-M 104431-P 104431-Q  
 M1 \*57\* H4 H401 H481 H7 H721 H8 J0 J011 J2 J271 M210 M212 M262 M281 M312  
 M321 M332 M342 M383 M391 M423 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M720 M782  
 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA01SA-K RA01SA-M RA01SA-P RA01SA-Q  
 DCR: 104421-K 104421-M 104421-P 104421-Q  
 M1 \*58\* B414 B702 B712 B720 B744 B798 B833 C108 C800 C802 C803 C804 C805  
 C807 M210 M211 M250 M283 M320 M411 M423 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540  
 M620 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904

DCN: RA012F-K RA012F-M RA012F-P RA012F-Q  
 DCR: 107032-K 107032-M 107032-P 107032-Q  
 M1 \*59\* F012 F013 F423 H7 H715 H721 J5 J521 L9 L941 M210 M212 M240 M281  
 M320 M423 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352  
 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA00D5-K RA00D5-M RA00D5-P RA00D5-Q  
 DCR: 1062-K 1062-M 1062-P 1062-Q  
 M1 \*60\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R24034-K R24034-M R24034-P R24034-Q  
 DCR: 91481-K 91481-M 91481-P 91481-Q  
 M1 \*61\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R24033-K R24033-M R24033-P R24033-Q  
 DCR: 95972-K 95972-M 95972-P 95972-Q  
 M1 \*62\* M423 M431 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
 DCN: RA00I9-K RA00I9-M RA00I9-P RA00I9-Q  
 DCR: 184613-K 184613-M 184613-P 184613-Q  
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 H121 H4 H404 H421 H442 H461 H5 H521 H541 H8 J5 J581 K0 L8 L817  
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 N383 N512 M905 M904  
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 R08031-P R08031-Q  
 DCR: 92292-K 92292-M 92292-P 92292-Q  
 M2 \*64\* F012 F013 F014 F016 F123 G020 G022 G029 G034 G038 G420 H1 H100  
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 M311 M321 M342 M349 M381 M391 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540 M720  
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 R08024-P R08024-Q  
 DCR: 142654-P 142654-S 142654-U 8769-K 8769-M 8769-P 8769-Q  
 8769-S 8769-U  
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 M905 M904

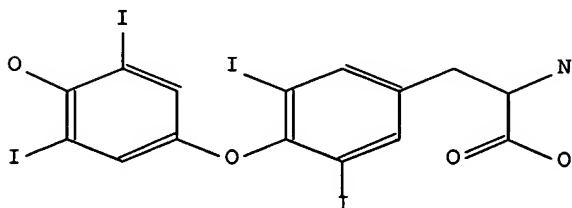
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DCR: 97647-K 97647-M 97647-P 97647-Q  
M2 \*66\* G022 G029 G331 H1 H102 H142 H182 H4 H404 H442 H482 H8 K0 L9 L951  
M280 M312 M323 M332 M342 M383 M393 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540  
M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: R07208-K R07208-M R07208-P R07208-Q  
DCR: 101093-K 101093-M 101093-P 101093-Q  
M2 \*67\* F012 F013 F016 F017 F433 G013 G100 H1 H100 H141 J5 J522 L9 L930  
M1 M113 M210 M212 M240 M281 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540  
M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
DCN: R09886-K R09886-M R09886-P R09886-Q  
DCR: 87239-K 87239-M 87239-P 87239-Q  
M2 \*68\* G060 G740 H1 H100 H161 M280 M320 M415 M431 M510 M520 M530 M541  
M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
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R04253-P R04253-Q  
DCR: 87119-K 87119-M 87119-P 87119-Q 87119-S 87119-U  
M2 \*69\* C316 G013 G019 G100 H1 H101 H142 K0 K4 K442 M1 M121 M142 M280  
M320 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352  
N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00472-K R00472-M R00472-P R00472-Q  
DCR: 92280-K 92280-M 92280-P 92280-Q 92280-S 92280-U  
M2 \*70\* H1 H102 H182 H4 H402 H482 H8 M280 M312 M314 M321 M322 M331 M332  
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N512 M905 M904  
DCN: R07733-K R07733-M R07733-P R07733-Q  
DCR: 94577-K 94577-M 94577-P 94577-Q  
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DCN: R00283-K R00283-M R00283-P R00283-Q  
DCR: 107025-P 107025-S 107025-U 108000-K 108000-M 108000-P  
108000-Q 108000-S 108000-U 130130-P 130130-S 130130-U  
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M123 M147 M210 M211 M240 M281 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540  
M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01088-K R01088-M R01088-P R01088-Q  
DCR: 108014-K 108014-M 108014-P 108014-Q 108014-S 108014-U  
M2 \*73\* C316 F013 F015 F620 G013 G100 H1 H100 H141 K0 K3 K353 L9 L943 M1  
M123 M147 M210 M211 M240 M281 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540  
M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01445-K R01445-M R01445-P R01445-Q R03684-K R03684-M  
R03684-P R03684-Q  
DCR: 108017-K 108017-M 108017-P 108017-Q 108017-S 108017-U  
M2 \*74\* C316 F012 F013 F551 G013 G100 H1 H100 H141 H5 H521 H8 K0 K3 K353  
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M521 M531 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905  
M904  
DCN: R19180-K R19180-M R19180-P R19180-Q  
DCR: 108011-K 108011-M 108011-P 108011-Q  
M2 \*75\* D014 D024 D622 F011 F013 F423 G030 G530 H1 H100 H121 H141 H161  
H2 H202 H6 H601 H602 H642 J0 J011 J1 J111 J5 J521 M280 M320 M412  
M431 M511 M521 M530 M541 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512  
M905 M904  
DCN: RA1YB4-K RA1YB4-M RA1YB4-P RA1YB4-Q  
DCR: 91233-K 91233-M 91233-P 91233-Q  
M2 \*76\* D012 D014 D024 D030 D622 D720 G030 G530 H1 H141 H161 H2 H202 H5  
H541 H6 H601 H641 H8 J0 J011 J1 J111 J5 J521 M210 M211 M272 M281

M320 M412 M431 M512 M520 M530 M541 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352  
 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 RIN: 01279  
 DCN: RA03ZR-K RA03ZR-M RA03ZR-P RA03ZR-Q  
 DCR: 159480-K 159480-M 159480-P 159480-Q  
 M2 \*77\* D014 D023 D622 F011 F553 G030 G530 H1 H141 H161 H2 H202 H6 H601  
 H641 J0 J011 J1 J111 J5 J521 M280 M320 M412 M431 M511 M521 M530  
 M541 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R10124-K R10124-M R10124-P R10124-Q  
 DCR: 91082-K 91082-M 91082-P 91082-Q  
 M2 \*78\* D014 D023 D622 F011 F553 H1 H141 H181 H2 H202 H6 H601 H641 J5  
 J521 M210 M212 M273 M281 M320 M412 M431 M511 M521 M530 M540 M720  
 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R04550-K R04550-M R04550-P R04550-Q  
 DCR: 102303-K 102303-M 102303-P 102303-Q  
 M2 \*79\* C108 C316 C540 C720 F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F019 F113 F123 F199  
 G037 G563 H1 H100 H122 H162 H182 H4 H405 H424 H461 H481 H5 H523  
 H8 K0 L8 L812 L817 L819 L821 L822 L831 L834 M1 M126 M141 M149  
 M280 M311 M323 M342 M373 M393 M411 M431 M510 M523 M530 M640 M720  
 M782 M800 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R06700-K R06700-M R06700-P R06700-Q  
 DCR: 130511-K 130511-M 130511-P 130511-Q  
 M2 \*80\* D013 D025 D030 D240 H1 H102 H162 H4 H403 H421 H462 H8 J5 J521  
 M210 M211 M240 M273 M281 M282 M320 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540  
 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
 RIN: 12686  
 DCN: R01571-K R01571-M R01571-P R01571-Q  
 DCR: 107496-K 107496-M 107496-P 107496-Q 107496-S 107496-U  
 M2 \*81\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F019 F123 F199 G037 G563 H1 H100 H101  
 H121 H162 H181 H4 H405 H424 H461 H481 H5 H522 H8 K0 L8 L814 L823  
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 N512 M905 M904  
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 DCR: 98579-K 98579-M 98579-P 98579-Q  
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 M281 M282 M312 M321 M331 M340 M342 M373 M391 M412 M431 M511 M521  
 M530 M541 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 RIN: 41252  
 DCN: R23271-K R23271-M R23271-P R23271-Q  
 DCR: 100514-K 100514-M 100514-P 100514-Q  
 M2 \*83\* G015 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H402 H442 H8 M280 M312 M321 M332 M342  
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 DCR: 7903-K 7903-M 7903-P 7903-Q 7903-S 7903-U  
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 M331 M332 M342 M373 M392 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M720 M782  
 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R11507-K R11507-M R11507-P R11507-Q R13752-K R13752-M  
 R13752-P R13752-Q  
 DCR: 93611-K 93611-M 93611-P 93611-Q  
 M2 \*85\* F011 F012 F423 G010 G100 H1 H100 H102 H182 H2 H211 J0 J013 J1  
 J111 J171 J3 J371 M280 M313 M315 M321 M332 M343 M349 M371 M381  
 M391 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540 M720 M782 M800 N222 N252 N263  
 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R09697-K R09697-M R09697-P R09697-Q  
 DCR: 99480-K 99480-M 99480-P 99480-Q  
 M2 \*86\* D011 D022 D601 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H8 M280 M312 M321 M332



M342 M373 M391 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252  
 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00030-K R00030-M R00030-P R00030-Q  
 DCR: 106919-K 106919-M 106919-P 106919-Q 106919-S 106919-U  
 M2 \*87\* F013 F015 F620 H1 H100 H181 H6 H602 H621 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280  
 M311 M321 M343 M349 M371 M391 M413 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M720  
 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: R18816-K R18816-M R18816-P R18816-Q  
 DCR: 86450-K 86450-M 86450-P 86450-Q  
 M2 \*88\* C316 G013 G100 H1 H100 H141 K0 K3 K351 L4 L431 M210 M214 M231  
 M273 M281 M320 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252  
 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA1UX3-K RA1UX3-M RA1UX3-P RA1UX3-Q  
 DCR: 90063-K 90063-M 90063-P 90063-Q  
 M2 \*89\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252  
 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-P  
 R00050-Q R04769-K R04769-M  
 R04769-P R04769-Q  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-P  
 108879-Q 108879-S 108879-U  
 M2 \*91\* G015 G100 H1 H100 H103 H182 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J3 J371 K0  
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 DCR: 1202290-M 1202290-N 1202290-P 1202290-Q  
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 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
 DCN: RAKHUS-M RAKHUS-N RAKHUS-P RAKHUS-Q  
 DCR: 1202291-M 1202291-N 1202291-P 1202291-Q  
 M2 \*93\* G010 G013 G015 G019 G100 H1 H103 H181 H3 H341 H5 H541 H583 H598  
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 M540 M710 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
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 M2 \*94\* G010 G013 G015 G019 G100 H1 H103 H181 H3 H341 H5 H541 H598 H8 H9  
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 M344 M373 M381 M383 M391 M392 M393 M414 M431 M510 M520 M533 M540  
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 DCN: RAKHUU-M RAKHUU-N RAKHUU-P RAKHUU-Q  
 DCR: 1202293-M 1202293-N 1202293-P 1202293-Q  
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 M431 M510 M520 M533 M540 M710 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383  
 N512 M905 M904  
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M520 M533 M540 M710 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512  
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 M344 M373 M381 M383 M391 M392 M414 M431 M510 M520 M533 M540 M710  
 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
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 DCR: 1202297-M 1202297-N 1202297-P 1202297-Q  
 M2 \*99\* G010 G013 G015 G019 G100 H1 H103 H182 H3 H341 H5 H541 H598 H8 H9  
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 M344 M371 M373 M383 M391 M393 M414 M431 M510 M520 M533 M540 M710  
 M720 M782 N222 N252 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904  
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 DCR: 1202298-M 1202298-N 1202298-P 1202298-Q  
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 0053-P 0053-U 0053-S 0283-P 0283-U 0283-S 0472-P 0472-U 0472-S 1088-P  
 1088-U 1088-S 1445-P 1445-U 1445-S 1452-P 1452-U 1452-S 1553-U 1553-S  
 1553-P 1571-P 1571-U 1571-S 1852-U 1852-S 1852-P 1857-U 1857-S 1857-P  
 1863-U 1863-S 1863-P 1874-U 1874-S 1874-P 1876-U 1876-S 1876-P 1879-U  
 1879-S 1879-P 2028-P 2028-U 2028-S 2044-U 2044-S 2044-P 2073-U 2073-S  
 2073-P  
 M2 \*89\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M720 M782 N222 N252  
 N263 N352 N383 N512 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-P  
 R00050-Q R04769-K R04769-M  
 R04769-P R04769-Q  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-P  
 108879-Q 108879-S 108879-U  
 AN.S DCR-108879  
 CN.P THYROXINE  
 CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
 acid  
 SDCN R00050; R04769  
 SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 16 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-655654 [67] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2005-198175 [67]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2005-537041 [67]  
 TITLE: Medical device, e.g. stent, for drug delivery, comprises  
 biologically active structure having biologically active  
 compounds, attached to stent structure  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B04; B07; D22; P32  
 INVENTOR: AKHTAR A J; MAHMOOD S A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (AKHT-I) AKHTAR A J; (MAHM-I) MAHMOOD S A  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| US 20050187607 | A1   | 20050825 | (200567)* | EN | 22 [7] | A61F002-06 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|----------------|------|----------------|----------|
| US 20050187607 | A1   | US 2004-783727 | 20040220 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2004-783727 20040220

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61F0002-06 [I,A]; A61F0002-06 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

US 20050187607 A1 UPAB: 20051223

NOVELTY - A medical device comprises a biologically active structure having biologically active compounds, attached to a stent structure.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A medical device comprises a stent structure having an outer surface and an inner surface that defines a lumen; and a biologically active structure attached to the stent structure, the biologically active structure having a first layer having a first biologically active compound with a first biological activity, a second layer having a second biologically active compound having a second biological activity, and a third layer located between the first and second layers, where the third layer is impermeable to the first biologically active compound and to the second biologically active compound.

USE - As a medical device, e.g. stent, for drug delivery.

ADVANTAGE - The inventive device is efficient and effective. DESCRIPTION OF

DRAWINGS - The figure illustrates a perspective view showing exposed layers of the biologically active structure attached to the outer surface of the stent structure.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V03B; B01-B02; B01-B03; B01-C05; B02-T; B04-C02; B04-C03; B04-H01; B04-M01; B05-A03B; B05-B01P; B06-A03; B06-D09; B06-D18; B06-E05; B07-D04C; B07-D05; B07-D12; B10-B02A; B10-B02E; B10-B02F; B11-C04; D09-C

## TECH

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Material: The stent structure comprises carbon or carbon fiber.

METALLURGY - Preferred Material: The stent structure comprises stainless steel, a nickel-titanium alloy, a cobalt-chromium alloy, or a magnesium alloy.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Material: The stent structure comprises carbon or carbon fiber.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Material: The first biologically active compound is rapamycin, heparin, anti-thrombin compounds, prostaglandin

inhibitors, platelet inhibitors, taxol, taxol derivatives, tacrolimus, tachrolimus-containing compounds, cytochalasin, paclitaxel, dexamethasone, a steroid compound, methotrexate, prednisolone, corticosterone, budesonide, estrogen, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, 5-fluorouracil, cisplatin, vinblastine, vincristine, epothilones, endostatin, angiostatin, tyrosine kinase inhibitors, lidocaine, bupivacaine, or ropivacaine. The second biologically active compound is a growth factor. The growth factor is granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF), CSF-1, G-CSF Ser. sup. 17, M-CSF, c-mpl ligand (MGDF or TPO), erythropoietin (EPO), stem cell factor (SCF), interleukins 1-16 (IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-14, IL-15, IL-16), fit3 ligand, human growth hormone, B-cell growth factor, B-cell differentiation factor, eosinophil differentiation factor, vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), fibroblast growth factor (FGF)-3, FGF-4, FGF-5, FGF-6, FGF-7, FGF-8, FGF-9, basic fibroblast growth factor, platelet-induced growth factor, transforming growth factor beta 1, acidic fibroblast growth factor, osteonectin, angiopoietin 1, angiopoietin 2, insulin-like growth factor, platelet-derived growth factor AA, platelet derived growth factor BB, platelet-derived growth factor AB, endothelial PAS protein 1, thrombospondin, proliferin, Ephrin-A1, E-selectin, leptin, heparin, thyroxine, or sphingosine 1-phosphate.

**POLYMERS - Preferred Material:** The stent structure comprises a polymer. The first, second and third layers are polymers. The polymer is poly(ethers), poly(ethylene oxide), poly(ethylene glycol), poly(tetramethylene oxide); vinyl polymers, poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates) such as methyl, ethyl, other alkyl, hydroxyethyl methacrylate, acrylic acids, methacrylic acids, poly(vinyl alcohol), poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), poly(vinyl acetate); poly(urethanes); cellulose and its derivatives s alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, ethers, esters, nitrocellulose, cellulose acetates; poly(siloxanes); plasticized nylon, plasticized soft nylon, natural rubber, silicone, medical grade silicone rubbers, ethylene-propylene rubber, silicone-carbonate copolymers, poly(olefins, poly(vinyl-olefins), poly(styrene), poly(halo-olefins), poly(isobutylene), polylactide, polylactideco-glycolide, polydioxanone, thermoplastic elastomers, thermoplastics, expanded PTFE, poly(vinyl-chloride), poly(isoprene), poly(isobutylene), poly(butadiene), polymaleic acid, polyamino acids, polyacrylic acids, polyethylene glycol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohols, hydrophilic polyurethanes, albumin, collagen, **gelatin**, starch, cellulose, dextran, polymaleic acid, polyamino acids and their co-polymers or lightly cross-linked forms, polysaccharides and their derivatives, sodium alginate, karaya gum, **gelatin**, guar gum, agar, align, carrageenans, pectin, locust bean gums, xanthan, starch-based gums, hydroxyalkyl and ethyl ethers of cellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, poly(amides) such as poly(amino acids) and poly(peptides); poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid), poly(glycolic acid), poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid), and poly(caprolactone); poly(anhydrides); poly(orthoesters); and/or poly(carbonates). Third layer comprises ethylene vinyl acetate, latexes, urethanes, polysiloxanes, styrene-ethylene block copolymers, butylene-styrene block copolymers, silicone rubber, Silastic, and aliphatic polyesters, and/or their copolymers.

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Material:** The stent structure comprises carbon or carbon fiber.

**METALLURGY - Preferred Material:** The stent structure comprises stainless steel, a nickel-titanium alloy, a cobalt-chromium alloy, or a magnesium alloy.

**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Material:** The stent structure comprises carbon or carbon fiber.

**PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Material:** The first biologically active

compound is rapamycin, heparin, anti-thrombin compounds, prostaglandin inhibitors, platelet inhibitors, taxol, taxol derivatives, tacrolimus, tacrolimus-containing compounds, cytochalasin, paclitaxel, dexamethasone, a steroid compound, methotrexate, prednisolone, corticosterone, budesonide, estrogen, sulfasalazine, mesalamine, 5-fluorouracil, cisplatin, vinblastine, vincristine, epothilones, endostatin, angiostatin, tyrosine kinase inhibitors, lidocaine, bupivacaine, or ropivacaine. The second biologically active compound is a growth factor. The growth factor is granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF), CSF-1, G-CSF Ser. sup. 17, M-CSF, c-mpl ligand (MGDF or TPO), erythropoietin (EPO), stem cell factor (SCF), interleukins 1-16 (IL-1, IL-2, IL-3, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-7, IL-8, IL-9, IL-10, IL-11, IL-12, IL-13, IL-14, IL-15, IL-16), fit3 ligand, human growth hormone, B-cell growth factor, B-cell differentiation factor, eosinophil differentiation factor, vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), fibroblast growth factor (FGF)-3, FGF-4, FGF-5, FGF-6, FGF-7, FGF-8, FGF-9, basic fibroblast growth factor, platelet-induced growth factor, transforming growth factor beta 1, acidic fibroblast growth factor, osteonectin, angiopoietin 1, angiopoietin 2, insulin-like growth factor, platelet-derived growth factor AA, platelet derived growth factor BB, platelet-derived growth factor AB, endothelial PAS protein 1, thrombospondin, proliferin, Ephrin-A1, E-selectin, leptin, heparin, thyroxine, or sphingosine 1-phosphate.

**POLYMERS - Preferred Material:** The stent structure comprises a polymer. The first, second and third layers are polymers. The polymer is poly(ethers), poly(ethylene oxide), poly(ethylene glycol), poly(tetramethylene oxide); vinyl polymers, poly(acrylates), poly(methacrylates) such as methyl, ethyl, other alkyl, hydroxyethyl methacrylate, acrylic acids, methacrylic acids, poly(vinyl alcohol), poly(vinyl pyrrolidone), poly(vinyl acetate); poly(urethanes); cellulose and its derivatives s alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, ethers, esters, nitrocellulose, cellulose acetates; poly(siloxanes); plasticized nylon, plasticized soft nylon, natural rubber, silicone, medical grade silicone rubbers, ethylene-propylene rubber, silicone-carbonate copolymers, poly(olefins, poly(vinyl-olefins), poly(styrene), poly(halo-olefins), poly(isobutylene), polylactide, polylactideco-glycolide, polydioxanone, thermoplastic elastomers, thermoplastics, expanded PTFE, poly(vinyl-chloride), poly(isoprene), poly(isobutylene), poly(butadiene), polymaleic acid, polyamino acids, polyacrylic acids, polyethylene glycol, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyvinyl alcohols, hydrophilic polyurethanes, albumin, collagen, **gelatin**, starch, cellulose, dextran, polymaleic acid, polyamino acids and their co-polymers or lightly cross-linked forms, polysaccharides and their derivatives, sodium alginate, karaya gum, **gelatin**, guar gum, agar, align, carrageenans, pectin, locust bean gums, xanthan, starch-based gums, hydroxyalkyl and ethyl ethers of cellulose, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, poly(amides) such as poly(amino acids) and poly(peptides); poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid), poly(glycolic acid), poly(lactic-co-glycolic acid), and poly(caprolactone); poly(anhydrides); poly(orthoesters); and/or poly(carbonates). Third layer comprises ethylene vinyl acetate, latexes, urethanes, polysiloxanes, styrene-ethylene block copolymers, butylene-styrene block copolymers, silicone rubber, Silastic, and aliphatic polyesters, and/or their copolymers.

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UPIT 20051223

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UPB 20051223

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DCR: 160852-K 160852-U

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DCR: 91496-K 91496-U

M1 \*06\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA02UP-K RA02UP-U

DCR: 94444-K 94444-U

M1 \*07\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA0QMT-K RA0QMT-U

DCR: 114760-K 114760-U

M1 \*08\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905 M904

DCN: R16255-K R16255-U RA01ZP-K RA01ZP-U

DCR: 134017-K 134017-U 97925-K 97925-U

M1 \*09\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA04TA-K RA04TA-U

DCR: 97947-K 97947-U

M1 \*10\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA04J4-K RA04J4-U

DCR: 97951-K 97951-U

M1 \*11\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905 M904

DCN: RA03SC-K RA03SC-U

DCR: 97954-K 97954-U

M1 \*12\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA04OE-K RA04OE-U

DCR: 97957-K 97957-U

M1 \*13\* M423 M424 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905

DCN: RA01IL-K RA01IL-U

DCR: 97959-K 97959-U

M1 \*14\* F011 F012 F013 F014 F015 F019 F423 F653 G012 G100 H2 H212 H6

H603 H641 J5 J522 K0 K6 K640 L9 L930 M1 M113 M210 M211 M240 M281

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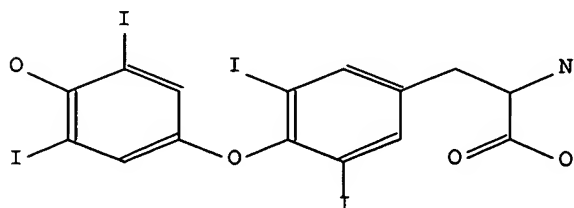
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 DCR: 97942-K 97942-U  
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 DCN: RA04OD-K RA04OD-U  
 DCR: 111285-K 111285-U  
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 DCR: 485836-K 485836-U  
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 M531 M540 M740 M781 N103 Q262 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA8A3D-K RA8A3D-U  
 DCR: 145575-K 145575-U  
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 DCR: 107436-K 107436-U  
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 DCN: RA03RK-K RA03RK-U  
 DCR: 123286-K 123286-U  
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 DCR: 95150-K 95150-U  
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 DCR: 453575-K 453575-U  
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 DCR: 984186-K 984186-U  
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 DCR: 499462-K 499462-U  
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 DCR: 127064-K 127064-U  
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 DCR: 155378-K 155378-U  
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 DCN: RAFHY5-K RAFHY5-U  
 DCR: 278638-K 278638-U  
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 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
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 M2 \*47\* D021 D024 D025 D026 D030 D220 G010 G019 G100 H4 H403 H462 H481  
 H8 J0 J014 J2 J221 J231 J262 J3 J331 J5 J561 M1 M123 M136 M210  
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 RIN: 68515  
 DCN: R18653-K R18653-U  
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 AN.S DCR-108879  
 CN.P THYROXINE  
 CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
 acid  
 SDCN R00050; R04769  
 SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 17 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005-736465 [76] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2006-038440  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2005-224858 [76]

TITLE: Novel polymeric prodrug molecule, useful for covalent conjugation with biological molecule and linkage with carrier, in drug delivery

DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05

INVENTOR: HERSEL U; RAU H; SCHNEPF R; VETTER D; WEGGE T

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (COMP-N) COMPLEX BIOSYSTEMS GMBH

COUNTRY COUNT: 32

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG      | MAIN IPC   |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|---------|------------|
| EP 1579873 | A1   | 20050928 | (200576)* | EN | 52 [42] | A61K047-48 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | APPLICATION   | DATE     |
|------------|------|---------------|----------|
| EP 1579873 | A1   | EP 2004-75892 | 20040323 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: EP 2004-75892 20040323

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0047-48 [I,A]; A61K0047-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

EP 1579873 A1 UPAB: 20060125

NOVELTY - A polymeric prodrug molecule (I), is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A polymeric prodrug molecule (A1) of formula (I), T=D or A;

D=residue of amine containing biological molecule; A=leaving group;

X=spacer moiety such as R5-Y6; Y1,Y2=O, S or NR6;

Y3,Y5=O or S;

Y4=O, NR6 or -C(R7)(R8)-;

Y6=O, S, NR6, succinimide, maleimide, unsaturated carbon-carbon bonds or any heteroatom containing a free electron pair; R3=H, (un)substituted alkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls, substituted aryl, (un)substituted heteroaryl, cyano, nitro, halogen, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, or carboxamidoalkyl; R4=H, (un)substituted alkyl or heteroalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, (un)substituted heteroaryl, alkoxy or heteroalkyloxy, aryloxy, or heteroaryloxy;

R5=(un)substituted alkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls, substituted aryls, (un)substituted heteroaryl, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl or carboxamidoalkyl; R7,R8=H, (un)substituted alkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls, substituted aryls, (un)substituted heteroaryl, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, carboxamidoalkyl, cyano, or halogen; R6=H, (un)substituted alkyl or heteroalkyl, aryls, substituted aryls, (un)substituted heteroaryl;

R1=polymer; R2=H, (un)substituted alkyl or cycloalkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, (un)substituted heteroalkyl, (un)substituted heteroaryl, (un)substituted alkoxy, (un)substituted heteroalkyloxy, aryloxy, heteroaryloxycyano, carboxy, carboxyalkyl, alkylcarbonyl, carboxamidoalkyl, or peptide sequences which can be cleaved by specific enzymes; n=zero or positive integer; and Ar=multi-substituted aromatic hydrocarbon or aromatic heterocycle. INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (i) synthesizing (M1) A1, involves providing a starting molecule of formula (II), synthesizing at least one intermediate compound from the starting molecule of formula (II), and attaching an amine-containing a biological molecule to at least one intermediate compound; (ii) hydrolyzing (M2) A1, involves placing A1 in solution with a pH of approximately 7.4;

(iii) administrating (M3) a biological compound to a living organism, involves attaching an amine-containing compound through an amino group to a carrier molecule by means of a linker, administering the amine-containing compound and

the carrier molecule to the living organism, and cleaving the amine-containing compound from the carrier molecule by means of a substantially non-enzymatic reaction; and (iv) cleaving (M4) the amine-containing compound from the carrier by a substantially non-enzymatic reaction of the linker, where the amine-containing compound is attached to a carrier by a linker.

Y2, Y3, X, R3, R4, Ar=same as defined above.

USE - A1 is useful for covalent conjugation with a biological active molecule and linkage with a carrier, where in A1, R1 is a protecting group PG1 and T is a leaving group. The biological active molecule is an amine-containing molecule, preferably peptide, polypeptide or protein (claimed). A1 is useful in therapeutic applications for drug delivery.

ADVANTAGE - A1 has reversible linkages to amino groups of biologically active entities such as peptides, proteins, natural products or synthetic chemical compounds. A1 can be administered without concomitant side effects and risk of over dosing. Release of drug occurs over time, thus reducing the necessity of repeated and frequent administration of the drug.

DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the diagram of the carrier-linked prodrug.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A10-E01; A12-V01; B02-Z; B04-C01; B04-C02; B04-C03B; B04-C03C; B04-C03D; B04-G01; B04-H01; B04-H02; B04-H04; B04-H05; B04-H06; B04-H07; B04-H08; B04-H14; B04-H15; B04-H17; B04-H19; B04-J01; B04-J04A; B04-J05; B04-J07; B04-J08; B04-J09; B04-J10; B04-J11; B04-L01; B04-L03; B04-L05; B04-N01; B04-N02; B06-D01; B07-D03; B07-D05; B07-D12; B07-E01; B09-D01; B10-A10; B10-B01B; B10-B03B; B14-A01; B14-A02; B14-A04; B14-C01; B14-C03; B14-F01; B14-F02C; B14-F02D; B14-H01; B14-J01; B14-P01

#### TECH

BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Method: In (M1), a first one of at least one intermediate compound is an intermediate molecule of formula (III) synthesized by acylating Y2 with formula called (IIIa).

R2, Y1-Y4, R3, R4, Ar=same as defined above; and

PG1=first protecting group or absent.

The second one of the at least one intermediate compound is an intermediate compound of formula (IV) formed by activating the compound of formula (III) with an activating agent, A, Y1-Y5, R2-R4, PG1, X=same as defined above.

The activating agent is chosen from activating agents consisting of 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate or disuccinyl carbonate. The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the compound of formula (IV) by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of removal of the reversible first protecting group PG1, where the step of removal of the reversible protection group PG1 is carried out using a reagent chosen from reagents consisting of trifluoroacetic acid or dithiothreitol (DTT). (M1) further involves a step of attaching a polymer R1 to X to form a third one of the at least one intermediate compound, having a formula (VI), and a step of activating the third one of the at least one intermediate compound by using an activating agent to form a fourth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having a formula (VII). R1-R4, Y1-Y4, X, Ar=same as defined above.

The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the compound of formula (VII) by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of reacting the starting molecule of formula (II) with a first polymer R1 to attach the first polymer R1 to X, a step of protecting Y2 with a second protective group PG2, and a step of activating the molecule with an activating agent and reacting with an amine-containing biological molecule to form a fifth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having formula (X).

R1, R3, R4, Y2, Y3, Y5, X, Ar=same as defined above; and

PG2=PG1.

The second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, and Y2 is acylated with formula called (IIIa). The removal of the second reversible group PG2 is carried out using a reagent chosen from reagents consisting of trifluoroacetic acid or DTT. (M1) further involves a step of attaching a removable first protecting group PG1 to X and a removable second protecting group PG2 to the starting compound of formula (II) and thereafter activation using an activating agent to form a sixth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having formula (VIII), and a step of removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1, where the second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, and Y2 is acylated with formula called (IIIa).

R3, R4, Y2, Y3, Y5, X, Ar, PG1=same as defined above; and  
PG2=PG1.

The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the sixth one of the at least one intermediate compound by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1. In (M2), the solution is an extra-cellular fluid. In (M3), the amine-containing compound is a biological molecule, where the biological molecule is chosen from biological molecules consisting of small molecule biological agents or biopolymers. The biopolymers are chosen from proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides and peptide nucleic acids. The polypeptides are chosen from ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alpha-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, anicrod serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1alpha, 1beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11 or 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alpha2a, alpha2b, alpha2c, betala, betalb, gammala or gammalb), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology. The protein is chosen from antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins. The small molecule biological agents are chosen from central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting, and cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group, preferably chosen from daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantron, aminoglutethimide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, clinafloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, enoxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, spretnomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamin, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin and carbutamid. (M3)-(M4) is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The substantially

non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis or intramolecular cyclization. (M3) further involves a step of sterically protecting at least portion of the linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The amine-containing compound is a biological compound.

BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Method: In (M1), a first one of at least one intermediate compound is an intermediate molecule of formula (III) synthesized by acylating Y2 with formula called (IIIa).

R2,Y1-Y4,R3,R4,Ar=same as defined above; and

PG1=first protecting group or absent.

The second one of the at least one intermediate compound is an intermediate compound of formula (IV) formed by activating the compound of formula (III) with an activating agent, A, Y1-Y5, R2-R4, PG1, X=same as defined above.

The activating agent is chosen from activating agents consisting of 4-nitrophenyl chloroformate or disuccinyl carbonate. The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the compound of formula (IV) by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of removal of the reversible first protecting group PG1, where the step of removal of the reversible protection group PG1 is carried out using a reagent chosen from reagents consisting of trifluoroacetic acid or dithiothreitol (DTT). (M1) further involves a step of attaching a polymer R1 to X to form a third one of the at least one intermediate compound, having a formula (VI), and a step of activating the third one of the at least one intermediate compound by using an activating agent to form a fourth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having a formula (VII). R1-R4, Y1-Y4, X, Ar=same as defined above.

The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the compound of formula (VII) by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of reacting the starting molecule of formula (II) with a first polymer R1 to attach the first polymer R1 to X, a step of protecting Y2 with a second protective group PG2, and a step of activating the molecule with an activating agent and reacting with an amine-containing biological molecule to form a fifth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having formula (X).

R1,R3,R4,Y2,Y3,Y5,X,Ar=same as defined above; and

PG2=PG1.

The second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, and Y2 is acylated with formula called (IIIa). The removal of the second reversible group PG2 is carried out using a reagent chosen from reagents consisting of trifluoroacetic acid or DTT. (M1) further involves a step of attaching a removable first protecting group PG1 to X and a removable second protecting group PG2 to the starting compound of formula (II) and thereafter activation using an activating agent to form a sixth one of the at least one intermediate compound and having formula (VIII), and a step of removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1, where the second protecting group PG2 is removed from Y2, and Y2 is acylated with formula called (IIIa).

R3,R4,Y2,Y3,Y5,X,Ar,PG1=same as defined above; and

PG2=PG1.

The amine-containing biological molecule is attached to the sixth one of the at least one intermediate compound by displacement of the leaving group A. (M1) further involves a step of removing the first protecting group PG1 from X and attaching a polymer R1. In (M2), the solution is an extra-cellular fluid. In (M3), the amine-containing compound is a biological molecule, where the biological molecule is chosen from biological molecules consisting of small molecule biological agents or biopolymers. The biopolymers are chosen from proteins, polypeptides, oligonucleotides and peptide nucleic acids. The polypeptides are chosen from ACTH, adenosine deaminase, agalsidase, albumin, alpha-1 antitrypsin (AAT), alpha-1 proteinase inhibitor (API), alteplase, anistreplase, ancrod

serine protease, antibodies (monoclonal or polyclonal, and fragments or fusions), antithrombin III, antitrypsins, aprotinin, asparaginases, biphalin, bone-morphogenic proteins, calcitonin (salmon), collagenase, DNase, endorphins, enfuvirtide, enkephalins, erythropoietins, factor VIIa, factor IX, fibrinolysin, fusion proteins, follicle-stimulating hormones, granulocyte colony stimulating factor (G-CSF), galactosidase, glucagon, glucocerebrosidase, granulocyte macrophage colony stimulating factor (GM-CSF), phospholipase-activating protein (PLAP), gonadotropin chorionic (hCG), hemoglobins, hepatitis B vaccines, hirudin, hyaluronidases, iduronidase, immune globulins, influenza vaccines, interleukins (1alpha, 1beta, 2, 3, 4, 6, 10, 11 or 12), IL-1 receptor antagonist (rhIL-1ra), insulins, interferons (alpha2a, alpha2b, alpha2c, beta1a, beta1b, gamma1a or gamma1b), keratinocyte growth factor (KGF), transforming growth factors, lactase, leuprolide, levothyroxine, luteinizing hormone, lyme vaccine, natriuretic peptide, pancrelipase, papain, parathyroid hormone, PDGF, pepsin, platelet activating factor acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH), prolactin, protein C, octreotide, secretin, sermorelin, superoxide dismutase (SOD), somatropins (growth hormone), somatostatin, streptokinase, sucrase, tetanus toxin fragment, tilactase, thrombins, thymosin, thyroid stimulating hormone, thyrotropin, tumor necrosis factor (TNF), TNF receptor-IgG Fc, tissue plasminogen activator (tPA), thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH), urate oxidase, urokinase, vaccines, and plant protein such as lectin and ricin. The protein is a protein prepared by recombinant DNA technology. The protein is chosen from antibody fragments, single chain binding proteins, catalytic antibodies and fusion proteins. The small molecule biological agents are chosen from central nervous system-active agents, anti-infective, anti-neoplastic, antibacterial, anti-fungal, analgesic, contraceptive, anti-inflammatory, steroidal, vasodilating, vasoconstricting, and cardiovascular agents with at least one primary or secondary amino group, preferably chosen from daunorubicin, doxorubicin, idarubicin, mitoxantron, aminoglutethimide, amantadine, diaphenylsulfon, ethambutol, sulfadiazin, sulfamerazin, sulfamethoxazol, sulfalen, clinafloxacin, moxifloxacin, ciprofloxacin, enoxacin, norfloxacin, neomycin B, spectinomycin, kanamycin A, meropenem, dopamin, dobutamin, lisinopril, serotonin, acivicin and carbutamid. (M3)-(M4) is carried out in an extra-cellular fluid. The substantially non-enzymatic reaction comprises a step of hydrolysis or intramolecular cyclization. (M3) further involves a step of sterically protecting at least portion of the linker by a sterically demanding carrier. The amine-containing compound is a biological compound.

ABEX DEFINITIONS - Preferred Definitions: - biological molecule=small molecule biological agents or biopolymers; - R4=small substituents consisting of H, methyl, ethyl, ethoxy, methoxy or other alkyls, or 1-6C heteroalkyl; - R1=polymers consisting of polyalkyloxy-based polymers like poly(propylene glycol) or poly(ethylene glycol), dextran, chitosan, hyaluronic acid and derivatives, alginate, agarose, cellulose, hydroxyethyl starch and other carbohydrate-based polymers, poly(vinyl alcohols), poly(oxazolines), poly(anhydrides), poly(ortho esters), poly(carbonates), poly(urethanes), poly(acrylic acids), poly(acrylamides) such as hydroxypropylmethacrylamide, poly(organophosphazenes), poly(vinylpyrrolidone), poly(cyanoacrylates), poly(esters) such as poly(lactic acid) or poly(glycolic acids), poly(iminocarbonates), poly(amino acids) such as poly(glutamic acid), collagen, gelatin, copolymers, grafted copolymers, cross-linked polymers, or block copolymers from the above listed polymers, preferably branched or hyperbranched polymer, dendrimer or dense star polymer, or biopolymer being cross-linked polymer, more preferably protein, most preferably albumin, antibody, fibrin, casein or any other plasma protein, in which R1 further includes one or more biological substances, and the polymer of R1 has at least one functional group for linkage to X; - functional

group=carboxylic acid and activated derivatives, amino, maleimide, thiol, sulfonic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, hydroxyl, aldehyde, ketone, hydrazine, isocyanate, isothiocyanate, phosphoric acid and derivatives, phosphonic acid and derivatives, haloacetyl, alkyl halides, acryloyl, arylating agents like aryl fluorides, hydroxylamine, disulfides like pyridyl disulfide, vinyl sulfone, vinyl ketone, diazoalkanes, diazoacetyl compounds, epoxide, oxirane or aziridine, preferably thiol, maleimide, amino, carboxylic acid and derivatives, carbonate and derivatives, carbamate and derivatives, aldehyde and haloacetyl; - A=leaving groups consisting of chloride, nitrophenoxy, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, N-hydroxyazobenzotriazolyl, pentafluorophenoxy or N-hydroxysulfosuccinimidyl; - moiety=formula (1), preferably chosen from formulae (1a)-(1c), most preferably (1b) or (1c); - R2=(un)substituted non-toxic alkyl or heteroalkyl, containing preferably a nucleophile that can perform a nucleophilic attack at the carbonyl carbon and thus catalyze the cleavage of a masking group by intramolecular catalysis or cyclization; - R7, R8=not hydrogen; - Ar=one of formulae (2a)-(2r), e.g., (2a)-(2d); and - W'=O, S or N.

EXAMPLE - Compound such as rh-insulin (80 mg (13.8  $\mu$ M)) were dissolved in 4 ml 1/1 (v/v) dimethylformamide (DMF)/dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO) and 40  $\mu$ l diisopropylethylamine (DIEA) was added. Then, 8 mg (17  $\mu$ M) 5-(and-6)-carboxyfluorescein succinimidyl ester was added and the solution was stirred for 30 minutes at room temperature. The 4 ml 5/5/1 (v/v/v) acetonitrile/water/acetic acid were added, product N(epsilonB29)-fluorescein insulin was purified by reverse phase-HPLC and lyophilized. Then, N(epsilonB29)-fluorescein insulin in 1/1 (v/v) DMF/DMSO was mixed with a solution of 0.9 eq carbonate of formula 7a in DMSO. The resulting solutions were adjusted to basic pH with DIEA and stirred for 3 hours at room temperature. RP-HPLC purification gave Mmt-protected intermediates. After lyophilization, the intermediates were dissolved in 95/5 (v/v) trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)/triethylsilane and stirred for 5 minutes. Volatiles were removed under nitrogen flow, to obtain N(epsilonB29)-fluorescein-N(alphaA1)-linker-insulin, which was purified by RP-HPLC.

IT

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AN.S DCR-99369

CN.P LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

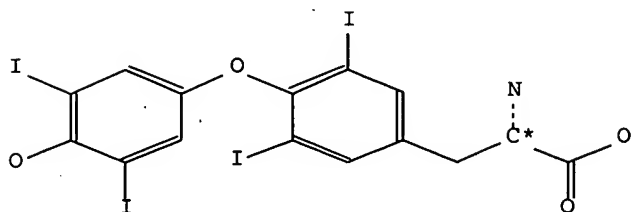
CN.S 2-amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionate; Sodium

SDCN RA11AM

CM 1

Na

CM 2



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THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004-375494 [35] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2004-141131 [35]

TITLE:

Glutamine supplementation for humans, useful for treating patients suffering from e.g. short bowel syndrome, burns, bone marrow transplant, oral mucositis, cancer and Crohn's disease, comprises oral administration of N-acetyl L-glutamine

DERWENT CLASS:

A96; B05; D13

INVENTOR:

BAXTER J; BAXTER J H; LOPEZ J M; RUEDA R

PATENT ASSIGNEE:

(ABBO-C) ABBOTT LAB

COUNTRY COUNT:

98

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG      | MAIN IPC    |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|---------|-------------|
| WO 2004032653 | A1   | 20040422 | (200435)* | EN | 72 [11] |             |
| AU 2002356547 | A1   | 20040504 | (200465)  | EN |         |             |
| EP 1555896    | A1   | 20050727 | (200549)  | EN |         |             |
| BR 2002015904 | A    | 20050809 | (200554)  | PT |         |             |
| IN 2005000269 | P3   | 20050930 | (200579)  | EN |         | A23L001-304 |
| MX 2005003732 | A1   | 20051001 | (200620)  | ES |         |             |
| JP 2006515832 | W    | 20060608 | (200638)  | JA | 50      |             |
| CN 1717184    | A    | 20060104 | (200639)  | ZH |         | A23L001-304 |
| KR 2005071562 | A    | 20050707 | (200643)  | KO |         | A61K031-195 |
| ZA 2005002843 | A    | 20061025 | (200674)  | EN | 78      | A23L000-00  |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|---------------|------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2004032653 | A1   | WO 2002-US32172 | 20021008 |

AU 2002356547 A1  
 BR 2002015904 A  
 CN 1717184 A  
 EP 1555896 A1  
 EP 1555896 A1  
 BR 2002015904 A  
 IN 2005000269 P3  
 MX 2005003732 A1  
 JP 2006515832 W  
 KR 2005071562 A  
 JP 2006515832 W  
 MX 2005003732 A1  
 KR 2005071562 A  
 IN 2005000269 P3  
 ZA 2005002843 A

AU 2002-356547 20021008  
 BR 2002-15904 20021008  
 CN 2002-829976 20021008  
 EP 2002-807988 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 WO 2002-US32172 20021008  
 JP 2004-542984 20021008  
 MX 2005-3732 20050407  
 KR 2005-706141 20050408  
 IN 2005-MN269 20050411  
 ZA 2005-2843 20050407

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | PATENT NO       |
|---------------|------|-----------------|
| AU 2002356547 | A1   | WO 2004032653 A |
| EP 1555896    | A1   | WO 2004032653 A |
| BR 2002015904 | A    | WO 2004032653 A |
| MX 2005003732 | A1   | WO 2004032653 A |
| JP 2006515832 | W    | WO 2004032653 A |
| KR 2005071562 | A    | WO 2004032653 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-973105 20021008

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A23L; A23L001-304; A61K031-195

SECONDARY: A61K

IPC ORIGINAL: A23L0001-304 [I,A]; A23L0001-304 [I,C]; A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0031-7016 [I,A]; A61K0031-715 [I,A]; A61K0033-14 [I,A]; A61K0038-00 [I,A]; A61P0003-00 [I,C]; A61P0003-02 [I,A]

IPC RECLASSIF.: A23L0001-29 [I,A]; A23L0001-29 [I,C]; A23L0001-304 [I,A]; A23L0001-304 [I,C]; A23L0001-305 [I,A]; A23L0001-305 [I,C]; A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-195 [I,A]

BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2004032653 A1 UPAB: 20060203

NOVELTY - Glutamine supplementation to a human comprises oral administration of N-acetyl L-glutamine (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for: (1) an aqueous solution comprising 30-95 mEq of sodium per liter, 10-30 mEq of potassium per liter, 10-40 mEq of citrate per liter, less than 3.0 weight/weight% of one carbohydrate and at least 5 mmoles (I) or its nutritionally equivalent salt per liter of solution; (2) a liquid nutritional formula comprising 8-35 % protein component, 36-76 % carbohydrate component, 6-51 % lipid component and 1-23 % on a caloric basis of the protein component in the form of (I); (3) an adult liquid nutritional formula comprising 14-35 % protein component, 36-76 % carbohydrate component, 6-51 % lipid component and at least 35 mmoles of (I) per 1000 kcal of nutritional formula; and (4) a liquid nutritional formula for a non-adult patient comprising 8-25 % protein component, 39-44 % carbohydrate component, 45-51 % lipid component and at least 5.0 mmoles of (I) per 1000 kcal of nutritional formula.

ACTIVITY - Antiinflammatory; Gastrointestinal-Gen.; Vulnerary; Immunosuppressive; Cytostatic; Antimicrobial; Anti-HIV.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given in the source material.

USE - (A) Is used as supplement for human suffering from gastrointestinal surgery, gastrointestinal resection, small bowel transplant, post surgical

trauma, starvation, critical illnesses and injuries, multiple trauma, short bowel syndrome, burns, bone marrow transplant, AIDS, oral mucositis, cancer, Celiac disease, Crohn's disease, necrotizing enterocolitis, prematurity of the gut, infections of opportunity, gut deterioration associated with particular treatments and/or restricted oral feeding. (A) and the liquid nutritional formula is used to decrease intestinal mucosal inflammation in patients suffering from Celiac Disease (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The compositions possess long-term stability and provide the N-acetyl-L-glutamine in a form that is bioavailable for humans. The glutamine and N-acetyl-L-glutamine unavailability studies were conducted to determine the proportion of bioavailable N-acetyl-L-glutamine in comparison to glutamine in pig models. The results showed that the N-acetyl-L-glutamine was absorbed mainly in the duodenum and upper jejunum, where at least 77% of the dose was adsorbed. MANUAL CODE:

CPI: A12-V01; B04-B01B; B04-B01C1; B04-B01C2; B04-C02B2;  
B04-N01; B04-N02; B05-A01A; B05-A01B; B05-A03A; B05-B01P;  
B05-C04; B05-C07; B05-C08; B06-D01; B07-A02; B07-D03;  
B07-D09; B10-A07; B10-A17; B10-B01B; B10-B02; B10-B02B;  
B10-C02; B10-C04E; B14-E10C; B14-E11; B14-G02D; D03-H01T

#### TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Components: The nutritionally acceptable salt is lithium, sodium (preferably sodium chloride, sodium citrate, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate and/or sodium hydroxide), potassium (present in the quantity of 10-30 mEq/l, preferably potassium citrate, potassium chloride, potassium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, and/or potassium hydroxide), calcium, magnesium or aluminum, ammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, diethylamine, ethylamine, tributylamine, pyridine, N,N-dimethylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylmorpholine, dicyclohexylamine, procaine, dibenzylamine, N,N-dibenzylphenethylamine, 1-ephedrine, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, ethylenediamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, piperidine and/or piperazine.

The lipid component in liquid nutritional formula is coconut oil, soy oil, corn oil, olive oil, safflower oil, high oleic safflower oil, MCT oil (medium chain triglycerides), sunflower oil, high oleic sunflower oil, palm oil, palm olein, canola oil, fish oil, palm kernel oil, menhaden oil, soybean oil, cottonseed oil, lecithin, lipid sources of arachidonic acid and docosahexaenoic acid and/or structured lipids.

The protein component in the liquid nutritional formula comprises intact protein is soy based protein, milk based protein, casein protein, whey protein, rice protein, beef collagen, pea protein and/or potato protein (preferably free amino acids selected from the group consisting of tryptophan, tyrosine, cyst(e)ine, methionine, arginine, leucine, valine, lysine, phenylalanine, isoleucine, threonine, histidine, carnitine, taurine, glycine, alanine, serine, cystine, thyroxine aspartic acid, asparagine, glutamic acid glutamine hydroxylysine, proline and/or hydroxyproline).

The carbohydrate component in the liquid nutritional formula is hydrolyzed, intact, natural and chemically modified starches sourced from corn, tapioca, rice or potato in waxy or non-waxy forms, sugars such as glucose, fructose, lactose, sucrose, maltose, high fructose corn syrup and/or corn syrup solids.

Preferred Composition: The aqueous solution comprises 20-300 (preferably 25-200) mmoles of (I) or its nutritionally equivalent salt per liter of solution and the aqueous solution further contains 30-80 mEq/l chloride (preferably potassium chloride, sodium chloride and zinc chloride), at least one flavor, at least one artificial sweetener, at least one gelling agent (agar, alginic acid and salts, gum arabic, gum acacia, gum talha, cellulose derivatives, curdlan, fermentation gums, furcellaran, gelatin, gellan gum, gum ghatti, guar gum, iota carrageenan, irish moss, kappa carrageenan, konjac flour, gum karaya, lambda carrageenan,

larch gum/arabinogalactan, locust bean gum, pectin, tamarind seed gum, quantity sufficient to support a self supporting three dimensional structure), rice flour and a indigestible oligosaccharide.

In the aqueous solution, the carbohydrate is a mixture of dextrose and fructose, present in a quantity of less than 3 wt/wt% (preferably 30-95 mEq/l) and 20-40 mEq/l citrate (potassium citrate, sodium citrate and citric acid) is present.

The nutritional formula comprises 35-160 mmoles (preferably 5-32 mmoles) of (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt per 1000 kcal of nutritional formula.

The liquid nutritional formula contains less than 1.0 g of pyroglutamic acid per 1500 kcal of formula.

The liquid nutritional formula is an adult formula and it contains 14-35 % protein component, 36-76 % carbohydrate component, 6-41 % lipid component and (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt comprises 1-25 % on a caloric basis of the protein calories.

The liquid nutritional formula is for non-adults and it contains 8-25 % protein component, 39-44 % carbohydrate component, 45-51 % lipid component and (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt comprises 1-12 % on a caloric basis of the protein calories.

The liquid nutritional formula further comprises vitamins and minerals (calcium, phosphorus, sodium, chloride, magnesium, manganese, iron, copper, zinc, selenium, iodine, chromium, molybdenum, m-inositol, carnitine, taurine, Vitamins A, C, D, E, K and/or the B complex.

**PHARMACEUTICALS** - Preferred Components: The nutritionally acceptable salt is lithium, sodium (preferably sodium chloride, sodium citrate, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate and/or sodium hydroxide), potassium (present in the quantity of 10-30 mEq/l, preferably potassium citrate, potassium chloride, potassium bicarbonate, potassium carbonate, and/or potassium hydroxide), calcium, magnesium or aluminum, ammonium, tetramethylammonium, tetraethylammonium, methylamine, dimethylamine, trimethylamine, triethylamine, diethylamine, ethylamine, tributylamine, pyridine, N,N-dimethylaniline, N-methylpiperidine, N-methylmorpholine, dicyclohexylamine, procaine, dibenzylamine, N,N-dibenzylphenethylamine, 1-ephedrine, N,N'-dibenzylethylenediamine, ethylenediamine, ethanolamine, diethanolamine, piperidine and/or piperazine.

The lipid component in liquid nutritional formula is coconut oil, soy oil, corn oil, olive oil, safflower oil, high oleic safflower oil, MCT oil (medium chain triglycerides), sunflower oil, high oleic sunflower oil, palm oil, palm olein, canola oil, fish oil, palm kernel oil, menhaden oil, soybean oil, cottonseed oil, lecithin, lipid sources of arachidonic acid and docosahexaenoic acid and/or structured lipids.

The protein component in the liquid nutritional formula comprises intact protein is soy based protein, milk based protein, casein protein, whey protein, rice protein, beef collagen, pea protein and/or potato protein (preferably free amino acids selected from the group consisting of tryptophan, tyrosine, cyst(e)ine, methionine, arginine, leucine, valine, lysine, phenylalanine, isoleucine, threonine, histidine, carnitine, taurine, glycine, alanine, serine, cystine, **thyroxine** aspartic acid, asparagine, glutamic acid glutamine hydroxylysine, proline and/or hydroxyproline).

The carbohydrate component in the liquid nutritional formula is hydrolyzed, intact, natural and chemically modified starches sourced from corn, tapioca, rice or potato in waxy or non-waxy forms, sugars such as glucose, fructose, lactose, sucrose, maltose, high fructose corn syrup and/or corn syrup solids.

**Preferred Composition:** The aqueous solution comprises 20-300 (preferably 25-200) mmoles of (I) or its nutritionally equivalent salt per liter of solution and the aqueous solution further contains 30-80 mEq/l chloride (preferably potassium chloride, sodium chloride and zinc chloride), at

least one flavor, at least one artificial sweetener, at least one gelling agent (agar, alginic acid and salts, gum arabic, gum acacia, gum talha, cellulose derivatives, curdlan, fermentation gums, furcellaran, gelatin, gellan gum, gum ghatti, guar gum, iota carrageenan, irish moss, kappa carrageenan, konjac flour, gum karaya, lambda carrageenan, larch gum/arabinogalactan, locust bean gum, pectin, tamarind seed gum, quantity sufficient to support a self supporting three dimensional structure), rice flour and an indigestible oligosaccharide.

In the aqueous solution, the carbohydrate is a mixture of dextrose and fructose, present in a quantity of less than 3 wt/wt% (preferably 30-95 mEq/l) and 20-40 mEq/l citrate (potassium citrate, sodium citrate and citric acid) is present.

The nutritional formula comprises 35-160 mmoles (preferably 5-32 mmoles) of (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt per 1000 kcal of nutritional formula.

The liquid nutritional formula contains less than 1.0 g of pyroglutamic acid per 1500 kcal of formula.

The liquid nutritional formula is an adult formula and it contains 14-35 % protein component, 36-76 % carbohydrate component, 6-41 % lipid component and (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt comprises 1-25 % on a caloric basis of the protein calories.

The liquid nutritional formula is for non-adults and it contains 8-25 % protein component, 39-44 % carbohydrate component, 45-51 % lipid component and (I) or its nutritionally acceptable salt comprises 1-12 % on a caloric basis of the protein calories.

The liquid nutritional formula further comprises vitamins and minerals (calcium, phosphorus, sodium, chloride, magnesium, manganese, iron, copper, zinc, selenium, iodine, chromium, molybdenum, m-inositol, carnitine, taurine, Vitamins A, C, D, E, K and/or the B complex.

IT UPIT 20060203

107779-CL; 200757-CL; 90158-CL; 290162-CL; 107463-CL; 184616-CL;  
184599-CL; 91613-CL; 102715-CL; 106388-CL; 108125-CL; 114557-CL;  
114054-CL; 95167-CL; 91442-CL; 150656-CL; 107462-CL; 91676-CL; 184614-CL;  
91481-CL; 159573-CL; 196509-CL; 79488-CL; 2853-CL; 100051-CL; 127-CL;  
114-CL; 110843-CL; 130597-CL; 37837-CL; 303-CL; 104520-CL; 3589-CL;  
104516-CL; 68-CL; 104530-CL; 107317-CL; 107324-CL; 2-CL; 97308-CL;  
108879-CL; 129496-CL; 6144-CL; 129495-CL; 8188-CL; 129499-CL;  
2634-CL; 86970-CL; 129502-CL; 99222-CL; 191493-CL; 849-CL; 107360-CL;  
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129500-CL; 129481-CL; 90095-CL; 73384-CL; 2006-CL; 8189-CL; 8182-CL;  
92130-CL; 8186-CL

CMC UPB 20060203

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0187-U 0241-U 0243-U 0292-U 0300-U 0312-U 0419-U 0480-U 0671-U 0828-U  
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2471-U 250717-U 278358-U 278359-U 3589-U 849-U 87079-U 95073-U  
95095-U 99996-U

M2 \*33\* A111 A960 C710 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J013 J1 J173 M280 M313 M321  
M332 M344 M349 M381 M391 M411 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M630  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904  
DCN: R04004-K R04004-M R04004-T RA00DB-K RA00DB-M RA00DB-T  
DCR: 104520-U 129792-U 129991-K 129991-M 129991-T 129991-U  
130395-U 132222-U 133510-U 140723-U 140725-U 159060-U 191428-U  
2471-U 250717-U 278358-U 278359-U 3589-K 3589-M 3589-T 3589-U  
849-U 87079-U 95073-U 95095-U 99996-U

M2 \*34\* A119 A940 C101 C106 C108 C530 C730 C801 C802 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01202-K R01202-M R01202-T  
DCR: 104516-K 104516-M 104516-T 104516-U

M2 \*35\* A119 A940 C106 C108 C530 C730 C801 C802 C803 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01391-K R01391-M R01391-T  
DCR: 68-K 68-M 68-T 68-U

M2 \*36\* A119 A940 C101 C108 C550 C730 C801 C802 C804 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01512-K R01512-M R01512-T  
DCR: 104530-K 104530-M 104530-T 104530-U

M2 \*37\* A111 A940 C101 C106 C108 C530 C730 C801 C802 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01151-K R01151-M R01151-T  
DCR: 107317-K 107317-M 107317-T 107317-U

M2 \*38\* A111 A940 C106 C108 C530 C730 C801 C802 C803 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01287-K R01287-M R01287-T  
DCR: 107324-K 107324-M 107324-T 107324-U 130928-U

M2 \*39\* A111 A940 C101 C108 C550 C730 C801 C802 C804 C805 C807 M411 M431  
M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01514-K R01514-M R01514-T  
DCR: 2-K 2-M 2-T 2-U

M2 \*40\* H1 H101 H182 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M315 M321 M332  
M344 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211  
Q220 M905 M904  
DCN: R09442-K R09442-M R09442-T  
DCR: 97308-K 97308-M 97308-T

M2 \*41\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714  
P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
108879-U

M2 \*42\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J012 J1 J171 J3 J371 M280 M313 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00115-K R00115-M R00115-T R04748-K R04748-M R04748-T  
DCR: 129496-K 129496-M 129496-T 129496-U 133611-U 99344-U

M2 \*43\* D011 D601 H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714  
P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00080-K R00080-M R00080-T  
DCR: 6144-K 6144-M 6144-T 6144-U 6146-U

M2 \*44\* G013 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312

M321 M332 M343 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782  
 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01372-K R01372-M R01372-T  
 DCR: 129495-K 129495-M 129495-T 129495-U 132393-U 6139-U  
 M2 \*45\* H1 H100 H181 H4 H498 H9 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01628-K R01628-M R01628-T R12616-K R12616-M R12616-T  
 DCR: 132396-U 141452-U 188253-U 2466-U 8188-K 8188-M 8188-T  
 8188-U  
 M2 \*46\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J012 J1 J171 J3 J371 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00300-K R00300-M R00300-T R04745-K R04745-M R04745-T  
 DCR: 129499-K 129499-M 129499-T 129499-U 132388-U 8682-U  
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 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01409-K R01409-M R01409-T R15414-K R15414-M R15414-T  
 DCR: 132391-U 2140-U 2634-K 2634-M 2634-T 2634-U  
 M2 \*48\* F012 F014 F423 H4 H401 H421 H8 J0 J011 J1 J111 M280 M320 M413  
 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01383-K R01383-M R01383-T R15419-K R15419-M R15419-T  
 DCR: 42841-U 86970-K 86970-M 86970-T 86970-U  
 M2 \*49\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J012 J1 J172 M280 M313 M321 M332 M343 M349 M381  
 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905  
 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00116-K R00116-M R00116-T R04750-K R04750-M R04750-T  
 DCR: 129502-K 129502-M 129502-T 129502-U 132384-U 144395-U  
 1979-U  
 M2 \*50\* B415 B701 B713 B720 B815 B831 C108 C810 H1 H181 H4 H402 H482 H8  
 K0 L7 L722 M210 M211 M273 M283 M312 M313 M321 M332 M342 M343  
 M383 M392 M411 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M640 M782 P420 P433 P714  
 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904  
 DCN: RA00JW-K RA00JW-M RA00JW-T  
 DCR: 99222-K 99222-M 99222-T 99222-U  
 M2 \*51\* J0 J013 J1 J171 J3 J372 M210 M211 M262 M281 M313 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904  
 DCN: R21793-K R21793-M R21793-T R21794-K R21794-M R21794-T  
 DCR: 191493-K 191493-M 191493-T  
 M2 \*52\* H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J013 J1 J173 M280 M313 M321 M332 M344 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00419-K R00419-M R00419-T R07029-K R07029-M R07029-T  
 DCR: 104520-U 129792-U 129991-U 130395-U 132222-U 133510-U  
 140723-U 140725-U 159060-U 191428-U 2471-U 250717-U 278358-U  
 278359-U 3589-U 849-K 849-M 849-T 849-U 87079-U 95073-U 95095-U  
 99996-U  
 M2 \*53\* A111 A940 A960 A970 C710 C730 M411 M417 M431 M782 P420 P433 P714  
 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904  
 DCN: R04810-K R04810-M R04810-T  
 DCR: 107360-K 107360-M 107360-T  
 M2 \*54\* A119 A940 A960 A970 C710 C730 M411 M417 M431 M782 P420 P433 P714  
 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904  
 DCN: R04811-K R04811-M R04811-T RA08AV-K RA08AV-M RA08AV-T  
 DCR: 104541-K 104541-M 104541-T 130216-K 130216-M 130216-T  
 M2 \*55\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 K0 L2 L250 M280 M314 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01661-K R01661-M R01661-T R04740-K R04740-M R04740-T  
 DCR: 129510-K 129510-M 129510-T 129510-U 132386-U 138194-U  
 8685-U

M2 \*56\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M315 M321 M333 M340 M342 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01221-K R01221-M R01221-T R15416-K R15416-M R15416-T  
 DCR: 129498-K 129498-M 129498-T 129498-U 130280-U 2414-U 75192-U

M2 \*57\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M314 M321 M333 M340 M342 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R00312-K R00312-M R00312-T R15415-K R15415-M R15415-T  
 DCR: 131311-U 6129-U 8181-K 8181-M 8181-T 8181-U 8193-U

M2 \*58\* H1 H101 H182 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M315 M321 M332 M343 M349 M381  
 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905  
 M904 M910

DCN: R01655-K R01655-M R01655-T R11509-K R11509-M R11509-T  
 DCR: 133908-U 147471-U 68180-U 8187-K 8187-M 8187-T 8187-U  
 8200-U

M2 \*59\* G010 G100 H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714  
 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R00243-K R00243-M R00243-T  
 DCR: 2407-U 8184-K 8184-M 8184-T 8184-U 8197-U

M2 \*60\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M315 M321 M333 M340 M342 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01258-K R01258-M R01258-T  
 DCR: 129497-K 129497-M 129497-T 129497-U 132385-U 98268-U

M2 \*61\* H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M313 M321 M331  
 M343 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211  
 Q220 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R00480-K R00480-M R00480-T R15418-K R15418-M R15418-T  
 DCR: 129500-K 129500-M 129500-T 129500-U 132394-U 6268-U

M2 \*62\* F014 F521 H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M413 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714  
 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01636-K R01636-M R01636-T R04743-K R04743-M R04743-T  
 DCR: 129481-K 129481-M 129481-T 129481-U 132389-U 145033-U  
 72864-U

M2 \*63\* H1 H181 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 K0 L7 L722 M210 M211  
 M273 M283 M313 M321 M332 M343 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420  
 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904

DCN: R12266-K R12266-M R12266-T  
 DCR: 90095-K 90095-M 90095-T

M2 \*64\* H1 H100 H181 K0 K4 K431 M280 M312 M321 M332 M342 M383 M391 M416  
 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R00828-K R00828-M R00828-T  
 DCR: 73384-K 73384-M 73384-T 73384-U

M2 \*65\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M311 M321 M342 M349 M381 M391  
 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904  
 M910

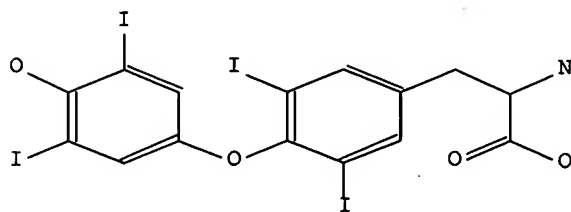
DCN: R00104-K R00104-M R00104-T R04091-K R04091-M R04091-T  
 R13229-K R13229-M R13229-T

DCR: 133604-U 134730-U 2006-K 2006-M 2006-T 2006-U

M2 \*66\* H1 H100 H181 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M331 M340 M342 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01210-K R01210-M R01210-T R10414-K R10414-M R10414-T  
 DCR: 8189-K 8189-M 8189-T 8189-U 8214-U 8757-K 8757-M 8757-T

8757-U  
M2 \*67\* H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M312 M321 M332  
M343 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211  
Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01654-K R01654-M R01654-T R15417-K R15417-M R15417-T  
DCR: 6373-U 8182-K 8182-M 8182-T 8182-U  
M2 \*68\* H1 H101 H182 J0 J012 J1 J172 K0 K2 K224 M280 M312 M322 M343 M349  
M381 M392 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220  
M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00117-K R00117-M R00117-T  
DCR: 7460-U 92130-K 92130-M 92130-T 92130-U  
M2 \*69\* H1 H100 H181 H5 H598 H9 J0 J011 J1 J171 M210 M211 M271 M281 M313  
M321 M332 M343 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P420 P433 P714  
P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00187-K R00187-M R00187-T R03585-K R03585-M R03585-T  
DCR: 132390-U 134498-U 21317-U 8186-K 8186-M 8186-T 8186-U  
M6 \*70\* P420 P433 P714 P731 Q211 Q220 R280 M905  
DRN 0038-U 0050-U 0080-U 0104-U 0115-U 0116-U 0117-U 0135-U 0187-U  
0241-U 0243-U 0292-U 0300-U 0312-U 0419-U 0480-U 0671-U 0828-U 1151-U  
1202-U 1210-U 1221-U 1258-U 1287-U 1372-U 1383-U 1391-U 1409-U 1512-U  
1514-U 1628-U 1636-U 1654-U 1655-U 1661-U 1678-U 1706-U 1833-U 1863-U  
M2 \*41\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P420 P433 P714  
P731 Q211 Q220 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
108879-U  
AN.S DCR-108879  
CN.P THYROXINE  
CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
acid  
SDCN R00050; R04769  
SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 19 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-508920 [49] WPIX  
TITLE: Pharmaceutical composition for thyroid hormones, includes  
glycerol, gelatin and liothyronine and/or  
levothyroxine  
DERWENT CLASS: A11; A25; A32; A96; B05; P33  
INVENTOR: DI M A; DI MARTINO A; GARAVANI A; MARCHIORRI M; MARTINO A  
D; MATEO A

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (ALTE-N) ALTELGON SA; (ALTE-N) ALTERGON SA; (GARA-I) GARAVANI A; (MARC-I) MARCHIORRI M; (MART-I) MARTINO A D; (MATE-I) MATEO A  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 34

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC    |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|-------------|
| EP 1433478     | A1   | 20040630 | (200449)* | EN | 57 [0] | A61K009-00  |
| CA 2454050     | A1   | 20040627 | (200449)  | EN |        | A61K038-24  |
| JP 2004210780  | A    | 20040729 | (200450)  | JA | 59     | A61K031-198 |
| US 20040219218 | A1   | 20041104 | (200473)  | EN |        | A61K031-198 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|----------------|------|-----------------|----------|
| EP 1433478     | A1   | EP 2003-29729   | 20031223 |
| CA 2454050     | A1   | CA 2003-2454050 | 20031223 |
| US 20040219218 | A1   | US 2003-746386  | 20031223 |
| JP 2004210780  | A    | JP 2003-432097  | 20031226 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: IT 2002-MI2777 20021227

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0047-10 [I,A];  
 ; A61K0047-10 [I,C]; A61K0047-34 [I,A]; A61K0047-34 [I,C];  
 ; A61K0047-42 [I,A]; A61K0047-42 [I,C]; A61K0009-00 [I,A];  
 ; A61K0009-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-30 [I,C]; A61K0009-40 [I,A];  
 ; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]; A61P0005-00 [I,C];  
 ; A61P0005-14 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

EP 1433478 A1 UPAB: 20050706

NOVELTY - A pharmaceutical composition of thyroid hormones, comprises in the dried state, 31-60 weight% glycerol; 1-10 weight% water; and 30-68 weight% gelatin of bovine, pig or fish origin. It comprises liothyronine (T3) and/or levothyroxine or levothyroxina (T4) or their salts in 0.001-1 weight%, in a uniform matrix of soft-gel that can be taken by mouth without chewing, in which the matrix has the form and dimensions of a tablet or capsule.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - An INDEPENDENT CLAIM is also included for a procedure for obtaining the above pharmaceutical composition comprising preparing a medicated gelatinous mixture comprising 10-50 weight% type A or B gelatin of bovine, pig or fish origin, 10-50 weight% glycerol, 0-10 weight% ethanol, 20-80 weight% water, and 0.001-1 weight% T3 and/or T4 or their salts; melting the medicated gelatinous mixture at 30-55degreesC (preferably 35-45degreesC) or at 30-80degreesC (preferably 40-65degreesC); feeding the mixture into the cavities of the shaping cylinders of a Rotary Die type machine for forming capsules; cutting and taking the pharmaceutical composition in a uniform matrix of soft-gel; drying the pharmaceutical composition in a uniform matrix of soft-gel. The medicated injected material comprises 30-95 (preferably 50-90) weight% glycerol, 0-50 (preferably 0-30) weight% ethanol, 0-50 (preferably 0-45) weight% water, 0-50 (preferably 5-20) weight% gelatin, and T3 and/or T4. After complete melting, the temperature of the gelatinous mixture is lowered to 45+/-5degreesC.

ACTIVITY - Antithyroid.

USE - Thyroid hormones intervene in the development, especially in the central nervous system and act in the adult, maintaining the metabolic homeostasis and influencing the function of all organs. Particularly T3 and T4 are useful for treating hypothyroidism. T4 is useful for suppressing the secretion of thyrotropin in the treatment of simple non-endemic goiter, chronic lymphocytic

thyroiditis and cancer of the thyroid. T4 sodium salt is used in combination with antithyroid agents in the treatment of thyrotoxicosis to prevent the onset of goiter and hypothyroidism.

**ADVANTAGE** - The composition provides a thyroid hormone formulation in a uniform matrix of soft gel which can be taken by mouth without chewing, and in which the matrix has the form and dimensions of a tablet or capsule. It allows safe and stable administration by mouth within the ambit of the narrow therapeutic index prescribed in the case of thyroid dysfunction.

**MANUAL CODE:** CPI: A03-C01; A12-V01; B04-C03C; B04-D01; B04-N02;  
B10-B02B; B10-E04C; B12-M11B; B12-M11C; B14-J01; B14-N11

**TECH**

**PHARMACEUTICALS** - Preferred Composition: The composition comprises 32-55 (preferably 32.5-50) wt.% glycerol and 1-10 wt.% water. It comprises 0.5-5 wt.% ethanol. It may comprise 3-10 wt.% other polyhydroxy or polyether alcohols, preferably sorbitol/sorbitans, 1,2-propyleneglycol, polyethyleneglycols, and/or mannitol. It comprises excipients, e.g. solid additives that modify the characteristics of the release of thyroid hormones from the uniform matrix of soft-gel, or preservatives and/or coloring agents. It is provided on the outside with enteric layer(s) to facilitate ingestion.

**TI** Pharmaceutical composition for thyroid hormones, includes glycerol, gelatin and liothyronine and/or levothyroxine

**TT** **TT: PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITION THYROID HORMONE GLYCEROL GELATIN**

**NOV** **NOVELTY** - A pharmaceutical composition of thyroid hormones, comprises in the dried state, 31-60 wt.% glycerol; 1-10 wt.% water; and 30-68 wt.% gelatin of bovine, pig or fish origin. It comprises liothyronine (T3) and/or levothyroxine or levothyroxina (T4) or their salts in 0.001-1 wt.%, in a uniform matrix of soft-gel that can be taken by mouth without chewing, in which the matrix has the form and dimensions of a tablet or capsule.

**DETD** **DETAILED DESCRIPTION** - An **INDEPENDENT CLAIM** is also included for a procedure for obtaining the above pharmaceutical composition comprising preparing a medicated gelatinous mixture comprising 10-50 wt.% type A or B gelatin of bovine, pig or fish origin, 10-50 wt.% glycerol, 0-10 wt.% ethanol, 20-80 wt.% water, and 0.001-1 wt.% T3 and/or T4 or their salts; melting the medicated gelatinous mixture at 30-55degreesC (preferably 35-45degreesC) or at 30-80degreesC (preferably 40-65degreesC); feeding the mixture into the cavities of the shaping cylinders of a Rotary Die type machine for forming capsules; cutting and taking the pharmaceutical composition in a uniform matrix of soft-gel; drying the pharmaceutical composition in a uniform matrix of soft-gel. The medicated injected material comprises 30-95 (preferably 50-90) wt.% glycerol, 0-50 (preferably 0-30) wt.% ethanol, 0-50 (preferably 0-45) wt.% water, 0-50 (preferably 5-20) wt.% gelatin, and T3 and/or T4. After complete melting, the temperature of the gelatinous mixture is lowered to 45+/-5degreesC.

**ABEX** **EXAMPLE** - A medicated gelatinous mixture comprising (wt.%) gelatin (35.1), sorbitol/sorbitans (52.7), glycerin (8.1), levothyroxine (T4) (0.07), and water (4.03) was melted at 50degreesC. The mixture was kept at 45degreesC and fed into a rotary die type machine for forming capsules. The capsule-shaping cavities formed uniform matrices of soft-gel.

**DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER**

L86 ANSWER 20 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-689534 [65] WPIX  
DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-189021 [65]  
DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2003-550969 [65]  
TITLE: Medical device for treating e.g. restenosis contains a coating, small molecule or antibody and/or its fragment

directed against an antigen on a progenitor endothelial cell surface

DERWENT CLASS: A96; B04; D16; D22; P31; P32; P34

INVENTOR: COTTONE R J; KULISZEWSKI M A; KUTRYK M; KUTRYK M J B; ROWLAND S M

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (COTT-I) COTTONE R J; (KULI-I) KULISZEWSKI M A; (KUTR-I) KUTRYK M J B; (ORBU-N) ORBUS MEDICAL TECHNOLOGIES INC; (ROWL-I) ROWLAND S M

COUNTRY COUNT: 101

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG      | MAIN IPC   |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|---------|------------|
| WO 2003065881  | A2   | 20030814 | (200365)* | EN | 38 [16] |            |
| US 20030229393 | A1   | 20031211 | (200382)  | EN |         | A61F002-06 |
| AU 2003219718  | A1   | 20030902 | (200425)  | EN |         |            |
| EP 1471853     | A2   | 20041103 | (200472)  | EN |         |            |
| KR 2004105704  | A    | 20041216 | (200525)  | KO |         | A61F002-06 |
| JP 2005523050  | W    | 20050804 | (200552)  | JA | 54      | A61L031-00 |
| CN 1627924     | A    | 20050615 | (200563)  | ZH |         | A61F002-06 |
| AU 2003219718  | A8   | 20051020 | (200615)  | EN |         | A61F002-06 |
| US 20060135476 | A1   | 20060622 | (200642)  | EN |         |            |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND           | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2003065881  | A2             | WO 2003-US3645  | 20030206 |
| US 20030229393 | A1 CIP of      | US 2001-808867  | 20010315 |
| US 20030229393 | A1 Provisional | US 2002-354680P | 20020206 |
| AU 2003219718  | A1             | AU 2003-219718  | 20030206 |
| AU 2003219718  | A8             | AU 2003-219718  | 20030206 |
| CN 1627924     | A              | CN 2003-803370  | 20030206 |
| EP 1471853     | A2             | EP 2003-715988  | 20030206 |
| JP 2005523050  | W              | JP 2003-565314  | 20030206 |
| US 20030229393 | A1             | US 2003-360567  | 20030206 |
| EP 1471853     | A2             | WO 2003-US3645  | 20030206 |
| JP 2005523050  | W              | WO 2003-US3645  | 20030206 |
| KR 2004105704  | A              | KR 2004-711431  | 20040723 |
| US 20060135476 | A1 Provisional | US 2000-189674P | 20000315 |
| US 20060135476 | A1 Provisional | US 2000-201789P | 20000504 |
| US 20060135476 | A1 CIP of      | US 2001-808867  | 20010315 |
| US 20060135476 | A1 Provisional | US 2002-354680P | 20020206 |
| US 20060135476 | A1 Div Ex      | US 2003-360567  | 20030206 |
| US 20060135476 | A1             | US 2005-297105  | 20051208 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND        | PATENT NO       |
|----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| AU 2003219718  | A1 Based on | WO 2003065881 A |
| EP 1471853     | A2 Based on | WO 2003065881 A |
| JP 2005523050  | W Based on  | WO 2003065881 A |
| AU 2003219718  | A8 Based on | WO 2003065881 A |
| US 20060135476 | A1 CIP of   | US 7037332 B    |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2002-354680P 20020206

US 2001-808867 20010315

US 2003-360567 20030206

US 2000-189674P 20000315  
 US 2000-201789P 20000504  
 US 2005-297105 20051208

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61F002-06; A61L031-00  
 SECONDARY: A61F002-02; A61F002-04; A61L029-04  
 IPC ORIGINAL: A61F0002-06 [I,A]; A61F0002-06 [I,C]; A61F0002-82 [I,A];  
 A61F0002-82 [I,C]; A61K0031-716 [I,C]; A61K0031-721 [I,A]  
 IPC RECLASSIF.: A61B [I,S]; A61F0002-06 [I,A]; A61F0002-06 [I,C];  
 A61F0002-82 [I,C]; A61F0002-84 [I,A]; A61K0039-395 [I,A];  
 A61K0039-395 [I,C]; A61L [I,S]; A61L0017-00 [I,A];  
 A61L0017-00 [I,C]; A61L0027-00 [I,A]; A61L0027-00 [I,C];  
 A61L0029-00 [I,A]; A61L0029-00 [I,C]; A61L0031-00 [I,A];  
 A61L0031-00 [I,C]; A61M0001-14 [I,A]; A61M0001-14 [I,C];  
 A61M0025-00 [I,A]; A61M0025-00 [I,C]; A61M0029-02 [I,A];  
 A61M0029-02 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2003065881 A2 UPAB: 20060120

NOVELTY - A medical device (D1) contains a coating, antibody and/or its fragment, and at least one compound (C1). The coating comprises at least one layer of a biocompatible matrix. The antibody or its fragment is directed against an antigen on a progenitor endothelial cell surface; and (C1) stimulates the progenitor endothelial cell to form an endothelium on the surface of (D1).

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) a composition for coating (D1) comprising the biocompatible matrix, the antibody and/or antibody fragment and (C1); (2) coating (D1) involving application of at least one layer of the matrix to the surface of (D1), followed by application of the antibody or its fragment and at least one (C1) stimulating endothelial cell growth and differentiation, to the matrix; and (3) a device (D2) containing the coating and at least one small molecule. The small molecule interacts with the antigen and immobilizes the progenitor endothelial cell on the surface of (D2). ACTIVITY - Antiarteriosclerotic; Vasotropic; Thrombolytic; Cytostatic.

Fullerene-coated samples with and without antibodies were implanted into Yorkshire pigs. The stents were explanted for histology. Photomicrographs of cross sections through coronary artery explants of stents that had been implanted for 4 weeks showed that the fullerene coated explants inhibited excessive intimal hyperplasia at the stent site as compared to a bare stent control.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - For treating vascular diseases e.g. atherosclerosis, restenosis, thrombosis, occlusion of a blood vessel and tubular organ; and for inhibiting intimal hyperplasia (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The functional endothelium formed on the surface of the implanted device facilitates formation of confluent layer of the endothelial cell on the target blood vessel segment and hence inhibits neo-intimal hyperplasia. The medical device inhibits restenosis and thromboembolic complications resulting from device implantation over an extended period of time; reduces the morbidity and mortality of coronary artery atherosclerosis diseases; and improves the prognosis of the individuals being treated. The device has increased biocompatibility over the prior art, and decreases or inhibits migration and differentiation of smooth muscle cells, as well as collagen deposition along the inner luminal surface at the site of the implantation of the device.

## TECH

INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Device: (D1) and (D2) are selected from stent, stent graft, synthetic vascular graft, heart valve, catheter, vascular prosthetic filter, pacemaker, pacemaker lead, defibrillator, patent foramen ovale septal closure device, vascular clip, vascular



aneurysm occluder, hemodialysis graft, hemodialysis catheter, atrioventricular shunt, aortic aneurysm graft device, venous valve, suture, vascular anastomosis clip, indwelling venous catheter, indwelling arterial catheter, vascular sheath or drug delivery port (preferably stent). The stent additionally comprises a jacket, a covering or an encapsulation. The biocompatible matrix comprises C20-150 in the number of carbon atoms (preferably C60-70) fullerene, synthetic or naturally-occurring material. (D2) additionally comprises a compound (C1). ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The naturally-occurring material of the matrix is collagen, elastin, laminin, fibronectin, vitronectin, heparin, fibrin, cellulose or amorphous carbon. The small molecule used in (D2) is peptide, glycopeptide, lipopeptide, lipid, saccharide, an organic molecule, an inorganic molecule or a nucleic acid. The small molecule is a ligand to the surface antigen.

BIOLOGY - Preferred Components: The surface antigen is CD133, CD34, CDw90, CD117, HLA-DR, VEGFR-1, VEGFR-2, Muc-18 (CD146), CD130, stem cell antigen (Sca-1), stem cell factor 1 (SCF/c-Kit ligand), Tie-2 or HAD-DR (preferably CD34, CD133 or Tie-2). (C1) is a growth factor selected from vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), fibroblast growth factor (FGF)-3 - FGF-9, basic fibroblast growth factor, platelet-induced growth factor, transforming growth factor beta-1, acidic fibroblast growth factor, osteonectin, angiopoietin 1 or 2, insulin-like growth factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor, platelet-derived growth factors AA, BB and AB, endothelial PAS protein 1, thrombospondin, proliferin, Ephrin-A1, E-selectin, leptin, heparin, interleukin 8, thyroxine, or sphingosine 1-phosphate (preferably the VEGF family or Angiopoietin family, especially Ang-2). The progenitor endothelial cell is a human cell.

Preferred Antibody: The antibody is monoclonal, polyclonal, chimeric or humanized (preferably monoclonal antibody comprising large or small molecule of the antibody including Fab or F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments), and specific for a human progenitor endothelial cell. The antibody or its fragment, or the small molecule is optionally covalently attached, or tethered covalently by a linker molecule to the outermost layer of the matrix coating (D1) or (D2) respectively. The antibody or its fragment is directed against the progenitor endothelial cell surface antigen. The antibody fragment comprises small molecules of synthetic or natural origin.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The encapsulation is cross-linked PVA hydrogel, ePTFE, PTFE, porous HDPE, polyurethane, or polyethylene terephthalate. The synthetic vascular graft comprises a material selected from cross-linked polyvinyl alcohol, ePTFE, PTFE, porous HDPE, polyurethane, and polyethylene terephthalate. The synthetic material of the matrix is polyurethane, segmented polyurethane-urea/heparin, poly-L-lactic acid, cellulose ester, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl acetate, dextran or gelatin (preferably dextran, gelatin or fullerene). The fullerene is arranged as a nanotube.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The stent comprises material selected from stainless steel, NiTi, MP35N, and chromium alloy.

INSTRUMENTATION AND TESTING - Preferred Device: (D1) and (D2) are selected from stent, stent graft, synthetic vascular graft, heart valve, catheter, vascular prosthetic filter, pacemaker, pacemaker lead, defibrillator, patent foramen ovale septal closure device, vascular clip, vascular aneurysm occluder, hemodialysis graft, hemodialysis catheter, atrioventricular shunt, aortic aneurysm graft device, venous valve, suture, vascular anastomosis clip, indwelling venous catheter, indwelling arterial catheter, vascular sheath or drug delivery port (preferably stent). The stent additionally comprises a jacket, a covering or an encapsulation. The biocompatible matrix comprises C20-150 in the number of carbon atoms (preferably C60-70) fullerene, synthetic or

naturally-occurring material. (D2) additionally comprises a compound (C1).  
**ORGANIC CHEMISTRY** - Preferred Components: The naturally-occurring material of the matrix is collagen, elastin, laminin, fibronectin, vitronectin, heparin, fibrin, cellulose or amorphous carbon. The small molecule used in (D2) is peptide, glycopeptide, lipopeptide, lipid, saccharide, an organic molecule, an inorganic molecule or a nucleic acid. The small molecule is a ligand to the surface antigen.

**BIOLOGY** - Preferred Components: The surface antigen is CD133, CD34, CDw90, CD117, HLA-DR, VEGFR-1, VEGFR-2, Muc-18 (CD146), CD130, stem cell antigen (Sca-1), stem cell factor 1 (SCF/c-Kit ligand), Tie-2 or HAD-DR (preferably CD34, CD133 or Tie-2). (C1) is a growth factor selected from vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF), fibroblast growth factor (FGF)-3 - FGF-9, basic fibroblast growth factor, platelet-induced growth factor, transforming growth factor beta-1, acidic fibroblast growth factor, osteonectin, angiopoietin 1 or 2, insulin-like growth factor, granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor, platelet-derived growth factors AA, BB and AB, endothelial PAS protein 1, thrombospondin, proliferin, Ephrin-A1, E-selectin, leptin, heparin, interleukin 8, thyroxine, or sphingosine 1-phosphate (preferably the VEGF family or Angiopoietin family, especially Ang-2). The progenitor endothelial cell is a human cell.

**Preferred Antibody:** The antibody is monoclonal, polyclonal, chimeric or humanized (preferably monoclonal antibody comprising large or small molecule of the antibody including Fab or F(ab')<sub>2</sub> fragments), and specific for a human progenitor endothelial cell. The antibody or its fragment, or the small molecule is optionally covalently attached, or tethered covalently by a linker molecule to the outermost layer of the matrix coating (D1) or (D2) respectively. The antibody or its fragment is directed against the progenitor endothelial cell surface antigen. The antibody fragment comprises small molecules of synthetic or natural origin.

**POLYMERS** - Preferred Components: The encapsulation is cross-linked PVA hydrogel, ePTFE, PTFE, porous HDPE, polyurethane, or polyethylene terephthalate. The synthetic vascular graft comprises a material selected from cross-linked polyvinyl alcohol, ePTFE, PTFE, porous HDPE, polyurethane, and polyethylene terephthalate. The synthetic material of the matrix is polyurethane, segmented polyurethane-urea/heparin, poly-L-lactic acid, cellulose ester, polyethylene glycol, polyvinyl acetate, dextran or **gelatin** (preferably dextran, **gelatin** or fullerene). The fullerene is arranged as a nanotube.

**INORGANIC CHEMISTRY** - Preferred Components: The stent comprises material selected from stainless steel, NiTi, MP35N, and chromium alloy.

DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 21 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004-065497 [07] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2004-027457 [07]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N2004-052949 [07]  
 TITLE: Stable immobilization of receptor and antibody in which proteins other than receptor to be immobilized coexist  
 DERWENT CLASS: B04; C07; D16; S03  
 INVENTOR: ISHIBASHI T; MATSUI K; NISHII S; OKA M  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (TOYM-C) TOYOBO KK  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

# PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC    |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|-------------|
| JP 2003302404 | A    | 20031024 | (200407)* | JA | 10 [5] | G01N033-543 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO       | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|-----------------|------|----------------|----------|
| JP 2003302404 A |      | JP 2002-106890 | 20020409 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: JP 2002-106890 20020409

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: C07K0017-00 [I,C]; C07K0017-08 [I,A]; G01N0033-53 [I,A];  
G01N0033-53 [I,C]; G01N0033-543 [I,A]; G01N0033-543 [I,C]  
; G01N0033-566 [I,A]; G01N0033-566 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

JP 2003302404 A UPAB: 20050528

NOVELTY - Stable immobilization (M1) of receptor and antibody in which proteins other than receptor to be immobilized coexist, is new.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following:

(1) a composition (I) of the immobilized receptor produced by (M1);  
(2) measuring (M2) a substance using (I) by competing method; and (3) a kit for (M2), comprising (I).

USE - (M1) is useful for stable immobilization of a receptor. (I) is useful for measuring a substance by competing method (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The method is effective and efficient. DESCRIPTION OF DRAWINGS - The figure shows the activity antibody solid phase (drawing includes non-English language text). MANUAL CODE: CPI: B04-B04C; B04-G01; B04-K01; B04-N01; B04-N02;

B04-N03; B04-N04; B11-C07A; B12-K04E; B14-L01; B14-L06;  
C04-B04C; C04-G01; C04-K01; C04-N01; C04-N02; C04-N03;  
C04-N04; C11-C07A; C12-K04E; C14-L01; C14-L06; D05-H07;  
D05-H09; D05-H11  
EPI: S03-E14H4

## TECH

BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Method: In (M1), the protein other than the receptor for immobilization do not interfere in joint reaction which the receptor recognizes and does not interact with the receptor. Proteins other than the receptor to immobilize is antibody, albumin, milk protein, gelatin, chaperonin or saccharide binding protein. The saccharide binding proteins couples with the carbohydrate which the receptor has. The antibody is immunoglobulin G, M, D or A of fish, amphoteric, reptiles or mammal, preferably rodent teeth origin of mammal. Antibody is the fragment of constant region of an immunoglobulin. The albumin, milk protein, gelatin is of birds, fish, amphoteric, reptile or mammalian origin. The saccharide binding protein is derived from micro organism, plants, birds, fish, amphoteric or mammals, preferably are microorganisms derived maltose binding protein (MBP), sucrose binding protein or a plant lectin. The plant lectins are concanavalin A and wheat germ lectin. The receptor is an antibody, receptor in a nucleus, a transmembrane type receptor, a transporter, a co-factor or a coactivator. The receptor recognizes a low molecular weight compound which has hormone action or biological action. The low molecular weight compounds are an estradiol, testosterone, an androsterone, a progesterone, dihydro testosterone, mibolerone, R1881, diethyl stilbestrol, thyroxine, the tri iodo thyronine, the estriol, bisphenol A, an alkylphenol, agrochemicals, antiseptic an antifungal agent, antibiotics, PCBs, and dioxins. The receptor is androgen receptor (AR) an estrogen receptor (ER), a glucocorticoid receptor (GR), a mineralocorticoid receptor (MCR), a progesterone receptor (PR), a vitamin-D receptor (VDR), the Thyroid receptor (TR), a retinoic-acid receptor (RAR), a retinoid receptor (AHR), an allyl hydrocarbon receptor (AHR), pregnane receptor, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR) or its variants.

BIOTECHNOLOGY - Preferred Method: In (M1), the protein other than the receptor for immobilization do not interfere in joint reaction which the receptor recognizes and does not interact with the receptor. Proteins other than the receptor to immobilize is antibody, albumin, milk protein, gelatin, chaperonin or saccharide binding protein. The saccharide binding proteins couples with the carbohydrate which the receptor has. The antibody is immunoglobulin G, M, D or A of fish, amphoteric, reptiles or mammal, preferably rodent teeth origin of mammal. Antibody is the fragment of constant region of an immunoglobulin. The albumin, milk protein, gelatin is of birds, fish, amphoteric, reptile or mammalian origin. The saccharide binding protein is derived from micro organism, plants, birds, fish, amphoteric or mammals, preferably are microorganisms derived maltose binding protein (MBP), sucrose binding protein or a plant lectin. The plant lectins are concanavalin A and wheat germ lectin. The receptor is an antibody, receptor in a nucleus, a transmembrane type receptor, a transporter, a co-factor or a coactivator. The receptor recognizes a low molecular weight compound which has hormone action or biological action. The low molecular weight compounds are an estradiol, testosterone, an androsterone, a progesterone, dihydro testosterone, mibolerone, R1881, diethyl stilbestrol, thyroxine, the tri iodo thyronine, the estriol, bisphenol A, an alkylphenol, agrochemicals, antiseptic an antifungal agent, antibiotics, PCBs, and dioxins. The receptor is androgen receptor (AR) an estrogen receptor (ER), a glucocorticoid receptor (GR), a mineralocorticoid receptor (MCR), a progesterone receptor (PR), a vitamin-D receptor (VDR), the Thyroid receptor (TR), a retinoic-acid receptor (RAR), a retinoid receptor (AHR), an allyl hydrocarbon receptor (AHR), pregnane receptor, peroxisome proliferator-activated receptors (PPAR) or its variants.

DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 22 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-314136 [31] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-082409 [31]  
 TITLE: Composition used for treating hypothyroidism comprises thyroid hormones in capsules or swallowable uniform soft gel matrices  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05  
 INVENTOR: DI M A; DI MARTINO A; GARAVANI A; MARCHIORRI M; MATEO E A; MATEO ECHANAGORRIA A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (ALTE-N) ALTELGON SA; (ALTE-N) ALTERGON SA; (DMAR-I) DI MARTINO A; (GARA-I) GARAVANI A; (MARC-I) MARCHIORRI M; (ECHA-I) MATEO ECHANAGORRIA A  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 33

#### PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| CA 2392545     | A1   | 20030102 | (200331)* | EN | 24 [0] |            |
| EP 1291021     | A2   | 20030312 | (200331)  | EN |        |            |
| JP 2003081870  | A    | 20030319 | (200331)  | JA | 35     | A61K038-23 |
| US 20030050344 | A1   | 20030313 | (200331)  | EN |        |            |
| IT 1325723     | B    | 20041221 | (200560)  | IT |        | A61K031-00 |
| EP 1291021     | B1   | 20051214 | (200602)  | EN |        |            |
| DE 60207951    | E    | 20060119 | (200614)  | DE |        |            |
| ES 2254559     | T3   | 20060616 | (200641)  | ES |        |            |
| DE 60207951    | T2   | 20060803 | (200651)  | DE |        |            |

#### APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|----------------|------|-----------------|----------|
| CA 2392545     | A1   | CA 2002-2392545 | 20020628 |
| IT 1325723     | B    | IT 2001-MI1401  | 20010702 |
| DE 60207951    | E    | DE 2002-607951  | 20020702 |
| EP 1291021     | A2   | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| EP 1291021     | B1   | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| DE 60207951    | E    | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| ES 2254559     | T3   | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |
| JP 2003081870  | A    | JP 2002-193024  | 20020702 |
| US 20030050344 | A1   | US 2002-188467  | 20020702 |
| DE 60207951    | T2   | DE 2002-607951  | 20020702 |
| DE 60207951    | T2   | EP 2002-14594   | 20020702 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | PATENT NO  |
|-------------|------|------------|
| DE 60207951 | E    | EP 1291021 |
| ES 2254559  | T3   | EP 1291021 |
| DE 60207951 | T2   | EP 1291021 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: IT 2001-MI1401 20010702

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K031-00

SECONDARY: A61K

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0038-24 [I,A]; A61K0038-24 [I,A]; A61K0038-24 [I,C];  
A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0038-22 [I,A]; A61K0038-22 [I,C]; A61K0038-23 [I,A];  
A61K0038-23 [I,C]; A61K0047-02 [I,C]; A61K0047-04 [I,A];  
A61K0047-10 [I,A]; A61K0047-10 [I,C]; A61K0047-12 [I,A];  
A61K0047-12 [I,C]; A61K0047-24 [I,A]; A61K0047-24 [I,C];  
A61K0047-26 [I,A]; A61K0047-26 [I,C]; A61K0047-34 [I,A];  
A61K0047-34 [I,C]; A61K0047-36 [I,A]; A61K0047-36 [I,C];  
A61K0047-38 [I,A]; A61K0047-38 [I,C]; A61K0047-42 [I,A];  
A61K0047-42 [I,C]; A61K0009-06 [I,A]; A61K0009-06 [I,C];  
A61K0009-10 [I,A]; A61K0009-10 [I,C]; A61K0009-14 [I,A];  
A61K0009-14 [I,C]; A61K0009-16 [I,A]; A61K0009-16 [I,C];  
A61K0009-28 [I,A]; A61K0009-28 [I,C]; A61K0009-48 [I,A];  
A61K0009-48 [I,C]; A61P0001-00 [I,A]; A61P0001-00 [I,C];  
A61P0025-00 [I,C]; A61P0025-22 [I,A]; A61P0003-00 [I,A];  
A61P0003-00 [I,C]; A61P0003-04 [I,A]; A61P0005-00 [I,C];  
A61P0005-14 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

CA 2392545 A1 UPAB: 20060202

NOVELTY - Composition comprises thyroid hormones in capsules or swallowable uniform soft gel matrices, preferably comprising gelatin.

ACTIVITY - Antithyroid.

No biological tests or results are given in the source material.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given in the source material.

USE - Used for treating hypothyroidism.

ADVANTAGE - The composition can be prepared to minimize degradation of the hormones and provides high and rapid bioavailability. MANUAL CODE: CPI:  
A12-V01; B04-C02A; B04-C03C; B10-B02E; B10-E04C;  
B14-N11

## TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: The thyroid hormones are thyroxine (T4) and/or triiodothyronine (T3), optionally in sodium salt form. The capsules are hard or soft capsules. The hormones are in the form of a powder, micropellets or non-compacted microgranules containing

conventional excipients e.g. dicalcium phosphate dihydrate, or are dispersed in a liquid or semi liquid vehicle, especially ethanol and/or glycerol. The composition has an enteric coating or an ingestion facilitating coating. The capsule or matrix material includes a plasticizer, especially glycerol, propylene glycol or a sorbitol/sorbitan solution.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The capsules or matrices comprise type A or B gelatin, methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose or calcium alginate. The composition includes a liquid or semi liquid vehicle e.g. a polysorbate or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester.

NOV NOVELTY - Composition comprises thyroid hormones in capsules or swallowable uniform soft gel matrices, preferably comprising gelatin.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: The thyroid hormones are thyroxine (T4) and/or triiodothyronine (T3), optionally in sodium salt form. The capsules are hard or soft capsules. The hormones are in the form of a powder, micropellets or non-compacted microgranules containing conventional excipients e.g. dicalcium phosphate dihydrate, or are dispersed in a liquid or semi liquid vehicle, especially ethanol and/or glycerol. The composition has an enteric coating or an ingestion facilitating coating. The capsule or matrix material includes a plasticizer, especially glycerol, propylene glycol or a sorbitol/sorbitan solution.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The capsules or matrices comprise type A or B gelatin, methylcellulose, hydroxypropyl cellulose or calcium alginate. The composition includes a liquid or semi liquid vehicle e.g. a polysorbate or polyoxyethylene sorbitan fatty acid ester.

ABEX EXAMPLE - Dry-filled hard gelatin capsules contained granules comprising thyroxine, dicalcium phosphate dihydrate, sodium carboxymethyl starch, microcrystalline cellulose and magnesium stearate (no quantities given).

IT UPIT 20060202

; 108879-CL; 99443-CL; 490-CL; 861-CL; 107456-CL; 95972-CL;  
100739-CL; 97485-CL; 89822-CL; 104476-CL

CMC UPB 20060202

DRN: 0032-U 0050-U 0113-U 0137-U 1653-U 1860-U 1866-U

DCR: 100739-U 107307-U 107456-U 108879-U 133925-U 134009-U 490-U  
861-U 89822-U 99443-U

M1 \*06\* M423 M431 M782 M905 M904

DCN: R24033-K R24033-M

DCR: 95972-K 95972-M

M1 \*07\* H5 H521 H8 M210 M211 M272 M281 M320 M423 M431 M782 M905 M904  
M910

DCN: R01860-K R01860-M RA02KX-K RA02KX-M

DCR: 100739-K 100739-M 100739-U 199366-K 199366-M

M1 \*08\* H4 H401 H481 H5 H521 H8 M280 M313 M321 M332 M342 M383 M391 M423  
M431 M782 M905 M904

DCN: R03005-K R03005-M

DCR: 135340-K 135340-M 97485-K 97485-M

M1 \*09\* A220 A960 C710 J0 J011 J1 J111 M423 M431 M630 M782 M905 M904  
M910

DCN: R11203-K R11203-M

DCR: 107307-U 133925-U 134009-U 89822-K 89822-M 89822-U

M1 \*10\* F012 F013 F014 F113 H4 H401 H481 H5 H522 H589 H8 M210 M212 M272  
M283 M312 M322 M332 M342 M343 M373 M383 M391 M423 M431 M510 M521  
M530 M540 M782 M905 M904

DCN: RA014C-K RA014C-M

DCR: 104476-K 104476-M

M2 \*01\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343

M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P624 M905  
M904 M910  
DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
108879-U

M2 \*02\* G015 G017 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P624 M905  
M904 M910  
DCN: R01653-K R01653-M R01653-T R06386-K R06386-M R06386-T  
DCR: 99443-K 99443-M 99443-T 99443-U

M2 \*03\* H4 H403 H483 H8 M280 M313 M321 M332 M343 M383 M391 M416 M431  
M620 M782 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00113-K R00113-M  
DCR: 490-K 490-M 490-U

M2 \*04\* H4 H402 H482 H8 M280 M313 M321 M331 M342 M383 M391 M416 M431  
M620 M782 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00137-K R00137-M  
DCR: 861-K 861-M 861-U

M2 \*05\* H4 H405 H484 H8 K0 L8 L814 L821 L833 M280 M315 M321 M332 M344  
M383 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R00032-K R00032-M  
DCR: 107456-K 107456-M 107456-U

DRN 0032-U 0050-U 0113-U 0137-U 1653-U 1860-U 1866-U

M2 \*01\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P624 M905  
M904 M910  
DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
108879-U

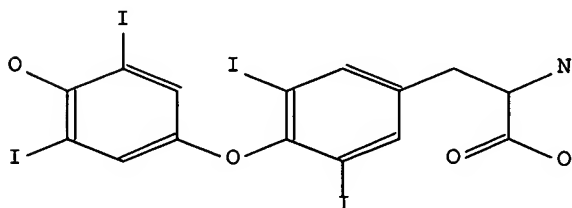
AN.S DCR-108879

CN.P THYROXINE

CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
acid

SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 23 OF 40

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THE THOMSON CORP on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2003-239076 [23] WPIX

DOC. NO. CPI:

C2003-061183 [23]

TITLE:

Composition useful for the treatment of respiratory, lung

and malignant diseases comprises a non-glucocorticoid steroid or its salt and/or ubiquinone or its salt  
 A96; B05; B07; C03  
 DERWENT CLASS:  
 INVENTOR: NYCE J W  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (EPIG-N) EPIGENESIS PHARM INC; (NYCE-I) NYCE J W;  
 (UYEC-N) UNIV EAST CAROLINA  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 98

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG    | MAIN IPC    |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-------|-------------|
| WO 2002085297  | A2   | 20021031 | (200323)* | EN | 51[4] | A61K000-00  |
| US 20040082522 | A1   | 20040429 | (200429)  | EN |       | A61K031-704 |
| AU 2002303427  | A1   | 20021105 | (200433)  | EN |       |             |
| AU 2002303427  | A8   | 20051013 | (200611)  | EN |       | A61K031-56  |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND           | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2002085297  | A2             | WO 2002-US12555 | 20020422 |
| US 20040082522 | A1 Provisional | US 2001-286124P | 20010424 |
| AU 2002303427  | A1             | AU 2002-303427  | 20020422 |
| US 20040082522 | A1 CIP of      | WO 2002-US12555 | 20020422 |
| US 20040082522 | A1             | US 2003-454061  | 20030603 |
| AU 2002303427  | A8             | AU 2002-303427  | 20020422 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND        | PATENT NO       |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| AU 2002303427 | A1 Based on | WO 2002085297 A |
| AU 2002303427 | A8 Based on | WO 2002085297 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2001-286124P 20010424  
 WO 2002-US12555 20020422  
 US 2003-454061 20030603

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K-00; A61K031-56

SECONDARY: A61K031-12

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-122 [I,A]; A61K0031-122 [I,C]; A61K0031-56 [I,A]  
 ; A61K0031-56 [I,C]; A61K0031-568 [I,C]; A61K0031-5685  
 [I,A]; A61K0031-66 [I,A]; A61K0031-66 [I,C];  
 A61K0031-7028 [I,C]; A61K0031-704 [I,A]; C12N0005-02  
 [I,A]; C12N0005-02 [I,C]; C12N0005-22 [I,A]; C12N0005-22  
 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2002085297 A2 UPAB: 20050528

NOVELTY - A pharmaceutical or veterinary composition comprises a combination of non-glucocorticoid steroid or its salt and/or ubiquinone or its salt and a carrier or diluent.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A pharmaceutical or veterinary composition (C1) comprises an active agent (A1) selected from a non-glucocorticoid steroid of formula (I), (III) or (IV) or its ester, thioester, ether, thioether, inorganic ester, monosaccharide, disaccharide, or oligosaccharide and salt and/or ubiquinone ((CoQ)n') of formula (II) or its salt and a carrier or diluent. a = single or double bond;

R = H or halo;

R1 = H or SO2OM;



M = H, Na, -SO<sub>2</sub>O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OCOR<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sub>3</sub> or -P(O)<sub>2</sub>-O-CH<sub>2</sub>CH(OCOR<sub>2</sub>)CH<sub>2</sub>OCOR<sub>3</sub>;  
 R<sub>2</sub> and R<sub>3</sub> = optionally branched 1-14C alkyl or glucuronide; R<sub>1</sub> - R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>7</sub> - R<sub>10</sub>,  
 R<sub>12</sub> - R<sub>14</sub> and R<sub>19</sub> = T<sub>1</sub> or OR; R<sub>5</sub> = R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>11</sub>;  
 R<sub>11</sub> = T<sub>2</sub>, SH or Q<sub>1</sub>;  
 Q<sub>1</sub> = spirooxirane, spirothirane, -OSO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>20</sub> or -OPOR<sub>20</sub>R<sub>21</sub>; R<sub>15</sub> = T<sub>1</sub> - T<sub>4</sub>;  
 T<sub>1</sub> = H, halo, 1-10C alkyl or 1-10C alkoxy; T<sub>2</sub> = H, halo, OH or 1-10C alkyl; T<sub>3</sub>  
 = H, halo, 1-10C alkyl, 1-10C alkenyl, 1-10C alkynyl, formyl, 1-10C alkanoyl  
 or epoxy;  
 T<sub>4</sub> = OR, SH, H, halo or Q<sub>1</sub>; R<sub>16</sub> = -C(O)OR<sub>22</sub> or T<sub>2</sub>;  
 R<sub>17</sub> and R<sub>18</sub> = OH, T<sub>1</sub>, Q<sub>2</sub>;  
 Q<sub>2</sub> = H, 1-10C alkylamino, ((1-10C)alkyl)n-amino-(1-10C)alkyl, 1-10C alkoxy,  
 OH-(1-10C)alkyl, 1-10C alkoxy-(1-10C)alkyl, (halo)m(1-10C)alkyl, 1-10C  
 alkanoyl, formyl, 1-10C carbalkoxy or 1-10C alkanoyloxy;  
 R<sub>6</sub> = H, OR, halo, 1-10C alkyl or C(O)OR<sub>22</sub>; R<sub>5</sub>+R<sub>6</sub>, R<sub>10</sub>+R<sub>11</sub>, R<sub>15</sub>+R<sub>16</sub>, and  
 R<sub>17</sub>+R<sub>18</sub> = =O; C(R<sub>17</sub>+R<sub>18</sub>) = 3 - 6 membered ring optionally containing O atom;  
 C(R<sub>15</sub>+R<sub>17</sub>) = epoxide;  
 R<sub>20</sub> and R<sub>21</sub> = OH;  
 R<sub>22</sub> = H, (halo)m(1-10C)alkyl or 1-10C alkyl; n = 0 - 2;  
 m = 1 - 3;  
 n' = 1 - 12.

Provided that:

(1) When R<sub>16</sub> is -C(O)OR<sub>22</sub>, R<sub>15</sub> is T<sub>1</sub>; (2) When R<sub>16</sub> is halo, OH or 1-10C alkyl,  
 R<sub>15</sub> is T<sub>2</sub>; (3) When R<sub>16</sub> is OH, R<sub>15</sub> is T<sub>3</sub>; (4) When R<sub>16</sub> is H, R<sub>15</sub> is T<sub>4</sub>; (5)  
 When R<sub>6</sub> is H, OR, halo, 1-10C alkyl or C(O)OR<sub>22</sub>, R<sub>17</sub> and R<sub>18</sub> is T<sub>1</sub> or OH;  
 (6) When R<sub>15</sub>+R<sub>16</sub> is =O, R<sub>17</sub> and R<sub>18</sub> is Q<sub>2</sub>; and (7) The H at position 5 of  
 formula (I) is present in alpha or beta configuration or formula (I) comprises  
 a racemic mixture of both configurations.

INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are also included for the following: (1) A delivery kit  
 containing in separate containers, (A1) and a delivery device; and

(2) An in vivo method of preventing or treating a disorder or condition  
 associated with abnormal levels of adenosine or adenosine receptors involving  
 simultaneous, sequential or separate administration of (A1) (preferably DHEA-S  
 (dehydroepiandrosterone- sulfate) or DHEA (dehydroepiandrosterone)), where  
 when DHEA is the sole agent and the diseases or condition is steroid induced  
 asthma, (C1) may not comprise a corticosteroid.

ACTIVITY - Antiasthmatic; Antiinflammatory; Cytostatic; Antiallergic;  
 Analgesic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase inhibitor.

USE - For the prophylactic, therapeutic or preventive treatment of a  
 respiratory, lung or malignant disorder or condition e.g. bronchoconstriction,  
 lung inflammation or allergies, wheezing, difficulty breathing, impeded  
 airways or lung pain, asthma, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, cystic  
 fibrosis, acute respiratory distress syndrome, infantile respiratory distress  
 syndrome, pulmonary fibrosis, bronchitis, allergic rhinitis, decreased lung  
 surfactants and cancer (e.g. lung cancer) (all claimed).

ADVANTAGE - (C1) reduces or depletes the adenosine levels and increases lung  
 surfactant levels or ubiquinone in a subject. (C1) is effective, less costly and  
 devoid of significant detrimental side effects.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; B01-D01; B01-D02; B10-A06; B14-C01;  
 B14-C03; B14-D03; B14-F02B; B14-G02A; B14-H01; B14-K01;  
 B14-L06; B14-S12; C01-D01; C01-D02; C10-A06; C14-C01;  
 C14-C03; C14-D03; C14-F02B; C14-G02A; C14-H01; C14-K01;  
 C14-L06; C14-S12

#### TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: (C1) comprises 0.05 - 40  
 (preferably 1 - 20) w/w.% of (A1). When the carrier or diluent is a solid  
 or liquid carrier, (A1) comprises solid or liquid particles. The carrier  
 is a hydrophobic carrier. (C1) further comprises an agent (A2) selected  
 from other therapeutic agents, preservatives, anti-oxidants, flavoring  
 agents, volatile oils, buffering agents, dispersants or surfactants. A

lozenge further comprises a flavoring agent selected from sucrose, acacia or tragacanth, or pastilles. The pastilles additionally comprise an inert base selected from gelatin, glycerin, sucrose or acacia. The solution, suspension or emulsion of the oral formulation is selected from non-aqueous liquid solution or suspension, or oil in water or water in oil emulsion. A oral formulation further comprises an enteric coating. A injectable solutions or suspensions further comprise other therapeutic agents, antioxidants, buffers, bacteriostatic agents or solutes, which render the solution or suspension isotonic with the blood of any intended recipient. A sterile aqueous or non-aqueous injection solutions or suspensions further comprise suspending agents or thickening agents. A topical formulation further comprises a carrier selected from vaseline, lanoline polyethylene glycol, alcohol or transdermal enhancers. An iontophoretic formulation further comprises a buffer. An inhalable or respirable formulation further comprises (A2) or powdered or liquid particles of (A1) having a size of 0.05 - 10 (preferably 0.1 - 5)  $\mu\text{m}$ . A nasal, intrapulmonary or intratracheal formulation comprises powdered or liquid particles of (A1) having a size of 8 - 100 (preferably 10 - 50)  $\mu\text{m}$ . (C1) is freeze-dried or lyophilized.

Preferred Method: The in vivo method further involves administering another therapeutic or diagnostic agent.

Preferred Components: The other therapeutic or diagnostic agent selected from component P1, P2 or P3. P1 is analgesic, pre-menstrual medication, menopausal agent, anti-aging agent, anti-anxiety agent, mood disorder agent, anti-depressant, anti-bipolar mood agent, anti-schizophrenic agent, anti-cancer agent, alkaloid, blood pressure controlling agent, hormone, anti-inflammatory agent, muscle relaxant, steroid, soporific agent, anti-ischemic agent, anti-arrhythmic agent, contraceptive, vitamin, mineral, tranquilizer, neurotransmitter regulating agent, wound and burn healing agent, anti-angiogenic agent, cytokine, growth factor, anti-metastatic agent, antacid, anti-histaminic agent, anti-bacterial agent, anti-viral agent, anti-gas agent, appetite suppressant, sun screen, emollient, skin temperature lowering product, radioactive phosphorescent or fluorescent contrast diagnostic or imaging agent, libido altering agent, bile acid, laxative, anti-diarrheic agent, skin renewal agent, hair growth agent, anti-menopausal agent such as hormone, nociceptive agent, other agents useful for the treatment of diseases associated or accompanied with pain and inflammation such as arthritis, burns, wounds, chronic bronchitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, inflammatory bowel diseases such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis, autoimmune disease such as lupus erythematosus, agent for reperfusion injury or counteracting appetite suppressant. P2 is a hormone selected from female and male sex hormone, thyroxine or glucocorticoid, sedative, selected from diphenhydramine, hydroxyzine, methotrimeprazine, promethazine, propofol, melatonin, trimeprazine, amitriptyline HCl, chlorthalidone, amobarbital, secobarbital, aprobarbital, butabarbital, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, L-tryptophan, mephobarbital, methohexital Na, midazolam HCl, oxazepam, pentobarbital Na, Phenobarbital, secobarbital Na or thiamylal Na; libido altering agent selected from Viagra or other NO-level modulating agent; analgesic selected from acetaminophen, anileridine, aspirin, buprenorphine, butabital, butorphanol, choline salicylate, codeine, dezocine, diclofenac, diflunisal, dihydrocodeine, elcatonin, etodolac, fenoprofen, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, ketorolac, levorphanol, magnesium salicylate, meclizolamine, mefenamic acid, meperidine, methadone, methotrimeprazine, morphine, nalbuphine, naproxen, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pentazocine, Phenobarbital, propoxyphene, salicylic acid, tramadol, narcotic analgesic, ibuprofen, acetyl salicylate, oruda, aleve, acetaminophen or controlled substance selected from morphine or codeine; anti-depressant selected from tricyclics, MAO inhibitor or epinephrine, gamma-amino butyric acid,

chlordiazepoxide, amitriptyline, loxapine maprotiline and perphenazine, dopamine or serotonin level elevating agent selected from prozac, amytryptilin, wellbutrin or Zoloft; skin renewal agent; hair growth agent; anti-anxiety agent selected from alprazolam, bromazepam, buspirone, chlordiazepoxide, chlormezanone, clorazepate, diazepam, halazepam, hydroxyzine, ketasolam, lorazepam, meprobamate, oxazepam or prazepam; anti-inflammatory agent selected from non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, diclofenac, beclomethaxone, budesonide, dexamethasone, flunisolide, triamcinolone, flurbiprofen, indomethacin, ketorolac, rimexolone, non-rheumatic aspirin, choline salicylate, diflunisal, etodolac, fenoprofen, floctafenine, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indomethacin, ketoprofen, magnesium salicylate, meclofenamate, mefenamic acid, nabumetone, naproxen, oxaprozen, phenylbutazone, piroxicam, salsalate, sodium salicylate, sulindac, tenoxicam, tiaprofenic acid, tolmetin or glucocorticosteroid; soporific selected from melatonin, diazepam, cytoprotective, anti-ischemic, agent for the treatment of head injuries or alprazolam, bromazepam, diazepam, diphenylhydramine, doxylamine, estazolam, flurazepam, halazepam, ketazolam, lorazepam, nitrazepam, prazepam quazepam, temazepam, triazolam, zolpidem or sopiclone. P3 is a therapeutic or diagnostic agent for the treatment of brain injury/ischemia; cytoprotective agent and agent for the treatment of menopause or menopausal symptoms selected from ergotamine, belladonna alkaloid, Phenobarbital, clonidine, conjugated estrogen, medroxyprogesterone, estradiol, estradiol cypionate, estradiol valerate, estrogen, conjugated estrogen, esterified estrone, estropipate or ethinyl estradiol; agent for the treatment of symptoms of premenstrual syndrome selected from progesterone, progestin, gonadotrophic releasing hormone, oral contraceptive, danazol, luprolide acetate or vitamin B6; agent for the treatment of emotional/psychiatric symptoms selected from tricyclic anti-depressants selected from amitriptyline HCl (elavil), amitriptyline HCl, perphenazine (triavil) or doxepine HCl (sinequan), diazepam (valium), lorazepam (ativan), alprazolam (xanax), selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor, fluoxetine HCl (prozac), sertaline HCl (zoloft), paroxetine HCl (paxil), fluvoxamine maleate (luvox), venlafaxine HCl (effexor), serotonin, serotonin agonist (fenfluramine); or anti-migraine agent. Preferred Kit: (A1) is provided as inhalable, respirable, intrapulmonary or nasal formulation. The delivery device comprises an inhaler provided with an aerosol or aerosol or spray generator that delivers particles having a size of 0.05 - 10 micron in size or about 8 - 100 micron in size. The delivery device delivers individual pre-metered doses of (C1) and comprises an inhaler (preferably compression inhaler) and a nebulizer or insufflator. (A1) is provided as a formulation in a pierceable or openable capsule or cartridge.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Composition: (C1) comprises 0.05 - 40 (preferably 1 - 20) w/w.% of (A1). When the carrier or diluent is a solid or liquid carrier, (A1) comprises solid or liquid particles. The carrier is a hydrophobic carrier. (C1) further comprises an agent (A2) selected from other therapeutic agents, preservatives, anti-oxidants, flavoring agents, volatile oils, buffering agents, dispersants or surfactants. A lozenge further comprises a flavoring agent selected from sucrose, acacia or tragacanth, or pastilles. The pastilles additionally comprise an inert base selected from gelatin, glycerin, sucrose or acacia. The solution, suspension or emulsion of the oral formulation is selected from non-aqueous liquid solution or suspension, or oil in water or water in oil emulsion. A oral formulation further comprises an enteric coating. A injectable solutions or suspensions further comprise other therapeutic agents, antioxidants, buffers, bacteriostatic agents or solutes, which render the solution or suspension isotonic with the blood of any intended recipient. A sterile aqueous or non-aqueous injection solutions or suspensions further comprise suspending agents or thickening agents. A

topical formulation further comprises a carrier selected from vaseline, lanoline polyethylene glycol, alcohol or transdermal enhancers. An iontophoretic formulation further comprises a buffer. An inhalable or respirable formulation further comprises (A2) or powdered or liquid particles of (A1) having a size of 0.05 - 10 (preferably 0.1 - 5)  $\mu\text{m}$ . A nasal, intrapulmonary or intratracheal formulation comprises powdered or liquid particles of (A1) having a size of 8 - 100 (preferably 10 - 50)  $\mu\text{m}$ . (C1) is freeze-dried or lyophilized.

Preferred Method: The in vivo method further involves administering another therapeutic or diagnostic agent.

Preferred Components: The other therapeutic or diagnostic agent selected from component P1, P2 or P3. P1 is analgesic, pre-menstrual medication, menopausal agent, anti-aging agent, anti-anxiety agent, mood disorder agent, anti-depressant, anti-bipolar mood agent, anti-schizophrenic agent, anti-cancer agent, alkaloid, blood pressure controlling agent, hormone, anti-inflammatory agent, muscle relaxant, steroid, soporific agent, anti-ischemic agent, anti-arrhythmic agent, contraceptive, vitamin, mineral, tranquilizer, neurotransmitter regulating agent, wound and burn healing agent, anti-angiogenic agent, cytokine, growth factor, anti-metastatic agent, antacid, anti-histaminic agent, anti-bacterial agent, anti-viral agent, anti-gas agent, appetite suppressant, sun screen, emollient, skin temperature lowering product, radioactive phosphorescent or fluorescent contrast diagnostic or imaging agent, libido altering agent, bile acid, laxative, anti-diarrheic agent, skin renewal agent, hair growth agent, anti-menopausal agent such as hormone, nociceptive agent, other agents useful for the treatment of diseases associated or accompanied with pain and inflammation such as arthritis, burns, wounds, chronic bronchitis, chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, inflammatory bowel diseases such as Crohn's disease and ulcerative colitis, autoimmune disease such as lupus erythematosus, agent for reperfusion injury or counteracting appetite suppressant. P2 is a hormone selected from female and male sex hormone, thyroxine or glucocorticoid, sedative, selected from diphenhydramine, hydroxyzine, methotrimeprazine, promethazine, propofol, melatonin, trimetoprim, amitriptyline HCl, chlorthalidone, amobarbital, secobarbital, aprobarbital, butabarbital, ethchlorvynol, glutethimide, L-tryptophan, mephobarbital, methohexital Na, midazolam HCl, oxazepam, pentobarbital Na, Phenobarbital, secobarbital Na or thiamylal Na; libido altering agent selected from Viagra or other NO-level modulating agent; analgesic selected from acetaminophen, anileridine, aspirin, buprenorphine, butabital, butorphanol, choline salicylate, codeine, dezocine, diclofenac, diflunisal, dihydrocodeine, elcatonin, etodolac, fenoprofen, hydrocodone, hydromorphone, ibuprofen, ketoprofen, ketorolac, levorphanol, magnesium salicylate, mefenamic acid, meperidine, methadone, methotrimeprazine, morphine, nalbuphine, naproxen, opium, oxycodone, oxymorphone, pentazocine, Phenobarbital, propoxyphene, salicylic acid, tramadol, narcotic analgesic, ibuprofen, acetyl salicylate, orudax, aleve, acetaminophen or controlled substance selected from morphine or codeine; anti-depressant selected from tricyclics, MAO inhibitor or epinephrine, gamma-amino butyric acid, chlorthalidone, amitriptyline, loxapine, maprotiline and perphenazine, dopamine or serotonin level elevating agent selected from prozac, amytryptilin, wellbutrin or Zoloft; skin renewal agent; hair growth agent; anti-anxiety agent selected from alprazolam, bromazepam, buspirone, chlorthalidone, chlormezanone, clorazepate, diazepam, halazepam, hydroxyzine, ketazolam, lorazepam, meprobamate, oxazepam or prazepam; anti-inflammatory agent selected from non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug, diclofenac, beclomethasone, budesonide, dexamethasone, flunisolide, triamcinolone, flurbiprofen, indomethacin, ketorolac, rimexolone, non-rheumatic aspirin, choline salicylate, diflunisal, etodolac, fenoprofen, floctafenine, flurbiprofen, ibuprofen, indomethacin,

ketoprofen, magnesium salicylate, meclofenamate, mefenamic acid, nabumetone, naproxen, oxaprozen, phenylbutazone, piroxicam, salsalate, sodium salicylate, sulindac, tenoxicam, tiaprofenic acid, tolmetin or glucocorticosteroid; soporific selected from melatonin, diazepam, cytoprotective, anti-ischemic, agent for the treatment of head injuries or alprazolam, bromazepam, diazepam, diphenylhydramine, doxylamine, estazolam, flurazepam, halazepam, ketazolam, lorazepam, nitrazepam, prazepam, quazepam, temazepam, triazolam, zolpidem or sopiclone. P3 is a therapeutic or diagnostic agent for the treatment of brain injury/ischemia; cytoprotective agent and agent for the treatment of menopause or menopausal symptoms selected from ergotamine, belladonna alkaloid, Phenobarbital, clonidine, conjugated estrogen, medroxyprogesterone, estradiol, estradiol cypionate, estradiol valerate, estrogen, conjugated estrogen, esterified estrone, estropipate or ethinyl estradiol; agent for the treatment of symptoms of premenstrual syndrome selected from progesterone, progestin, gonadotrophic releasing hormone, oral contraceptive, danazol, luprolide acetate or vitamin B6; agent for the treatment of emotional/psychiatric symptoms selected from tricyclic anti-depressants selected from amitriptyline HCl (elavil), amitriptyline HCl, perphenazine (travil) or doxepine HCl (sinequan), diazepam (valium), lorazepam (ativan), alprazolam (xanax), selective serotonin reuptake inhibitor, fluoxetine HCl (prozac), sertaline HCl (zoloft), paroxetine HCl (paxil), fluvoxamine maleate (luvox), venlafaxine HCl (effexor), serotonin, serotonin agonist (fenfluramine); or anti-migraine agent. Preferred Kit: (A1) is provided as inhalable, respirable, intrapulmonary or nasal formulation. The delivery device comprises an inhaler provided with an aerosol or aerosol or spray generator that delivers particles having a size of 0.05 - 10 micron in size or about 8 - 100 micron in size. The delivery device delivers individual pre-metered doses of (C1) and comprises an inhaler (preferably compression inhaler) and a nebulizer or insufflator. (A1) is provided as a formulation in a pierceable or openable capsule or cartridge.

L86 ANSWER 24 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003-029845 [02] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-682712; 2003-278421; 2003-393354; 2003-697560  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2003-006743 [02]  
 TITLE: Apparatus for transporting thyroid hormone drug formulations from blender to tableting machine comprises blender, portable container and conical tablet press inlet, useful for treatment of canine and feline hypothyroidism  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05; B07  
 INVENTOR: DIMENNA P A; FRANZ G A; GEMMA R L; STRAUSS E A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (KING-N) KING PHARM INC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 97

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| WO 2002067854 | A2   | 20020906 | (200302)* | EN | 30 [9] | A61K000-00 |
| AU 2002258397 | A1   | 20020912 | (200420)  | EN |        |            |
| AU 2002240394 | A1   | 20030909 | (200469)  | EN |        | A61K009-00 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|---------------|------|----------------|----------|
| WO 2002067854 | A2   | WO 2002-US4504 | 20020215 |

AU 2002240394 A1  
AU 2002258397 A1

AU 2002-240394 20020215  
AU 2002-258397 20020215

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO        | KIND     | PATENT NO       |
|------------------|----------|-----------------|
| AU 2002258397 A1 | Based on | WO 2002067854 A |
| AU 2002240394 A1 | Based on | WO 2003070217 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2001-268998P 20010215  
US 2001-269009P 20010215

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A01N0037-12 [I,A]; A01N0037-12 [I,C]; A01N0037-44 [I,A];  
A01N0037-44 [I,C]; A61K [I,S]; A61K0031-185 [I,C];  
A61K0031-195 [I,A]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0009-00 [I,A]  
; A61K0009-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-20 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,C]  
; A61K0009-30 [I,C]; A61K0009-38 [I,A]; A61K0009-44 [I,A]  
; A61K0009-44 [I,C]; B01F0003-00 [I,C]; B01F0003-18 [I,A]  
; B01F0005-00 [I,C]; B01F0005-06 [I,A]; B01F0005-06 [I,C]  
; B01F0005-24 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2002067854 A2 UPAB: 20060118

NOVELTY - Apparatus for transporting thyroid hormone drug formulations from a blender to a tableting machine comprising a blender discharge section, portable container section, portable container discharge section and conical tablet press inlet section, where mass flow of the formulation is maintained in all sections, is new.

USE - The apparatus is useful for producing compositions for treating canine or feline hypothyroidism (claimed).

ADVANTAGE - The apparatus maintains consistent tablet composition during manufacture.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A03-A00A; A12-V01; B04-C02A1; B04-C02B2; B04-D02;  
B04-N02; B05-A01B; B05-B02C; B07-A02A; B07-A02B;  
B10-B02B; B10-C04E; B11-C05; B11-C06; B12-M11; B14-N11;  
B14-S12

## TECH

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Apparatus: The portable container discharge section is a vent cone optionally with a Y-branch section.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Formulation: The drug formulation contains one or more active agents selected from **levothyroxine sodium** and **liothyronine sodium**. The formulation is preferably **liothyronine sodium**, calcium sulfate, **gelatin**, starch, stearic acid, sucrose and talc, or **levothyroxine sodium**, lactose, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch and magnesium stearate.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Apparatus: The portable container discharge section is a vent cone optionally with a Y-branch section.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Formulation: The drug formulation contains one or more active agents selected from **levothyroxine sodium** and **liothyronine sodium**. The formulation is preferably **liothyronine sodium**, calcium sulfate, **gelatin**, starch, stearic acid, sucrose and talc, or **levothyroxine sodium**, lactose, microcrystalline cellulose, pregelatinized starch and magnesium stearate.

## IT UPI 20060118

99369-CL; 147062-CL; 95972-CL; 107779-CL; 90356-CL; 89852-CL;  
2021-CL; 2853-CL; 108296-CL; 1092-CL

M2 \*01\* A111 A960 C710 G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541  
H6 H604 H609 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321  
M332 M343 M349 M371 M391 M411 M424 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M630  
M740 M782 N104 N105 P624 Q130 R038 M905 M904

DCN: RA11AM-K RA11AM-M RA11AM-T  
 DCR: 99369-K 99369-M 99369-T

AN.S DCR-99369

CN.P LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM

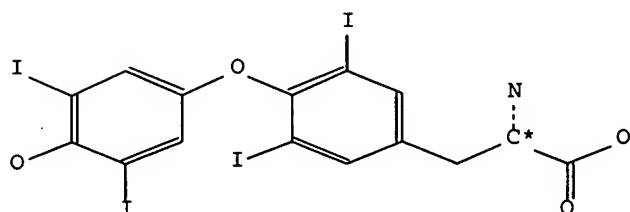
CN.S 2-amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionat  
 e; Sodium

SDCN RA11AM

CM 1

Na

CM 2



L86 ANSWER 25 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-479585 [51] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-479584  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-136439 [51]  
 TITLE: New drug dosage form useful as therapeutic agent  
 comprises a compound susceptible to moisture-induced  
 degradation and at least one excipient prepared under low  
 compression  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05  
 INVENTOR: SPIREAS S; SPIRIDON S  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (MUTU-N) MUTUAL PHARM CO INC; (SIGM-N) SIGMAPHARM INC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 96

# PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO      | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG    | MAIN IPC   |
|----------------|------|----------|-----------|----|-------|------------|
| WO 2002028365  | A2   | 20020411 | (200251)* | EN | 25[0] |            |
| AU 2001094735  | A    | 20020415 | (200254)  | EN |       |            |
| EP 1322295     | A2   | 20030702 | (200344)  | EN |       |            |
| CN 1617714     | A    | 20050518 | (200558)  | ZH |       | A61K009-48 |
| MX 2003002807  | A1   | 20041101 | (200558)  | ES |       |            |
| US 20050249801 | A1   | 20051110 | (200574)  | EN |       | A61K009-48 |
| US 6979462     | B1   | 20051227 | (200603)  | EN |       |            |
| NZ 524568      | A    | 20051028 | (200606)  | EN |       |            |
| AU 2001294735  | B2   | 20060713 | (200707)  | EN |       |            |

# APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|-----------|------|-------------|------|
|-----------|------|-------------|------|

|                               |                          |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| WO 2002028365 A2              | WO 2001-US30093 20010926 |
| US 20050249801 A1 Provisional | US 2000-237442P 20001003 |
| US 6979462 B1 Provisional     | US 2000-237442P 20001003 |
| US 20050249801 A1 Cont of     | US 2000-690974 20001018  |
| US 6979462 B1                 | US 2000-690974 20001018  |
| AU 2001094735 A               | AU 2001-94735 20010926   |
| CN 1617714 A                  | CN 2001-816398 20010926  |
| EP 1322295 A2                 | EP 2001-975404 20010926  |
| NZ 524568 A                   | NZ 2001-524568 20010926  |
| EP 1322295 A2                 | WO 2001-US30093 20010926 |
| MX 2003002807 A1              | WO 2001-US30093 20010926 |
| NZ 524568 A                   | WO 2001-US30093 20010926 |
| MX 2003002807 A1              | MX 2003-2807 20030331    |
| US 20050249801 A1             | US 2005-184341 20050719  |
| AU 2001294735 B2              | AU 2001-294735 20010926  |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND |          | PATENT NO     |   |
|---------------|------|----------|---------------|---|
| AU 2001094735 | A    | Based on | WO 2002028365 | A |
| EP 1322295    | A2   | Based on | WO 2002028365 | A |
| MX 2003002807 | A1   | Based on | WO 2002028365 | A |
| NZ 524568     | A    | Based on | WO 2002028365 | A |
| AU 2001294735 | B2   | Based on | WO 2002028365 | A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-690974 20001018  
 US 2000-237442P 20001003  
 US 2005-184341 20050719

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K0009-48  
 IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0009-00 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]  
 IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0009-20 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,C]; A61K0009-48 [I,A];  
 A61K0009-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2002028365 A2 UPAB: 20060202

NOVELTY - A drug dosage form (I) comprises a compound susceptible to moisture-induced degradation and at least one excipient prepared under low compression.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) a drug dosage form for a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) comprises a compound susceptible to moisture-induced degradation mixed with either a non-volatile oil, an excipient mixed with non-volatile oil or at least one hydrophobic powder; and

(2) a drug dosage form (II) comprises a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) mixed with oil together with a first excipient mixed with second oil.

ACTIVITY - Antithyroid.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - As therapeutic agent in the treatment of disorders associated with reduction or absence of thyroid hormone production e.g. hypothyroidism, hypothyrosis, iodine deficiency and other related diseases.

ADVANTAGE - (I) shows improved stability to moisture-induced degradation of the hormone as compared with a tablet form of the hormone. (I) is subjected to compression not more than 10000 (preferably 5000, especially 2000) psi/g. (I) is stable and shows long shelf life for use as therapeutic agent. (I) improves stability of drugs such as levothyroxine sodium. (I) shows reduced degradation and hydrolysis. (I) shows reduced tendency to degrade over time when compared with traditional formulations of such drugs. MANUAL CODE: CPI: A99-A; B04-B01C; B04-C02A; B04-C02B; B05-A01B;



B05-A02; B10-B02J; B12-M11C; B14-N11

## TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Form: (I) comprises a capsule formed of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. The compound is contained in solid form within a capsule.

Preferred Process: The hydrophobic powder of (V) is triturated directly with the compound. (I) is subjected to compression not more than 10000 (preferably 5000, especially 2000) psi/g.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The excipient is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, microcrystalline cellulose, amorphous silicon dioxide, magnesium stearate, starch and/or sodium starch glycolate. The excipient has residual moisture content of less than about 10 wt. %.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I), (II) and (III) is animal (e.g. vitamin E, fish or tallow-derived oil) or vegetable oil (e.g. olive, corn, peanut, nut, soy, rapeseed or cottonseed).

Preferred Form: The compound-oil mixture of (II) is present within a capsule (preferably soft-shell capsule or specially sealed hard-shell capsule). The hydrophobic powder is magnesium stearate. Preferred Process: At least some of the compound-oil mixture of (II) is adsorbed on an excipient. The excipient having the compound-oil mixture is adsorbed within a capsule or a tablet.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I), (II) and (III) is mineral oil or silicone oil.

DETD DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) a drug dosage form for a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) comprises a compound susceptible to moisture-induced degradation mixed with either a non-volatile oil, an excipient mixed with non-volatile oil or at least one hydrophobic powder; and

(2) a drug dosage form (II) comprises a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) mixed with oil together with a first excipient mixed with second oil.

ADV ADVANTAGE - (I) shows improved stability to moisture-induced degradation of the hormone as compared with a tablet form of the hormone. (I) is subjected to compression not more than 10000 (preferably 5000, especially 2000) psi/g. (I) is stable and shows long shelf life for use as therapeutic agent. (I) improves stability of drugs such as levothyroxine sodium. (I) shows reduced degradation and hydrolysis. (I) shows reduced tendency to degrade over time when compared with traditional formulations of such drugs.

ABEX ADMINISTRATION - (I) is administered orally in form of a capsule (claimed).

EXAMPLE - A powder formulation (test) was prepared by pretreating excipient with oil. The formulation comprised of (mg/unit dose) levothyroxine sodium (0.025), soybean oil (2), acetone (40), Methocel K100M (hydroxypropyl methylcellulose) (10), Syloid 244 FP (amorphous silicon dioxide) (15), Avicel PH 200 (150). A first aliquot (1 kg) was compressed into a tablet. A second aliquot of the test was encapsulated in gelatin capsule. A third aliquot of each formulation was encapsulated in hard-shell HPMC capsules. Samples of each of the tablet and capsule was then stored at 60degreesC and a relative humidity of 75% for 4 - 6 days. Tablets of commercially available product synthroid (0.025 mg) were used as control. The % degradation was then determined. The results showed that the pretreated liquisolid powder system could be compressed into tablets and the tablets showed superior stability properties than the control product. It was observed that the test formulation when stored for 5 days at 60degreesC and 75% relative humidity, degraded at a level of only 14% whereas the control tablets displayed a 36.7% degradation at the same storage conditions.

IT UPIT 20060202  
; 97486-CL; 133912-CL; 90356-CL; 107779-CL; 107782-CL; 95167-CL;  
549683-CL; 202718-CL; 102715-CL; 91613-CL; 111074-CL; 107462-CL;  
105392-CL; 91676-CL; 184619-CL; 108879-CL; 107016-CL; 1092-CL  
1092-ST

CMC UPB 20060202  
DRN: 0050-U 1694-U 1835-U 1852-U 1863-U  
DCR: 107016-U 107779-U 108879-U 133912-U 133998-U 135415-U  
140011-U 140012-U 190069-U 90356-U

M1 \*01\* H5 H521 H8 K0 L6 L660 M210 M213 M231 M272 M281 M311 M321 M342  
M383 M391 M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904  
DCN: R06563-K R06563-M R15976-K R15976-M RA083K-K RA083K-M  
DCR: 133996-K 133996-M 134014-K 134014-M 97486-K 97486-M

M1 \*02\* H5 H521 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M311 M321 M342 M381 M391 M423  
M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01835-K R01835-M R06717-K R06717-M  
DCR: 133912-K 133912-M 133912-U 133998-U 140011-U 140012-U  
190069-U

M1 \*03\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01852-K R01852-M  
DCR: 135415-U 90356-K 90356-M 90356-U

M1 \*04\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910  
DCN: R01863-K R01863-M  
DCR: 107779-K 107779-M 107779-U

M1 \*05\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA00CU-K RA00CU-M  
DCR: 107782-K 107782-M

M1 \*06\* H7 H723 J0 J011 J1 J171 M226 M231 M262 M281 M320 M416 M423 M431  
M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904  
DCN: RA07ZC-K RA07ZC-M  
DCR: 95167-K 95167-M

M1 \*07\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA78N4-K RA78N4-M  
DCR: 549683-K 549683-M

M1 \*08\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904  
DCN: RA01UU-K RA01UU-M  
DCR: 202718-K 202718-M

M1 \*09\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA0217-K RA0217-M  
DCR: 102715-K 102715-M

M1 \*10\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA021E-K RA021E-M  
DCR: 91613-K 91613-M

M1 \*11\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA03SP-K RA03SP-M  
DCR: 111074-K 111074-M

M1 \*12\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA01PS-K RA01PS-M RA0LOR-K RA0LOR-M  
DCR: 107462-K 107462-M 228101-K 228101-M

M1 \*13\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA06IO-K RA06IO-M  
DCR: 105392-K 105392-M

M1 \*14\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA01PZ-K RA01PZ-M  
DCR: 91676-K 91676-M

M1 \*15\* M423 M431 M782 Q120 R031 M905  
DCN: RA08SW-K RA08SW-M  
DCR: 184619-K 184619-M

M2 \*16\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343

M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P624 Q120 R031  
 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
 R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
 108879-U

M2 \*17\* B114 B702 B720 B831 C108 C800 C802 C803 C804 C805 C807 M411 M431  
 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904

DCN: R01694-K R01694-M  
 DCR: 107016-K 107016-M 107016-U

M2 \*18\* A212 A960 C710 J0 J011 J1 J171 M225 M231 M262 M281 M320 M411  
 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M630 M782 Q120 R031 M905 M904

DCN: R01376-K R01376-M  
 DCR: 1092-K 1092-M

DRN 0050-U 1694-U 1835-U 1852-U 1863-U

M2 \*16\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P624 Q120 R031  
 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
 R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
 108879-U

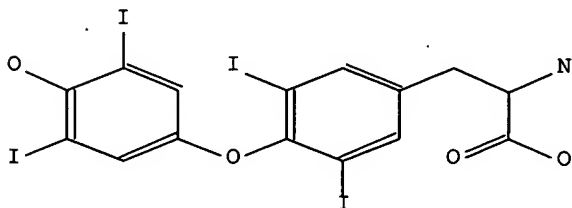
AN.S DCR-108879

CN.P THYROXINE

CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
 acid

SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 26 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002-479584 [51] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 2002-479585  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C2002-136438 [51]  
 TITLE: New drug dosage form useful as therapeutic agent  
 comprises thyroid hormone and at least one excipient  
 prepared under low compression  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05  
 INVENTOR: SPIREAS S  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (MUTU-N) MUTUAL PHARM CO INC; (SIGM-N) SIGMAPHARM INC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 96

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO | KIND DATE | WEEK | LA PG | MAIN IPC |
|-----------|-----------|------|-------|----------|
| -----     |           |      |       |          |

|               |    |          |            |    |       |            |
|---------------|----|----------|------------|----|-------|------------|
| WO 2002028364 | A2 | 20020411 | (200251) * | EN | 29[0] |            |
| AU 2001091244 | A  | 20020415 | (200254)   | EN |       |            |
| EP 1322294    | A2 | 20030702 | (200344)   | EN |       |            |
| NZ 524567     | A  | 20041224 | (200506)   | EN |       |            |
| US 6855333    | B1 | 20050215 | (200513)   | EN |       |            |
| CN 1543341    | A  | 20041103 | (200514)   | ZH |       | A61K009-20 |
| MX 2003002809 | A1 | 20041101 | (200558)   | ES |       |            |
| AU 2001291244 | B2 | 20060921 | (200712)   | EN |       |            |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND           | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------|
| WO 2002028364 | A2             | WO 2001-US29986 | 20010926 |
| US 6855333    | B1 Provisional | US 2000-237442P | 20001003 |
| US 6855333    | B1             | US 2000-690973  | 20001018 |
| AU 2001091244 | A              | AU 2001-91244   | 20010926 |
| CN 1543341    | A              | CN 2001-816593  | 20010926 |
| EP 1322294    | A2             | EP 2001-971348  | 20010926 |
| NZ 524567     | A              | NZ 2001-524567  | 20010926 |
| EP 1322294    | A2             | WO 2001-US29986 | 20010926 |
| NZ 524567     | A              | WO 2001-US29986 | 20010926 |
| MX 2003002809 | A1             | WO 2001-US29986 | 20010926 |
| MX 2003002809 | A1             | MX 2003-2809    | 20030331 |
| AU 2001291244 | B2             | AU 2001-291244  | 20010926 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND        | PATENT NO       |
|---------------|-------------|-----------------|
| NZ 524567     | A Div in    | NZ 535680 A     |
| AU 2001091244 | A Based on  | WO 2002028364 A |
| EP 1322294    | A2 Based on | WO 2002028364 A |
| NZ 524567     | A Based on  | WO 2002028364 A |
| MX 2003002809 | A1 Based on | WO 2002028364 A |
| AU 2001291244 | B2 Based on | WO 2002028364 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 2000-690973 20001018  
US 2000-237442P 20001003

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC ORIGINAL: A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0009-00 [I,A]  
; A61K0009-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-20 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,C]  
; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,A]  
; A61K0009-20 [I,C]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 2002028364 A2 UPAB: 20060119

NOVELTY - A drug dosage form (I) comprises a thyroid hormone and at least one excipient prepared under low compression.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) a drug dosage form for a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) comprises the drug which is mixed with either a non-volatile oil, a excipient mixed with non-volatile oil or at least one hydrophobic powder; and

(2) a drug dosage form (II) comprises a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) mixed with oil together with a first excipient mixed with second oil.

ACTIVITY - Antithyroid.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - None given.

USE - As therapeutic agent in the treatment of disorders associated with reduction or absence of thyroid hormone production e.g. hypothyroidism, hypothyrosis, iodine deficiency and other related diseases.

ADVANTAGE - (I) shows improved stability to moisture-induced degradation of the hormone as compared with a tablet form of the hormone. (I) is stable and shows long shelf life for use as therapeutic agent. (I) improves stability of drugs such as levothyroxine sodium. (I) shows reduced degradation and hydrolysis. (I) shows reduced tendency to degrade over time when compared with traditional formulations of such drugs.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A99-A; B04-B01C; B04-C02A; B04-C02B; B05-A01B;  
B10-B02J; B12-M11C; B14-N11

#### TECH

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Form: (I) comprises a capsule formed of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. The hormone (preferably levothyroxine) is contained in solid form within a capsule.

Preferred Process: The hydrophobic powder of (III) is triturated directly with the thyroid hormone (preferably levothyroxine). (I) is subjected to compression not more than 10000 (preferably 5000, especially 2000) psi/g.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The excipient is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, microcrystalline cellulose, amorphous silicon dioxide, magnesium stearate, starch and/or sodium starch glycolate. The excipient has residual moisture content of less than about 10 wt. %.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I) and (II) is animal (e.g. vitamin E, fish or tallow-derived oil) or vegetable oil (e.g. olive, corn, peanut, nut, soy, rapeseed or cottonseed).

Preferred Form: The drug-oil mixture is present within the capsule (preferably soft shell capsule or specially sealed hard-shell capsule). The hydrophobic powder is magnesium stearate.

Preferred Process: At least some of the drug-oil mixture is adsorbed on an excipient. The excipient having the drug-oil mixture (preferably levothyroxine-oil mixture) is adsorbed within a capsule or a tablet. The levothyroxine is purified levothyroxine.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I) and (II) is mineral oil or silicone oil.

DETD DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for the following:

(1) a drug dosage form for a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) comprises the drug which is mixed with either a non-volatile oil, a excipient mixed with non-volatile oil or at least one hydrophobic powder; and

(2) a drug dosage form (II) comprises a thyroid drug (preferably levothyroxine) mixed with oil together with a first excipient mixed with second oil.

ADV ADVANTAGE - (I) shows improved stability to moisture-induced degradation of the hormone as compared with a tablet form of the hormone. (I) is stable and shows long shelf life for use as therapeutic agent. (I) improves stability of drugs such as levothyroxine sodium. (I) shows reduced degradation and hydrolysis. (I) shows reduced tendency to degrade over time when compared with traditional formulations of such drugs.

PHARMACEUTICALS - Preferred Form: (I) comprises a capsule formed of hydroxypropyl methylcellulose. The hormone (preferably levothyroxine) is contained in solid form within a capsule.

Preferred Process: The hydrophobic powder of (III) is triturated directly with the thyroid hormone (preferably levothyroxine). (I) is subjected to compression not more than 10000 (preferably 5000, especially 2000) psi/g.

POLYMERS - Preferred Components: The excipient is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose, carboxymethyl cellulose, microcrystalline cellulose,

amorphous silicon dioxide, magnesium stearate, starch and/or sodium starch glycolate. The excipient has residual moisture content of less than about 10 wt.%.

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I) and (II) is animal (e.g. vitamin E, fish or tallow-derived oil) or vegetable oil (e.g. olive, corn, peanut, nut, soy, rapeseed or cottonseed).

Preferred Form: The drug-oil mixture is present within the capsule (preferably soft shell capsule or specially sealed hard-shell capsule).

The hydrophobic powder is magnesium stearate.

Preferred Process: At least some of the drug-oil mixture is adsorbed on an excipient. The excipient having the drug-oil mixture (preferably levothyroxine-oil mixture) is adsorbed within a capsule or a tablet. The levothyroxine is purified levothyroxine.

INORGANIC CHEMISTRY - Preferred Components: The oil in (I) and (II) is mineral oil or silicone oil.

ABEX ADMINISTRATION - (I) is administered to a patient as unit dose which has not been processed employing high compression admixed with a substantially non-volatile oil. (I) is administered orally in the form of a capsule (claimed).

EXAMPLE - A powder formulation (test) was prepared by pretreating excipient with oil. The formulation comprised of (mg/unit dose) levothyroxine sodium (0.025), soybean oil (2), acetone (40), Methocel K100M (hydroxypropyl methylcellulose) (10), Syloid 244 FP (amorphous silicon dioxide) (15), Avicel PH 200 (150). A first aliquot (1 kg) was compressed into a tablet. A second aliquot of the test was encapsulated in gelatin capsule. A third aliquot of each formulation was encapsulated in hard-shell HPMC capsules. Samples of each of the tablet and capsule was then stored at 60degreesC and a relative humidity of 75% for 4 - 6 days. Tablets of commercially available product synthroid (0.025 mg) were used as control. The % degradation was then determined. The results showed that the pretreated liquisolid powder system could be compressed into tablets and the tablets showed superior stability properties than the control product. It was observed that the test formulation when stored for 5 days at 60degreesC and 75% relative humidity, degraded at a level of only 14% whereas the control tablets displayed a 36.7% degradation at the same storage conditions.

IT UPIT 20060119

; 184619-CL; 97486-CL; 133912-CL; 90356-CL; 107779-CL; 107782-CL; 95167-CL; 202718-CL; 549683-CL; 102715-CL; 91613-CL; 111074-CL; 107462-CL; 105392-CL; 91676-CL; 108879-CL; 1092-CL 1092-ST

CMC UPB 20060119

DRN: 0050-U 1835-U 1852-U 1863-U

DCR: 107779-U 108879-U 133912-U 133998-U 135415-U 140011-U 140012-U 190069-U 90356-U

M1 \*01\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905

DCN: RA08SW-K RA08SW-M

DCR: 184619-K 184619-M

M1 \*02\* H5 H521 H8 K0 L6 L660 M210 M213 M231 M272 M281 M311 M321 M342 M383 M391 M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905 M904

DCN: R06563-K R06563-M R15976-K R15976-M RA083K-K RA083K-M

DCR: 133996-K 133996-M 134014-K 134014-M 97486-K 97486-M

M1 \*03\* H5 H521 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M280 M311 M321 M342 M381 M391 M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01835-K R01835-M R06717-K R06717-M

DCR: 133912-K 133912-M 133912-U 133998-U 140011-U 140012-U 190069-U

M1 \*04\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910

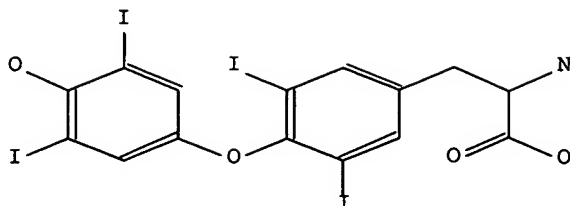
DCN: R01852-K R01852-M

DCR: 135415-U 90356-K 90356-M 90356-U

M1 \*05\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905 M904 M910

DCN: R01863-K R01863-M  
 DCR: 107779-K 107779-M 107779-U  
 M1 \*06\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA00CU-K RA00CU-M  
 DCR: 107782-K 107782-M  
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 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905 M904  
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 DCR: 95167-K 95167-M  
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 DCR: 202718-K 202718-M  
 M1 \*09\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA78N4-K RA78N4-M  
 DCR: 549683-K 549683-M  
 M1 \*10\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA0217-K RA0217-M  
 DCR: 102715-K 102715-M  
 M1 \*11\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA021E-K RA021E-M  
 DCR: 91613-K 91613-M  
 M1 \*12\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA03SP-K RA03SP-M  
 DCR: 111074-K 111074-M  
 M1 \*13\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA01PS-K RA01PS-M RA0L0R-K RA0L0R-M  
 DCR: 107462-K 107462-M 228101-K 228101-M  
 M1 \*14\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA06I0-K RA06I0-M  
 DCR: 105392-K 105392-M  
 M1 \*15\* M423 M431 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 DCN: RA01PZ-K RA01PZ-M  
 DCR: 91676-K 91676-M  
 M2 \*16\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 N103 P624 Q120  
 R031 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
 R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
 108879-U  
 M2 \*17\* A212 A960 C710 J0 J011 J1 J171 M225 M231 M262 M281 M320 M411  
 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M630 M782 N103 Q120 R031 M905  
 M904  
 DCN: R01376-K R01376-M  
 DCR: 1092-K 1092-M  
 DRN 0050-U 1835-U 1852-U 1863-U  
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 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
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 R031 M905 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00050-K R00050-M R00050-T  
 R04769-K R04769-M R04769-T  
 DCR: 108879-K 108879-M 108879-T  
 108879-U  
 AN.S DCR-108879  
 CN.P THYROXINE  
 CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
 acid  
 SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 27 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-526093 [48] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1996-300361  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1997-167291 [48]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N1997-438476 [48]  
 TITLE: Encapsulation of caplets in a capsule by cold shrinking  
 - in cost-effective process, used for foodstuffs,  
 dyestuffs, pharmaceuticals and agrochemicals, is  
 tamper-proof and more acceptable than prior art  
 DERWENT CLASS: A11; A14; A96; B07; C07; D13; J04; P33  
 INVENTOR: AMEY J; CADE D; MAES P; SCOTT R; SCOTT R A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (WARN-C) WARNER LAMBERT CO; (WARN-C) WARNER LAMBERT CO  
 LLC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 31

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO     | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|---------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| WO 9737629    | A1   | 19971016 | (199748)* | EN | 24 [0] |            |
| EP 891180     | A1   | 19990120 | (199908)  | EN |        |            |
| CA 2214923    | A1   | 19990309 | (199934)# | EN |        |            |
| CN 1215322    | A    | 19990428 | (199935)  | ZH |        | A61J003-07 |
| JP 2000508552 | W    | 20000711 | (200038)  | JA | 22     | A61J003-07 |
| KR 2000005232 | A    | 20000125 | (200061)  | KO |        |            |
| MX 9807667    | A1   | 19990801 | (200063)  | ES |        | A61J003-07 |
| US 6245350    | B1   | 20010612 | (200135)  | EN |        |            |
| EP 891180     | B1   | 20020703 | (200243)  | EN |        |            |
| DE 69713757   | E    | 20020808 | (200259)  | DE |        |            |
| ES 2175388    | T3   | 20021116 | (200302)  | ES |        |            |
| PH 1199756054 | B1   | 20030805 | (200512)  | EN |        | A61K009-48 |
| CN 1123333    | C    | 20031008 | (200553)  | ZH |        |            |
| KR 463356     | B    | 20050516 | (200657)  | KO |        | A61J003-07 |
| MX 239306     | B    | 20060804 | (200702)  | ES |        |            |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND       | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|------------|------------|----------------|----------|
| WO 9737629 | A1         | WO 1997-US4482 | 19970324 |
| US 6245350 | B1 Cont of | US 1994-358137 | 19941216 |
| US 6245350 | B1 CIP of  | US 1996-585549 | 19960111 |
| US 6245350 | B1         | US 1996-628823 | 19960405 |
| CN 1215322 | A          | CN 1997-193572 | 19970324 |



|                  |                          |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| CN 1123333 C     | CN 1997-193572 19970324  |
| DE 69713757 E    | DE 1997-613757 19970324  |
| EP 891180 A1     | EP 1997-916858 19970324  |
| EP 891180 B1     | EP 1997-916858 19970324  |
| DE 69713757 E    | EP 1997-916858 19970324  |
| ES 2175388 T3    | EP 1997-916858 19970324  |
| JP 2000508552 W  | JP 1997-536220 19970324  |
| EP 891180 A1     | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| JP 2000508552 W  | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| KR 2000005232 A  | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| EP 891180 B1     | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| DE 69713757 E    | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| KR 463356 B      | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| PH 1199756054 B1 | PH 1997-56054 19970403   |
| CA 2214923 A1    | CA 1997-2214923 19970909 |
| MX 9807667 A1    | MX 1998-7667 19980921    |
| KR 2000005232 A  | KR 1998-707919 19981002  |
| KR 463356 B      | KR 1998-707919 19981002  |
| MX 239306 B      | WO 1997-US4482 19970324  |
| MX 239306 B      | MX 1998-7667 19980921    |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND |               | PATENT NO     |   |
|---------------|------|---------------|---------------|---|
| DE 69713757   | E    | Based on      | EP 891180     | A |
| ES 2175388    | T3   | Based on      | EP 891180     | A |
| KR 463356     | B    | Previous Publ | KR 2000005232 | A |
| US 6245350    | B1   | CIP of        | US 6080426    | A |
| EP 891180     | A1   | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| JP 2000508552 | W    | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| KR 2000005232 | A    | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| EP 891180     | B1   | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| DE 69713757   | E    | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| KR 463356     | B    | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |
| MX 239306     | B    | Based on      | WO 9737629    | A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1996-628823 19960405  
 US 1994-358137 19941216  
 US 1996-585549 19960111  
 WO 1997-US4482 19970324  
 CA 1997-2214923 19970909

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61J003-07; A61K009-48

SECONDARY: A61K009-38

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61J0003-07 [I,A]; A61J0003-07 [I,C]; A61K0009-20 [I,A];  
 A61K0009-20 [I,C]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 1997037629 A1 UPAB: 20060113 Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 weight%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-

60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided. MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; A12-W05; B04-C03B; B12-M11C; C04-C03B;

C12-M11C; D03-H01S; J04-A06

Member(0002)

ABEQ EP 891180 A1 UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0004)

ABEQ CN 1215322 A UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin

capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0005)

ABEQ JP 2000508552 W UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard **gelatin** capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0008)

ABEQ US 6245350 B1 UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard **gelatin** capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to

pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

**ADVANTAGE** - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

**ALE** Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

**ABDT** WO1997037629

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises:

- (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts;
- (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets;
- (c) putting the capsule parts together; and
- (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking.

The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are re-humidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C.

Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

**USE**

The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

**ADVANTAGE**

Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

**EXAMPLE**

None given. (KKG)

**PREFERRED PROCESS**

The capsule parts are made from a hydrophilic polymer, with optional plasticiser(s) in amounts up to 40%, lubricant(s), colouring(s) in amount

up to 10%, and extenders up to 95%. A coating may also be included. Polymer materials are gelatin, phthalated or succinated gelatin, starch, casein, chitosan, soya bean or safflower protein, alginates, xanthan or gellan gum, carrageenan, cellulose phthalate/acetate, polyvinyl acetate, hydroxypropylmethyl cellulose, polyvinyl acetate/phthalate, acrylic or methacrylic ester polymers, or mixtures of the above.

Plasticisers are polyethylene glycol, glycerol or its mono-, di-, or tri-acetates, sorbitol, dioctyl sodium sulphosuccinate, triethyl or tributyl citrate and/or 1,2-propanediol.

Lubricants are stearates of aluminium, calcium, magnesium, or tin, talc, sodium lauryl sulphate, lecithins, mineral oils, stearic acid and/or silicones.

The encapsulated pharmaceutical is betamethasone, thioctic acid, sotalol, salbutamol, norfenefrine, silymarin, dihydroergotamine, buflomedil, etofibrate, indomethacin, oxazepam, acetyl-digitoxins, piroxicam, haloperidol, isosorbide mononitrate, amitriptyline, diclofenac, nifedipine, verapamil, pyritinol, nitrendipene, doxycycline, bromhexine, methylprednisolone, clonidine, fenofibrate, allopurinol, pirenzepine, levo-thyroxine, tamoxifen, methyl-digoxin, O-( $\beta$ -hydroxyethyl)-rutoside, propicillin, acyclovir mononitrate, paracetamolol, naftidrofuryl, pentoxifylline, propafenone, acebutolol, 1-thyroxine, tramadol, bromocriptine, loperamide, ketofinen, fenoterol, ca-dobesilate, propranolol, minocycline, nicergoline, ambroxol, metoprolol,  $\beta$ -sitosterin, enalapril hydrogen maleate, bezafibrate, isosorbide dinitrate, gallopamil, xantinol nicotinate, digitoxin, flunitrazepam, bencyclane, despanthenol, pindolol, lorazepam, diltiazem, piracetam, phenoxymethyl-penicillin, furosemide, bromazepam, flunarizine, erythromycin, metoclopramide, acemetacin, ranitidine, biperiden, metamazol, doxepin, dipotassium chlorazepat, tetrazepam, oestramustine phosphate, terbutaline, captopril, maprotiline, prazosin, atenolol, glibenclamid, cefaclor, etilefrin, cimetidine, theophylline, hydromorphone, ibuprofen, primidone, clobazam, oxaceprol, medroxyprogesterone, flecainide, Mg-pyridoxal-5-phosphate glutamate, hymechromone, etofylline clofibrate, vincamine, cinnarizine, diazepam, ketoprofen, flupentixol, molsidomine, glibornuride, dimethindene, melperone, soquinolol, dihydrocodeine, clomethiazole, clemastine, glisoxepid, kallidinogenase, oxyfedrine, baclofen, carboxymethyl-cystein, thioredoxin,  $\beta$ -hystine, 1-tryptophan, myrtol, bromelain, prenylamine, salazosulfapyridine, astemizole, sulpiride, benzerazid, dibenzepin, acetylsalicylic acid, miconazole, nystatin, ketoconazole, sodium picosulphate, colestyramate, gemfibrozil, rifampin, fluocortolone, mexiletine, amoxicillin, terfenadine, mucopolysaccharide-polysulphuric acid, triazolam, mianserin, tiaprofensaure, amezinium methylsulphate, mefloquine, probucol, quinidine, carbamazepine, Mg-1-aspartate, penbutolol, piretanide, amitriptyline, caproteron, sodium valproinate, mebeverine, bisacodyl, 5-amino-salicylic acid, dihydralazine, magaldrate, phenprocoumon, amantadine, naproxen, carteolol, famotidine, methyl dopa, auranofine, estriol, nadolol, levo-mepromazine, doxorubicin, medofenoxat, azathioprine, flutamide, norfloxacin, fendiline, prajmalium-bitartrate, aescin acromycin, anipamil, benzocaine,  $\beta$ -carotene, chloramphenicol, chlorodiazepoxid, chlormadinone-acetate, chlorothiazide, cinnarizine, clonazepam, codeine, dexamethasone, dicumarol, digoxin, drotaverine, gramicidine, griseofulvin, hexobarbital, hydrochlorothiazide, hydrocortisone, hydroflumethiazide, ketoprofen, lonetil, medazepam, mefruside, methandrostenolone, sulfaperine, nalidixic acid, nitrazepam, nitrofurantoin, oestradiol, papaverine, phenacetin, phenobarbital, phenylbutazone, phenytoin, prednisone, reserpine, spironolactone, streptomycin, sulfamethizole, sulfamethazine, sulfamethoxazole, sulfamethoxydiazinon, sulfathiazole, sulfisoxazole, testosterone,

tolazamide, tolbutamide, trimethoprim and/or tyrothricin. Pharmaceutically acceptable colourings are quinophthalone, triphenylmethane, or xanthene dyes, iron oxides or hydroxides, titanium dioxide and/or natural dyes; specific colours are sunset yellow, allura red, amaranth, cochineal red, azogermanine, tartrazine, brilliant black, canthaxanthin, patent blue, fast green, brilliant blue, acid green, erythrosine, quinoline yellow, indigotin, curcumin, and carbon black. Extenders are sunflower, soybean, cottonseed, peanut, or rapeseed proteins, lactose, gum arabic, acrylates or methacrylates, cellulose acetate/phthalate, hydroxypropyl methylcellulose and its phthalate, hydroxymethyl-cellulose, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, shellac, bentonite, polyvinyl acetate/phthalate, phthalated or succinated gelatin, agar-agar and/or hydroxyalkyl starches.

Coatings are cellulose acetate/phthalate, polyvinyl acetate/phthalate, methacrylic acid polymer, hypromellose phthalate and/or hydroxyalkyl methylcellulose phthalate.

In processing, the capsule material moisture content w/w is 15-18% (especially 16-18%).

The caplet is a compressed material, with conical ends for easy insertion, and has a clearance between capsule and caplet of 0 and -0.5 mm (i.e., the caplet is compressed in the capsule). The caplet may have a preformed step or groove so that the dosage unit can be divided. For filling, the capsule parts are maintained at RH of 60-80% for feeding in and filling. Better contact between caplet and capsule can be obtained by treating both contact surfaces with an adhesive, e.g., tackidex or aqueous gelatin, immediately before assembly, e.g., by spraying.

The assembled product is dried at 15-40°C (preferably 18-25°C). A film coating, e.g., enteric, may then be applied.

Member(0002)

ABEQ EP 891180 A1 UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0004)

ABEQ CN 1215322 A UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard **gelatin** capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0005)

ABEQ JP 2000508552 W UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard **gelatin** capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

Member(0008)

ABEQ US 6245350 B1 UPAB 20060113

Process for encapsulation of caplets in a capsule comprises: (a) providing empty first and second capsule shell parts; (b) filling at least one of

the parts with one or more caplets; (c) putting the capsule parts together; and (d) treating the combined capsule parts by cold shrinking. The parts for (a) are kept after production in humid conditions in the range 40-90% relative humidity (RH), to retain a moisture content in the range of 14-19% of the shell (or are rehumidified to this moisture content), before feeding into a capsule filling machine. The part is kept under humid conditions within the machine at the above moisture content, during rectifying and assembling with a caplet having a moisture content in the range 0-12 wt.%. The second capsule part is processed in the same manner. The encapsulated dosage form is dried at 20-40% RH and temperature 15-60°C. Solid dosage forms obtained by the above process are claimed per se. Also claimed is a process for filling hard gelatin capsules.

USE - The process provides solid dosage forms, and is applicable to pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals, foodstuffs and dyestuffs. The capsule shell halves optionally may not cover the caplet completely, providing possibilities for fast and slow release. Each half of the capsule can have the same or different colours; the caplet also may have a different colour.

ADVANTAGE - Capsule forms are easier to swallow. The capsule coating also has a neutral taste, in contrast to some medications, which may taste bitter and be refused, particularly by children. The product is also tamper-proof. The process is easy and cost-effective, and disadvantages of prior art attempts to solve the problem are avoided.

L86 ANSWER 28 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-086657 [08] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1993-100651; 1995-381884  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1997-028135 [08]  
 TITLE: Treatment of skin wounds - using, e.g., gel formulations comprising a non-steroidal anabolic hormone in a nutrient medium such as MCDB 153  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B05  
 INVENTOR: LINDENBAUM E  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (LIFE-N) LIFE MEDICAL SCI INC  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

#### PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| US 5591709 | A    | 19970107 | (199708)* | EN | 31[15] | A61K009-06 |

#### APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE                    |
|------------|------|-------------|-------------------------|
| US 5591709 | A    | Cont of     | US 1991-752849 19910830 |
| US 5591709 | A    | CIP of      | US 1992-937486 19920828 |
| US 5591709 | A    | CIP of      | US 1993-25216 19930302  |
| US 5591709 | A    | CIP of      | US 1993-158808 19931129 |
| US 5591709 | A    |             | US 1995-374944 19950118 |

#### FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | PATENT NO    |
|------------|------|--------------|
| US 5591709 | A    | CIP of       |
|            |      | US 5461030 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1995-374944 19950118



US 1991-752849 19910830  
 US 1992-937486 19920828  
 US 1993-25216 19930302  
 US 1993-158808 19931129

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-545 [I,A]; A61K0031-545 [I,C]; A61K0031-57 [I,A]  
 ; A61K0031-57 [I,C]; A61K0031-65 [I,A]; A61K0031-65 [I,C]  
 ; A61K0038-18 [I,A]; A61K0038-18 [I,C]; A61K0038-27 [I,A]  
 ; A61K0038-27 [I,C]; A61K0038-28 [I,A]; A61K0038-28 [I,C]  
 ; A61K0038-40 [I,A]; A61K0038-40 [I,C]; A61L0026-00 [I,A]  
 ; A61L0026-00 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

US 5591709 A UPAB: 20050515 The following are claimed: (A) treatment of skin wounds, comprising applying to the skin wound a formulation comprising a mixture of non-steroidal anabolic hormones (including insulin (at a concentration of 500 ng/ml to 100 µg/ml), growth hormone (at a concentration of 0.5-20 ng/ml) and triiodothyronine or thyroxine) in MCDB 153 nutrient medium; the formulation also comprises an amount of agarose, gelatin, collagen or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer effective to produce a gel for delivery to the wound; (B) wound treatment gel formulation comprising amts. of at least two non-steroidal anabolic hormones (selected from insulin, growth hormone, triiodothyronine and thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a cellular nutrient medium, which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose, in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormones; the formulation also includes water and at least one polymer selected from polyhydroxyethylmethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, gelatin, sepharose, agarose, collagen, cellulose, dextran, polyethyleneoxide, dextran-polyethylene, polyacrylamide, amylose and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer in amts. effective to form a gel for application of the formulation to the wound; and (C) treatment of skin wounds in animals comprising application of a formulation comprising an amount of a non-steroidal anabolic hormone (selected from insulin, triiodothyronine and/or thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a nutrient medium (which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose) in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormone.

USE - The processes/compsns. may be used for promoting wound healing of skin and related tissues.

ADVANTAGE - The nutrient medium functions with the hormone to promote the normal processes of elaboration, growth and healing of the wound and adjacent skin areas. The medium also serves to maintain a moist environment surrounding the wound area. MANUAL CODE:

CPI: A03-A01; A12-V; A12-V01; B03-B; B03-C; B03-D;  
 B04-C02; B04-C03; B04-J03A; B04-J05; B04-N02; B05-A01A;  
 B05-A01B; B05-C07; B06-D09; B07-D04C; B10-A07; B10-B02E;  
 B10-C04D; B12-M03; B14-D01; B14-N17B

ALE The following are claimed: (A) treatment of skin wounds, comprising applying to the skin wound a formulation comprising a mixture of non-steroidal anabolic hormones (including insulin (at a concentration of 500 ng/ml to 100 µg/ml), growth hormone (at a concentration of 0.5-20 ng/ml) and triiodothyronine or thyroxine) in MCDB 153 nutrient medium; the formulation also comprises an amount of agarose, gelatin, collagen or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer effective to produce a gel for delivery to the wound; (B) wound treatment gel formulation comprising amts. of at

least two non-steroidal anabolic hormones (selected from insulin, growth hormone, triiodothyronine and thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a cellular nutrient medium, which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose, in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormones; the formulation also includes water and at least one polymer selected from polyhydroxyethylmethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, gelatin, sepharose, agarose, collagen, cellulose, dextran, polyethyleneoxide, dextran-polyethylene, polyacrylamide, amylose and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer in amts. effective to form a gel for application of the formulation to the wound; and (C) treatment of skin wounds in animals comprising application of a formulation comprising an amount of a non-steroidal anabolic hormone (selected from insulin, triiodothyronine and/or thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a nutrient medium (which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose) in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormone.

ABDT US5591709

The following are claimed:

(A) treatment of skin wounds, comprising applying to the skin wound a formulation comprising a mixture of non-steroidal anabolic hormones (including insulin (at a concentration of 500 ng/ml to 100 µg/ml), growth hormone (at a concentration of 0.5-20 ng/ml) and triiodothyronine or thyroxine)

in MCDB 153 nutrient medium; the formulation also comprising an amount of agarose, gelatin, collagen or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer effective to produce a gel for delivery to the wound;

(B) wound treatment gel formulation comprising amts. of at least two non-steroidal anabolic hormones (selected from insulin, growth hormone, triiodothyronine and thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a cellular nutrient medium, which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose, in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormones; the formulation also includes water and at least one polymer selected from polyhydroxyethylmethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, gelatin, sepharose, agarose, collagen, cellulose, dextran, polyethyleneoxide, dextran-polyethylene, polyacrylamide, amylose and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer in amts. effective to form a gel for application of the formulation to the wound; and

(C) treatment of skin wounds in animals comprising application of a formulation comprising an amount of a non-steroidal anabolic hormone (selected from insulin, triiodothyronine and/or thyroxine) effective to enhance healing of skin wounds in animals in combination with a nutrient medium (which comprises essential amino acids, non-essential amino acids, a mixture of vitamins (comprising amts. of folate, niacinamide, pantothenate, pyridoxine, riboflavin and thiamine), a mixture of inorganic ions (comprising calcium, sodium, potassium, magnesium and chloride) and glucose) in amts. effective to enhance the healing of the wound in combination with the anabolic hormone.

## USE

The processes and compsns. may be used for promoting wound-healing of skin and related tissues.

## ADVANTAGE

The nutrient medium functions with the hormone to promote the normal processes of elaboration, growth and healing of the wound and adjacent skin areas. The medium also serves to maintain a moist environment surrounding the wound area.

## EXAMPLE

100g lyophilised powder of MCDB 153 was reconstituted with distilled, sterilised water and supplemented with human growth hormone to a final concentration of 0.5-2 ng/ml by conventional stirring. An amount of insulin-transferrin was added to a final concentration of 5 µg/ml. About 1 weight% of gelatin or collagen was added to provide a gel prod. for final delivery to wounds. (KKG)

## PREFERRED MATERIALS

The nutrient medium is a serum-free nutrient medium selected from F10, F12, RPMI 1640, Basal Medium Eagle including Earle's salt base, serum free Dulbecco's Modified Eagle Medium, McCoy's 5A medium, MCDB 153, Medium 199 including Earle's salt base, Medium 199 including Hank's salt base, Minimal Essential Medium Eagle including Hank's salt base or Minimal Essential Medium Eagle including Earle's salt base.

The formulations may also comprise cellular growth factors or transforming growth factors.

## IT UPIT 20050515

1013-CMP 1013-RCT 1013-RCT 1013-USE; 10240-DIS; 103217-CMP 103217-USE; 105093-CMP 105093-USE; 105627-CMP 105627-USE; 107305-CMP; 107779-CMP 107779-USE; 108739-USE; 108879-CMP 108879-USE; 112-CMP; 128-CMP; 130597-CMP; 132205-USE; 133116-USE; 133961-USE; 135415-USE; 150704-USE; 152166-USE; 155304-USE; 159573-CMP; 189863-USE; 2358-CMP 2358-USE; 2409-CMP 2409-USE; 269-CMP; 303-CMP 303-USE; 444-DIS; 75344-CMP 75344-RCT 75344-RCT 75344-USE; 86729-CMP; 8781-CMP 8781-RCT 8781-RCT 8781-USE; 89842-USE; 900-CMP 900-USE; 90356-CMP 90356-USE; 91481-CMP; 92818-CMP 92818-USE; 95503-CMP 95503-USE; 95972-CMP; 99443-CMP 99443-USE

## CMC UPB 20050515

DRN: 0038-U 0050-U 0183-U 0185-U 0252-U 0326-S 0326-U 0444-S 0444-U 0467-U 0503-U 0546-S 0546-U 0678-U 1653-U 1852-U 1857-U 1863-U 2044-U

DCR: 1013-S 1013-U 103217-U 105093-U 105627-U 107779-U 108739-U 108879-U 132205-U 133116-U 133961-U 135415-U 150704-U 152166-U 155304-U 189863-U 2358-U 2409-U 303-U 75344-S 75344-U 8781-S 8781-U 89842-U 900-U 90356-U 92818-U 95503-U 99443-U

M1 \*15\* J0 J011 J2 J221 J5 J581 K0 K4 K421 L5 L560 M210 M211 M262 M280 M281 M320 M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V734 M903 M904

DCN: R24070-M

DCR: 86729-M

M1 \*16\* M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V711 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R01852-M

DCR: 135415-U 90356-M 90356-U

M1 \*17\* M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V752 M903 M904

DCN: R24034-M

DCR: 91481-M

M1 \*18\* M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V721 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R01857-M

DCR: 92818-M 92818-U

M1 \*19\* M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V751 M903 M904

DCN: R24033-M

DCR: 95972-M

M1 \*20\* H4 H402 H482 H5 H589 H8 M280 M312 M323 M332 M342 M383 M393 M423  
 M431 M510 M520 M530 M540 M620 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V743  
 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R02044-M  
 DCR: 900-M 900-U  
 M1 \*21\* M423 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V723 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01863-M  
 DCR: 107779-M 107779-U  
 M1 \*22\* H7 H714 H721 J0 J011 J3 J371 M210 M212 M262 M281 M320 M416 M423  
 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V743 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00444-M R00444-Q  
 DCR: 8781-M 8781-Q 8781-S 8781-U  
 M1 \*23\* H7 H721 M210 M212 M320 M416 M423 M431 M610 M782 P942 Q110 Q120  
 Q130 Q140 V743 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00326-M R00326-Q  
 DCR: 1013-M 1013-Q 1013-S 1013-U  
 M1 \*24\* F011 F012 F423 H2 H211 H7 H713 H721 J5 J521 L9 L941 M210 M212  
 M273 M281 M320 M413 M423 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M782 P942 Q110  
 Q120 Q130 Q140 V743 M903 M904  
 DCN: R00546-M R00546-Q  
 DCR: 75344-M 75344-Q 75344-S 75344-U  
 M2 \*01\* A220 C810 M411 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904  
 DCN: R03033-M  
 DCR: 269-M  
 M2 \*02\* C017 C100 C720 C730 C801 C803 C804 C805 C806 C807 M411 M417 M431  
 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904  
 DCN: R06671-M  
 DCR: 130597-M  
 M2 \*03\* D012 D013 D940 G013 G100 H1 H100 H102 H121 H141 J0 J013 J1 J172  
 J3 J331 J5 J521 L9 L910 M280 M311 M313 M321 M332 M342 M343 M349  
 M373 M381 M391 M412 M431 M511 M520 M531 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120  
 Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00183-M  
 DCR: 189863-U 95503-M 95503-U  
 M2 \*04\* H4 H405 H484 H8 J4 J471 K0 L8 L814 L821 L831 M280 M315 M321 M332  
 M344 M349 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140  
 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00038-M  
 DCR: 159573-M 303-M 303-U  
 M2 \*05\* A212 C810 M411 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904  
 DCN: R05247-M  
 DCR: 128-M  
 M2 \*06\* F013 F431 J0 J011 J3 J311 M280 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M530  
 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00678-M  
 DCR: 2358-M 2358-U  
 M2 \*07\* H4 H402 H482 H8 J0 J012 J1 J171 J3 J371 M280 M312 M315 M321 M332  
 M333 M342 M343 M349 M381 M392 M416 M431 M620 M630 M640 M650 M782  
 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R04995-M  
 DCR: 103217-M 103217-U 133116-U 150704-U 89842-U  
 M2 \*08\* A119 C810 M411 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904  
 DCN: R03587-M  
 DCR: 112-M  
 M2 \*09\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F432 H4 H402 H482 H8 J5 J521 M210 M211 M240  
 M281 M311 M322 M342 M373 M392 M413 M431 M510 M521 M530 M540 M782  
 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 V0 V323 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00252-M  
 DCR: 105093-M 105093-U 152166-U  
 M2 \*10\* D011 D013 D023 E270 H1 H181 H2 H201 H4 H404 H484 H8 J5 J522 K0

L8 L812 L821 L833 L834 L9 L910 M210 M211 M240 M282 M315 M321  
M332 M344 M383 M391 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540 M782 P942 Q110  
Q120 Q130 Q140 V0 V322 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00503-M

DCR: 105627-M 105627-U 133961-U

M2 \*11\* A111 C810 M411 M431 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130 Q140 M903 M904

DCN: R03586-M

DCR: 107305-M

M2 \*12\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F019 F541 F710 H1 H100 H121 H4 H401 H481 H8  
K0 L7 L721 L9 L943 M210 M211 M240 M282 M311 M312 M321 M332 M342  
M373 M392 M413 M431 M510 M522 M530 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120 Q130  
Q140 V0 V321 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00185-M

DCR: 108739-U 132205-U 155304-U 2409-M 2409-U

M2 \*13\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120  
Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00050-M

DCR: 108879-M 108879-U

M2 \*14\* G015 G017 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120  
Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R01653-M

DCR: 99443-M 99443-U

DRN 0038-U 0050-U 0183-U 0185-U 0252-U 0326-S 0326-U 0444-S 0444-U  
0467-U 0503-U 0546-S 0546-U 0678-U 1653-U 1852-U 1857-U 1863-U 2044-U

M2 \*13\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 P942 Q110 Q120  
Q130 Q140 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00050-M

DCR: 108879-M 108879-U

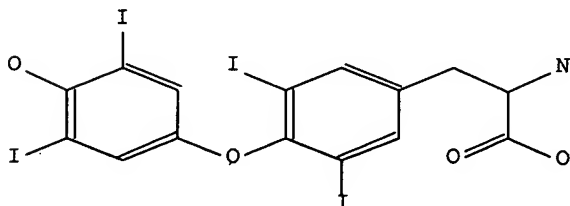
AN.S DCR-108879

CN.P THYROXINE

CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic  
acid

SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 29 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-246488 [23] WPIX  
DOC. NO. CPI: C1997-080054 [23]

THE THOMSON CORP on STN

TITLE: Stable thyroid hormone-containing compositions -  
comprise sodium thiosulphate as stabilising component,  
useful for treating thyroid diseases, particularly in  
e.g. thyroid over- and under-production

DERWENT CLASS: B05

INVENTOR: FRIESE A; LAHR W; WEICKGENANNT G

PATENT ASSIGNEE: (HENN-N) HENNING BERLIN GMBH; (HENN-N) HENNING BERLIN  
GMBH & CO; (LAHR-I) LAHR W; (SNFI-C) SANOFI SYNTHELABO  
GMBH

COUNTRY COUNT: 72

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | DATE     | WEEK     | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC    |
|-------------|------|----------|----------|----|--------|-------------|
| DE 19541128 | A1   | 19970430 | (199723) | DE | 5 [0]  | A61K047-04  |
| WO 9716178  | A1   | 19970509 | (199724) | DE | 17 [0] | A61K031-195 |
| AU 9672170  | A    | 19970522 | (199739) | EN |        | A61K031-195 |
| DE 19541128 | C2   | 19971127 | (199751) | DE |        | A61K047-04  |
| EP 857064   | A1   | 19980812 | (199836) | DE |        | A61K031-195 |
| US 5958979  | A    | 19990928 | (199947) | EN |        | A61K031-195 |
| JP 11514629 | W    | 19991214 | (200009) | JA | 14     | A61K031-195 |
| EP 857064   | B1   | 20021127 | (200279) | DE |        | A61K031-195 |
| DE 59609926 | G    | 20030109 | (200305) | DE |        | A61K031-195 |
| ES 2185805  | T3   | 20030501 | (200341) | ES |        | A61K031-195 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | APPLICATION      | DATE     |
|-------------|------|------------------|----------|
| DE 19541128 | A1   | DE 1995-19541128 | 19951027 |
| AU 9672170  | A    | AU 1996-72170    | 19960930 |
| DE 59609926 | G    | DE 1996-59609926 | 19960930 |
| EP 857064   | A1   | EP 1996-933433   | 19960930 |
| EP 857064   | B1   | EP 1996-933433   | 19960930 |
| DE 59609926 | G    | EP 1996-933433   | 19960930 |
| ES 2185805  | T3   | EP 1996-933433   | 19960930 |
| WO 9716178  | A1   | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| EP 857064   | A1   | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| US 5958979  | A    | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| JP 11514629 | W    | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| EP 857064   | B1   | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| DE 59609926 | G    | WO 1996-EP4274   | 19960930 |
| JP 11514629 | W    | JP 1997-517016   | 19960930 |
| US 5958979  | A    | US 1998-51376    | 19980408 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | PATENT NO             |
|-------------|------|-----------------------|
| DE 59609926 | G    | Based on EP 857064 A  |
| ES 2185805  | T3   | Based on EP 857064 A  |
| AU 9672170  | A    | Based on WO 9716178 A |
| EP 857064   | A1   | Based on WO 9716178 A |
| US 5958979  | A    | Based on WO 9716178 A |
| JP 11514629 | W    | Based on WO 9716178 A |
| EP 857064   | B1   | Based on WO 9716178 A |
| DE 59609926 | G    | Based on WO 9716178 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: DE 1995-19541128 19951027

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K031-195  
 IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-00 [I,A]; A61K0031-00 [I,C]; A61K0031-185 [I,C];  
 A61K0031-195 [I,A]; A61K0031-197 [I,A]; A61K0031-198  
 [I,A]; A61K0047-02 [I,A]; A61K0047-02 [I,C]; A61K0047-04  
 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,A]; A61K0009-20 [I,C]; A61P0005-00  
 [I,A]; A61P0005-00 [I,C]; A61P0005-14 [I,A]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

DE 19541128 A1 UPAB: 20060113 Stable thyroid hormone (I)-containing compositions comprise sodium thiosulphate (II) as the stabilising component. The weight ratio of (I):(II) is 1:0.1-1:50.

USE - The compositions are useful for treating various thyroid diseases, particularly in thyroid over- and under-production, iodine deficiency and related secondary diseases, and also for prophylactic substitution, optionally in combination with other agents e.g. iodine salts.

ADVANTAGE - The compositions containing (II) are more stable and have a longer shelf-life and can be kept for at least 3 years without any special protection (also in high temperature and humid climatic regions) with (I) hardly losing its full activity. The compositions can be easily prepared using a cheap and an environmental friendly process. MANUAL CODE: CPI: B04-J04; B05-A01B; B05-C05; B14-N11

## Member(0002)

ABEQ WO 1997016178 A1 UPAB 20060113

Stable thyroid hormone (I)-containing compositions comprise sodium thiosulphate (II) as the stabilising component. The weight ratio of (I):(II) is 1:0.1-1:50.

USE - The compositions are useful for treating various thyroid diseases, particularly in thyroid over- and under-production, iodine deficiency and related secondary diseases, and also for prophylactic substitution, optionally in combination with other agents e.g. iodine salts.

ADVANTAGE - The compositions containing (II) are more stable and have a longer shelf-life and can be kept for at least 3 years without any special protection (also in high temperature and humid climatic regions) with (I) hardly losing its full activity. The compositions can be easily prepared using a cheap and an environmental friendly process.

## ABDT DE19541128

Stable thyroid hormone (I) -containing compositions comprise sodium thiosulphate (II) as the stabilising component. The weight ratio of (I):(II) is 1:0.1-1:50.

## USE

The compositions are useful for treating various thyroid diseases, particularly in thyroid over- and under-production, iodine deficiency and related secondary diseases, and also for prophylactic substitution. The compositions are used optionally in combination with other agents e.g. iodine salts.

Dosage of (I) is 25-300 µg per day for chronic therapy, and up to 1 mg for diagnostic purposes.

## ADVANTAGE

The compositions containing (II) are more stable, have a longer shelf-life and can be kept for at least 3 years without any special protection (also in high temperature and humid climatic regions) and with (I) hardly losing its full activity.

The compositions can be easily prepared using a cheap and an environmental friendly process.

## PREPARATION

The composition is prepared by dissolving (II) in water optionally together with the alkali component, and adding this to the mixture containing (I).

## EXAMPLE

A composition comprising (in g): sodium levothyroxine (0.60), pregelatinised starch (225.00), maize starch (327.00), microcrystalline cellulose (334.63), (II) (3.00), sodium carbonate (0.77), hydrated castor oil (4.50), highly dispersed SiO<sub>2</sub> (4.50), was prepared by dissolving the (II) and sodium carbonate in water and suspending the levothyroxine in the solution. A mixture of the microcrystalline cellulose and the suspension was granulated and the rest of the components added and mixed. The mixture was suitable for filling in hard gelatine capsules or pressing into tablets of desired active agent content.

A tablet containing 50 µg sodium levothyroxine and 500 µg sodium thiosulphate per 150 mg was packed in a blister pack and stability compared with a similar tablet containing no sodium thiosulphate. After 12 months at 30 °C/70% relative humidity, the tablet with thiosulphate showed 0.7% decomposition whilst the tablet without thiosulphate showed 12.8% decomposition. (MHG)

## PREFERRED COMPOSITION

The composition further comprises an alkali component such that the aqueous solution has a pH 5.5-9. The alkali component is preferably sodium carbonate.

(I) is levothyroxine, liothyronine or diiodotyrosine.

The composition comprises at least two thyroid hormones and an additional active agent.

L86 ANSWER 30 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-536605 [50] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1997-171647 [50]  
 DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N1997-446669 [50]  
 TITLE: Controlled release hormone microsphere injection for treating obesity  
 DERWENT CLASS: A23; A25; A96; B01; P33  
 INVENTOR: CHENG L; ZHANG W; ZHENG Z  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (CHEN-N) CHENGDU INST ORGANIC CHEM CHINESE ACAD  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 1

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG | MAIN IPC   |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|------------|
| CN 1127634 | A    | 19960731 | (199750)* | ZH |    | A61K009-56 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|------------|------|----------------|----------|
| CN 1127634 | A    | CN 1995-111307 | 19950406 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: CN 1995-111307 19950406

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0009-16 [I,A]; A61K0009-16 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

CN 1127634 A UPAB: 20050519 Controlled release hormone microsphere injection comprises two components of aseptic powder containing polylactic acid, polyhydroxyl acetic acid, polylactic acid-polyethylene glycol, polyhydroxyacetic acid-polyethylene glycol, polylactic acid-polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyamino acid, gelatin and arabic gum and hormone such as oestradiol valerate, estriol, testosterone propionate, or thyroid powder, and 0.9% physiological saline containing silica oil and emulsifier.

USE - The injection is used for treating senile diseases caused by low sex hormone level. Its thyroxine preparation is used to treat obesity.



MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; B01-A02; B01-C05; B04-B01C3; B04-B04G;  
B04-C01; B04-C02D; B04-C03C; B04-C03D; B04-N02; B12-A03;  
B12-M10A; B14-E12; B14-P02

ALE Controlled release hormone microsphere injection comprises two components of aseptic powder containing polylactic acid, polyhydroxyl acetic acid, polylactic acid-polyethylene glycol, polyhydroxyacetic acid-polyethylene glycol, polylactic acid-polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyamino acid, gelatin and arabic gum and hormone such as oestradiol valerate, estriol, testosterone propionate, or thyroid powder, and 0.9% physiological saline containing silica oil and emulsifier.

USE USE - The injection is used for treating senile diseases caused by low sex hormone level. Its thyroxine preparation is used to treat obesity.

ABDT CN1127634

Controlled release hormone microsphere injection comprises two components of aseptic powder containing polylactic acid, polyhydroxyl acetic acid, polylactic acid-polyethylene glycol, polyhydroxyacetic acid-polyethylene glycol, polylactic acid-polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyamino acid, gelatin and arabic gum and hormone such as oestradiol valerate, estriol, testosterone propionate, or thyroid powder, and 0.9% physiological saline containing silica oil and emulsifier.

USE

The injection is used for treating senile diseases caused by low sex hormone level. Its thyroxine preparation is used to treat obesity.

DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 31 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997-527238 [49] WPIX  
DOC. NO. CPI: C1997-167809 [49]  
DOC. NO. NON-CPI: N1997-439259 [49]  
TITLE: Injection of delayed hormone microcapsule  
DERWENT CLASS: A96; B01; P33  
INVENTOR: CHENG L; XUE Q; ZHANG W  
PATENT ASSIGNEE: (CHEN-N) CHENGDU INST ORGANIC CHEM CHINESE ACAD  
COUNTRY COUNT: 1

#### PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG | MAIN IPC   |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|------------|
| CN 1126589 | A    | 19960717 | (199749)* | ZH |    | A61K009-66 |

#### APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|------------|------|----------------|----------|
| CN 1126589 | A    | CN 1995-111394 | 19950609 |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: CN 1995-111394 19950609

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

IPC RECLASSIF.: A61J0003-00 [I,A]; A61J0003-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-52 [I,C];  
A61K0009-66 [I,A]

#### BASIC ABSTRACT:

CN 1126589 A UPAB: 20050519 Injection of delayed hormone microcapsule comprises microcapsule bacteria-free powder of polylactate, polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyglycol, polyamino acid, gelatin or gum arabic containing valeric estradiol, estriol, propionate testosterone, thyroxine powder or other hormone.

USE - The injection is used for treating senile diseases caused by reduced hormone levels and obesity. MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; A12-W05; B01-A02; B01-C05; B04-C01;

B04-C03C; B04-C03D; B04-J01; B14-J01A4

ALE Injection of delayed hormone microcapsule comprises microcapsule bacteria-free powder of polylactate, polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyglycol, polyamino acid, gelatin or gum arabic containing valeric estradiol, estriol, propionate testosterone, thyroxine powder or other hormone.

ABDT CN1126589

Injection of delayed hormone microcapsule comprises microcapsule bacteria-free powder of polylactate, polyhydroxyacetic acid, polyglycol, polyamino acid, gelatin or gum arabic containing valeric estradiol, estriol, propionate testosterone, thyroxine powder or other hormone.

## USE

The injection is used for treating senile diseases caused by reduced hormone levels and obesity.

DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 32 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1993-100651 [12] WPIX  
 CROSS REFERENCE: 1995-381884; 1997-086657  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1993-044367 [21]  
 TITLE: Wound treatment formulations used for promoting healing  
 - comprising a cellular growth stimulating cpd. in a  
 cellular nutrient medium  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B04; P34  
 INVENTOR: LINDENBAUM E  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (LIFE-N) LIFE MEDICAL SCI INC; (TECR-C) TECHNION RES &  
 DEV FOUND LTD  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 35

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|-------------|------|----------|-----------|----|--------|------------|
| WO 9304691  | A1   | 19930318 | (199312)* | EN | 47 [7] | A61K037-02 |
| AU 9225879  | A    | 19930405 | (199330)  | EN |        | A61K037-02 |
| FI 9400932  | A    | 19940228 | (199418)  | FI |        | A61K000-00 |
| NO 9400406  | A    | 19940328 | (199422)  | NO |        | A61K037-02 |
| BR 9206433  | A    | 19940927 | (199440)  | PT |        | A61K037-02 |
| JP 06510453 | W    | 19941124 | (199506)  | JA | 14     | A61L015-44 |
| HU 67319    | T    | 19950328 | (199518)  | HU |        | A61K037-02 |
| EP 650366   | A1   | 19950503 | (199522)  | EN |        | A61K037-02 |
| AU 670413   | B    | 19960718 | (199639)  | EN |        | A61K037-26 |
| EP 650366   | B1   | 19991124 | (199954)  | EN |        | A61K038-00 |
| DE 69230344 | E    | 19991230 | (200007)  | DE |        | A61K038-00 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | APPLICATION      | DATE     |
|-------------|------|------------------|----------|
| WO 9304691  | A1   | WO 1992-US7341   | 19920828 |
| AU 9225879  | A    | AU 1992-25879    | 19920828 |
| AU 670413   | B    | AU 1992-25879    | 19920828 |
| BR 9206433  | A    | BR 1992-6433     | 19920828 |
| DE 69230344 | E    | DE 1992-69230344 | 19920828 |
| EP 650366   | A1   | EP 1992-919722   | 19920828 |
| EP 650366   | B1   | EP 1992-919722   | 19920828 |
| DE 69230344 | E    | EP 1992-919722   | 19920828 |
| FI 9400932  | A    | WO 1992-US7341   | 19920828 |
| NO 9400406  | A    | WO 1992-US7341   | 19920828 |
| BR 9206433  | A    | WO 1992-US7341   | 19920828 |

JP 06510453 W  
 HU 67319 T  
 EP 650366 A1  
 EP 650366 B1  
 DE 69230344 E  
 JP 06510453 W  
 HU 67319 T  
 NO 9400406 A  
 FI 9400932 A

WO 1992-US7341 19920828  
 WO 1992-US7341 19920828  
 WO 1992-US7341 19920828  
 WO 1992-US7341 19920828  
 WO 1992-US7341 19920828  
 JP 1993-505336 19920828  
 HU 1994-593 19920828  
 NO 1994-406 19940208  
 FI 1994-932 19940228

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO     | KIND          | PATENT NO    |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|
| AU 670413 B   | Previous Publ | AU 9225879 A |
| DE 69230344 E | Based on      | EP 650366 A  |
| AU 9225879 A  | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| BR 9206433 A  | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| JP 06510453 W | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| HU 67319 T    | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| EP 650366 A1  | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| AU 670413 B   | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| EP 650366 B1  | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |
| DE 69230344 E | Based on      | WO 9304691 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: US 1991-752849 19910830

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K038-00; A61L015-44  
 IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K [I,S]; A61K0031-045 [I,C]; A61K0031-05 [I,A];  
 A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-198 [I,A]; A61K0031-545  
 [I,A]; A61K0031-545 [I,C]; A61K0031-57 [I,A]; A61K0031-57  
 [I,C]; A61K0031-65 [I,A]; A61K0031-65 [I,C]  
 SECONDARY: A61K037-24; A61K037-26  
 ; A61K0038-18 [I,A]; A61K0038-18 [I,C]; A61K0038-22 [I,A]; A61K0038-22  
 [I,C]; A61K0038-27 [I,A]; A61K0038-27 [I,C]; A61K0038-28  
 [I,A]; A61K0038-28 [I,C]; A61K0038-40 [I,A]; A61K0038-40  
 [I,C]; A61K0047-30 [I,A]; A61K0047-30 [I,C]; A61K0009-06  
 [I,A]; A61K0009-06 [I,C]; A61K0009-08 [I,A]; A61K0009-08  
 [I,C]; A61L0015-16 [I,C]; A61L0015-44 [I,A]; A61L0026-00  
 [I,A]; A61L0026-00 [I,C]; A61P0017-00 [I,A]; A61P0017-00  
 [I,C]; A61P0043-00 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

WO 1993004691 A1 UPAB: 20060107 Wound-treatment formulation comprises a cellular growth stimulating cpd. (at a concentration of at least ca. 0.05 mg/ml) in a cellular nutrient medium. Method for treating wounds comprises applying a formulation as above, where the cellular nutrient medium is serum free. Pref. the nutrient medium is serum free and is selected from ADC-1, LPM (albumin-free), F10, F12, DCCM1, DCCM2, BGJ medium (Fitton-Jackson modification), Basal Medium Eagle (with the addition of Earle's salt base), Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (without serum), Glasgow modification Eagle Medium, Leibovitz L-15 Medium, McCoy's 5A Medium, MDCB 153, Medium M199 (M199E with Earle's salt base or M199H with Hank's salt base) or Minimum Essential Medium Eagle (MEM-E with Earle's salt base), MEM-H with Hank's salt base, or with non-essential amino acids), especially MDCB 153. The cellular growth stimulating cpd. is a growth hormone, thyroxin, triiodothyronine, insulin, epithelial growth factor, transforming growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, insulin-like growth factor, or mixts. of these. The cpd. is e.g. human growth hormone in the range of 0.5-50 microg/ml, or insulin in an amount ranging from 5 mg/ml to 100 microg/ml. The formulation also comprises hydrocortisone (0.1-50 micro-mol.), a delivery polymer (especially

hydroxymethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, gelatin, agarose, collagen and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer) and an antimicrobial agent, especially a cephalosporin or tetracycline. The formulation is delivered as a solution, a gel (especially derived from gelatin or agarose) or a cream.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The compsn. is used for promoting wound healing in skin and related tissues. It is useful for treating punctures, incisions, excisions, lacerations, abrasions and burns, including large burn areas. The compsn. accelerates wound healing and also prolongs the viability in skin and other tissue

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; B04-B04L; B12-A07

Member(0006)

ABEQ JP 06510453 W UPAB 20060107

Wound-treatment formulation comprises a cellular growth stimulating cpd. (at a concn. of at least ca. 0.05 mg/ml) in a cellular nutrient medium. Method for treating wounds comprises applying a formulation as above, where the cellular nutrient medium is serum free. Pref. the nutrient medium is serum free and is selected from ADC-1, LPM (albumin-feed), F10, F12, DCCM1, DCCM2, BGJ medium (Fitton-Jackson modification), Basal Medium Eagle (with the addn. of Earle's salt base), Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (without serum), Glasgow modification Eagle Medium, Leibovitz L-15 Medium, McCoy's 5A Medium, MDCB 153, Medium M199 (M199E with Earle's salt base or M199H with Hank's salt base) or Minimum Essential Medium Eagle (MEM-E with Earle's salt base), MEM-H with Hank's salt base, or with non-essential amino acids), esp. MDCB 153. The cellular growth stimulating cpd. is a growth hormone, thyroxin, triiodothyronine, insulin, epithelial growth factor, transforming growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, insulin-like growth factor, or mixts. of these. The cpd. is e.g. human growth hormone in the range of 0.5-50 microg/ml, or insulin in an amt. ranging from 5 mg/ml to 100 microg/ml. The formulation also comprises hydrocortisone (0.1-50 micro-mol.), a delivery polymer (esp. hydroxymethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, gelatin, agarose, collagen and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer) and an antimicrobial agent, esp. a cephalosporin or tetracycline. The formulation is delivered as a soln., a gel (esp. derived from gelatin or agarose) or a cream.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The compsn. is used for promoting wound healing in skin and related tissues. It is useful for treating punctures, incisions, excisions, lacerations, abrasions and burns, including large burn areas. The compsn. accelerates wound healing and also prolongs the viability in skin and other tissue.

Member(0010)

ABEQ EP 650366 B1 UPAB 20060107

Wound-treatment formulation comprises a cellular growth stimulating cpd. (at a concn. of at least ca. 0.05 mg/ml) in a cellular nutrient medium. Method for treating wounds comprises applying a formulation as above, where the cellular nutrient medium is serum free. Pref. the nutrient medium is serum free and is selected from ADC-1, LPM (albumin-fee), F10, F12, DCCM1, DCCM2, BGJ medium (Fitton-Jackson modification), Basal Medium Eagle (with the addn. of Earle's salt base), Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (without serum), Glasgow modification Eagle Medium, Leibovitz L-15 Medium, McCoy's 5A Medium, MDCB 153, Medium M199 (M199E with Earle's salt base or M199H with Hank's salt base) or Minimum Essential Medium Eagle (MEM-E with Earle's salt base), MEM-H with Hank's salt base, or with non-essential amino acids), esp. MDCB 153. The cellular growth stimulating cpd. is a growth hormone, thyroxin, triiodothyronine, insulin, epithelial growth factor, transforming growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, insulin-like growth factor, or

mixts. of these. The cpd. is e.g. human growth hormone in the range of 0.5-50 microg/ml, or insulin in an amt. ranging from 5 mg/ml to 100 microg/ml. The formulation also comprises hydrocortisone (0.1-50 micro-mol.), a delivery polymer (esp. hydroxymethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, **gelatin**, agarose, collagen and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer) and an antimicrobial agent, esp. a celaphosporin or tetracycline. The formulation is delivered as a soln., a gel (esp. derived from **gelatin** or agarose) or a cream.

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Member(0006)

ABEQ JP 06510453 W UPAB 20060107

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Member(0010)

ABEQ EP 650366 B1 UPAB 20060107

Wound-treatment formulation comprises a cellular growth stimulating cpd. (at a concn. of at least ca. 0.05 mg/ml) in a cellular nutrient medium. Method for treating wounds comprises applying a formulation as above, where the cellular nutrient medium is serum free. Pref. the nutrient medium is serum free and is selected from ADC-1, LPM (albumin-free), F10, F12, DCCM1, DCCM2, BGJ medium (Fitton-Jackson modification), Basal Medium Eagle (with the addn. of Earle's salt base), Dulbecco's modified Eagle medium (without serum), Glasgow modification Eagle Medium, Leibovitz L-15 Medium, McCoy's 5A Medium, MDCB 153, Medium M199 (M199E with Earle's salt base or M199H with Hank's salt base) or Minimum Essential Medium Eagle (MEM-E with Earle's salt base), MEM-H with Hank's salt base, or with non-essential amino acids), esp. MDCB 153. The cellular growth stimulating cpd. is a growth hormone, **thyroxin**, triiodothyronine, insulin, epithelial growth factor, transforming growth factor, platelet derived growth factor, insulin-like growth factor, or mixts. of these. The cpd. is e.g. human growth hormone in the range of 0.5-50 microg/ml, or insulin in an amt. ranging from 5 mg/ml to 100 microg/ml. The formulation also comprises hydrocortisone (0.1-50 micro-mol.), a delivery polymer (esp. hydroxymethacrylate, polyvinylpyrrolidone, polyethylene glycol, **gelatin**, agarose, collagen and/or a hydrophilic cellulose polymer) and an antimicrobial agent, esp. a celaphosporin or tetracycline. The formulation is delivered as a soln., a gel (esp. derived from **gelatin** or agarose) or a cream.

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DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 33 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992-026804 [04] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1992-011501 [21]  
 TITLE: Pharmaceutical compsn. containing vegetable dye - ensures against photodecomposition in processing and after, may also improve drug solubility and release  
 DERWENT CLASS: A96; B03; B05; B07  
 INVENTOR: BALAZS R; CSOERGO M; CSOERGÖE M; CSORGO M; JUDIT-NEE-JUHASZ T E; KATALIN-NEE-NAGY W; MANDI A; MANDI A M J; MARCISZ J; NAGY K; NAGY M; NAGY M N K; TAJTHY E; TAJTHY E J; TAJTHY T; WAGNER I; WAGNER K  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (EGYE-C) EGIS GYOGYSZERGYAR; (EGYE-C) EGYT GYOGYSZERGYAR  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 19

PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | DATE     | WEEK       | LA | PG     | MAIN IPC   |
|-------------|------|----------|------------|----|--------|------------|
| GB 2246072  | A    | 19920122 | (199204) * | EN |        |            |
| DE 4124081  | A    | 19920123 | (199205)   | DE |        |            |
| NL 9101268  | A    | 19920217 | (199211)   | NL | 18 [4] |            |
| SE 9102160  | A    | 19920121 | (199213)   | SV |        |            |
| FR 2664814  | A    | 19920124 | (199214)   | FR | 20     |            |
| CA 2047482  | A    | 19920121 | (199215)   | EN |        |            |
| DK 9101375  | A    | 19920121 | (199216)   | DA |        |            |
| FI 9103493  | A    | 19920121 | (199217)   | FI |        |            |
| HU 59592    | T    | 19920629 | (199231)   | HU |        | A61K009-48 |
| CS 9102222  | A2   | 19920219 | (199238)   | CS |        | A61K047-22 |
| JP 04253924 | A    | 19920909 | (199243)   | JA | 9      | A61K047-46 |
| ZA 9105677  | A    | 19930331 | (199319)   | EN | 23     | A61K000-00 |
| CH 681960   | A5   | 19930630 | (199330)   | DE |        | A61K047-00 |
| TW 203012   | A    | 19930401 | (199333)   | ZH |        | A61K009-48 |
| ES 2039177  | A1   | 19930901 | (199340)   | ES |        | A61K009-48 |
| ES 2039177  | B1   | 19940316 | (199415)   | ES |        | A61K009-48 |
| GB 2246072  | B    | 19940615 | (199421)   | EN | [0]    | A61K009-48 |
| BE 1006829  | A3   | 19950103 | (199506)   | FR | 23 [0] | A61K000-00 |
| IT 1250681  | B    | 19950421 | (199544)   | IT |        | A61K000-00 |
| CZ 280064   | B6   | 19951018 | (199549)   | CS |        | A61K047-22 |
| RU 2053764  | C1   | 19960210 | (199645) # | RU | 7 [0]  | A61K009-00 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | APPLICATION     | DATE     |
|-------------|------|-----------------|----------|
| GB 2246072  | A    | GB 1991-15693   | 19910719 |
| FR 2664814  | A    | FR 1990-9183    | 19900709 |
| HU 59592    | T    | HU 1990-4564    | 19900720 |
| CH 681960   | A5   | CH 1991-2125    | 19910717 |
| CS 9102222  | A2   | CS 1991-2222    | 19910717 |
| CZ 280064   | B6   | CS 1991-2222    | 19910717 |
| BE 1006829  | A3   | BE 1991-683     | 19910719 |
| DE 4124081  | A    | DE 1991-4124081 | 19910719 |
| ES 2039177  | A1   | ES 1991-1701    | 19910719 |
| ES 2039177  | B1   | ES 1991-1701    | 19910719 |
| GB 2246072  | B    | GB 1991-15693   | 19910719 |
| IT 1250681  | B    | IT 1991-MI2002  | 19910719 |
| JP 04253924 | A    | JP 1991-203542  | 19910719 |
| NL 9101268  | A    | NL 1991-1268    | 19910719 |
| RU 2053764  | C1   | SU 1991-5001143 | 19910719 |
| TW 203012   | A    | TW 1991-105605  | 19910719 |
| ZA 9105677  | A    | ZA 1991-5677    | 19910719 |

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | PATENT NO    |
|-----------|------|--------------|
| CZ 280064 | B6   | CS 9102222 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: HU 1990-4564 19900720  
SU 1991-5001143 19910719

## INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K009-48  
IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0031-045 [I,C]; A61K0031-047 [I,A]; A61K0031-07 [I,A];  
A61K0031-13 [I,A]; A61K0031-13 [I,C]; A61K0031-135  
[I,A]; A61K0031-135 [I,C]; A61K0031-165 [I,A];  
A61K0031-165 [I,C]; A61K0031-185 [I,C]; A61K0031-19 [I,A]

; A61K0031-195 [I,A]; A61K0031-21 [I,A]; A61K0031-21 [I,C]; A61K0031-345 [I,A]; A61K0031-345 [I,C]; A61K0031-40 [I,A]; A61K0031-40 [I,C]; A61K0031-415 [I,A]; A61K0031-415 [I,C]; A61K0031-44 [I,A]; A61K0031-44 [I,C]; A61K0031-455 [I,A]; A61K0031-455 [I,C]; A61K0031-46 [I,A]; A61K0031-46 [I,C]; A61K0031-47 [I,A]; A61K0031-47 [I,C]; A61K0031-475 [I,A]; A61K0031-475 [I,C]; A61K0031-48 [I,A]; A61K0031-48 [I,C]; A61K0031-485 [I,A]; A61K0031-485 [I,C]; A61K0031-495 [I,A]; A61K0031-495 [I,C]; A61K0031-519 [I,C]; A61K0031-52 [I,A]; A61K0031-565 [I,A]; A61K0031-565 [I,C]; A61K0031-57 [I,A]; A61K0031-57 [I,C]; A61K0031-59 [I,A]; A61K0031-59 [I,C]; A61K0031-63 [I,A]; A61K0031-63 [I,C]; A61K0038-22 [I,A]; A61K0038-22 [I,C]

## SECONDARY:

; A61K0047-46

A61K047-22 [I,A]; A61K0047-46 [I,C]; A61K0009-00 [I,A]; A61K0009-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-28 [I,A]; A61K0009-28 [I,C]; A61K0009-30 [I,C]; A61K0009-40 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C]

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

GB 2246072 A UPAB: 20060106 A solid pharmaceutical compsn. comprises: (a) a light-sensitive and opt. hardly water soluble active ingredient; (b) a vegetable dye; and (c) conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents. Pref. active ingredients vitamins D, vitamin A; imidazolines and piperazines etc.. The dye is pref. chlorophyll (either lipophilic or hydrophilic).

USE/ADVANTAGE - Decomposition prods. of light-sensitive materials may include inactive or harmful cpds., for which regulations become more severe. The compsn. provides protection of the active materia MANUAL CODE: CPI: A12-V01; B04-B01B; B04-B01C1; B04-N02; B05-B01P;

B06-D18; B07-D04C; B07-D04D; B12-M10A; B12-M11C

Member(0005)

ABEQ FR 2664814 A UPAB 20060106

A solid pharmaceutical compsn. comprises (a) a light-sensitive and opt. hardly water soluble active ingredient; (b) a vegetable dye; and (c) conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents. Pref. active ingredients are vitamins D, vitamin A; imidazolines and iperazines etc., The dye is pref. chlorophyll (either lipophilic or hydrophilic).

USE/ADVANTAGE - Decomposition prods. of light-sensitive materials may include inactive or harmful cpds., for which regulations become more severe. The compsn. provides protection of the active material throughout formulation operations and for the finished prod., without extra steps or equipment, in an easily feasible process. The vegetable dye may also improve the solubility of active ingredient, e.g. nifedipine, in the carrier, improving release characteristics. The dyestuff is opt. also incorporated in the wall of soft gelatin capsules. Formulations also include tablets, deragees, or hard gelatin capsules.

Member(0012)

ABEQ ZA 9105677 A UPAB 20060106

The solid pharmaceutical compositions, pref. soft gelatin capsules, comprising a light-sensitive active ingredient opt. being hardly soluble in water, pref. nifedipine (4-(2'-nitrophenyl)-2,6-dimethyl-3,5-dimethoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyridine), together with conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents, wherein the compsn. incorporates a vegetable dye.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The incorporation of a vegetable dye into the capsule wall ensures a reliable light protection during the mfg. and filling operations and improves the solubility of nifedipine in certain carriers.



Member(0018)

ABEQ BE 1006829 A3 UPAB 20060106

A solid pharmaceutical compsn. comprises (a) a light-sensitive opt. hardly water soluble active ingredient; (b) a vegetable dye; and (c) conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents.

Pref. active ingredients are vitamin D, vitamin A, imidazolines and piperazines etc.. The dye is pref. chlorophyll (either lipophilic or hydrophilic).

USE/ADVANTAGE - Decompsn. prods. of light-sensitive materials may include inactive or harmful cpds. for which regulations become more severe. The compsn. provides protection of the active material throughout formulation operations and for the finished prod., without extra steps or equipment, in an easily feasible process. The vegetable dye may also improve the solubility of the active ingredient, e.g. nifedipine in the carrier, improving release characteristics.

Member(0021)

ABEQ RU 2053764 C1 UPAB 20060106

Pharmaceutical prepns. contg. light-sensitive and low-solubility biologically-active substits., particularly 'nifedipin' (sic), a widely-used calcium channel blocker, can be obtd. in the form of capsules comprising a soft gelatine shell and a light-protecting fill material. The latter consists of the following components (wt. %): 'nifedipin' dihydropyridine deriv. (2-5); hydrophilic or lipophilic chlorophyll as vegetable pigment (0.1-10.0); vegetable oil or other suitable solvent (90-96).

USE - Prepns. are used in pharmaceutical mfr.

ADVANTAGE - The calcium channel-blocking dihydropyridine deriv. is protected from decompn. by light.

ABDT RU2053764

Pharmaceutical prepns. contg. light-sensitive and low-solubility biologically-active substits., particularly nifedipine, a widely-used calcium channel blocker, can be obtd. in the form of capsules comprising a soft gelatine shell and a light-protecting fill material. The latter consists of the following components (wt. %): nifedipine dihydropyridine deriv. (2-5); hydrophilic or lipophilic chlorophyll as vegetable pigment (0.1-10.0); vegetable oil or other suitable solvent (90-96).

USE

Prepns. are used in pharmaceutical mfr.

ADVANTAGE

The calcium channel-blocking dihydropyridine deriv. is protected from decomposition by light.

EXAMPLE

First nifedipine (3.00 wt. %) was dissolved in polyethylene-oxide sorbitan monooleate (22.85), heated to 70 °C. When lecithin (57.00) and lipophilic chlorophyll (2.50) had been mixed in, the soln. was cooled to room temp. and lemon oil (14.65) was added to it before filtration. (AB)

IT UPIT 20060106

102039-CMP; 102064-CMP; 102107-CMP 102107-USE; 102110-CMP 102110-USE;  
102123-CMP; 104702-CMP; 105509-CMP 105509-USE; 108000-CMP 108000-USE;  
108879-CMP 108879-USE; 109403-CMP 109403-USE; 109488-CMP  
109488-USE; 129776-USE; 129913-USE; 130130-USE; 130313-USE; 131095-USE;  
132054-CMP; 132199-USE; 133373-USE; 133420-USE; 134726-USE; 134872-USE;  
139868-USE; 140561-CMP; 140942-CMP 140942-USE; 143149-CMP; 148651-USE;  
148654-CMP 148654-USE; 150711-CMP 150711-USE; 1884-USE; 192312-USE;  
2623-USE; 44063-CMP 44063-USE; 44586-CMP; 589-USE; 60080-CMP 60080-USE;  
6103-CMP 6103-USE; 61832-USE; 6679-USE; 67535-CMP 67535-USE; 6754-CMP;  
70204-CMP; 7127-USE; 72610-CMP; 7903-CMP 7903-USE; 88150-CMP 88150-USE;

88752-CMP 88752-USE; 90794-CMP; 90795-CMP; 90868-USE; 91432-USE;  
 91462-CMP; 91464-CMP 91464-USE; 93718-CMP; 94397-USE; 96686-CMP 96686-USE;  
 98315-CMP 98315-USE

CMC UPB 20060106

DRN: 0007-U 0018-U 0026-U 0050-U 0053-U 0066-U 0078-U 0096-U  
 0127-U 0171-U 0180-U 0267-U 0276-U 0282-U 0283-U 0540-U 0590-U 0958-U  
 0983-U 1203-U 1242-U 1259-U 1723-U

DCR: 102107-U 102110-U 105509-U 108000-U 108879-U 109403-U  
 109488-U 129776-U 129913-U 130130-U 130313-U 131095-U 132199-U  
 133373-U 133420-U 134726-U 134872-U 139868-U 140942-U 148651-U  
 148654-U 150711-U 1884-U 192312-U 2623-U 44063-U 589-U 60080-U 6103-U  
 61832-U 6679-U 67535-U 7127-U 7903-U 88150-U 88752-U 90868-U 91432-U  
 91464-U 94397-U 96686-U 98315-U

M1 \*19\* M421 M423 M431 M782 Q312 R031 V000 V131 V470 V624 V795 M903

M2 \*01\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F432 G010 G011 G012 G100 H103 H181 H3  
 H341 H581 J0 J012 J2 J212 M1 M113 M210 M211 M212 M213 M232 M240  
 M272 M273 M281 M282 M311 M312 M320 M321 M332 M342 M373 M383 M391  
 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540 M782 M903 M904  
 DCN: R03027-M R06632-M R07653-M R07654-M R08449-M  
 DCR: 102039-M 102064-M 44586-M 6754-M 72610-M

M2 \*02\* G031 G036 G039 G060 G563 G640 H4 H401 H461 H7 H720 H721 H725 H8  
 M1 M126 M134 M210 M211 M220 M223 M232 M240 M282 M311 M312 M321  
 M332 M341 M344 M415 M431 M510 M520 M530 M542 M782 Q312 R031 V0  
 V340 M903 M904 M910  
 RIN: 01391  
 DCN: R00007-M  
 DCR: 6103-M

M2 \*03\* G036 G038 G562 H4 H401 H481 H7 H725 H8 M210 M211 M240 M283 M316  
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 R031 V0 V310 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00282-M  
 DCR: 105509-M

M2 \*04\* D013 D016 D019 D030 E320 E530 G010 G100 H1 H181 H2 H201 H4 H401  
 H421 H8 J0 J011 J3 J311 J5 J522 L9 L941 L999 M1 M123 M126 M132  
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 M531 M540 M771 M782 Q312 R031 V0 V430 M903 M904 M910  
 RIN: 02319  
 DCN: R07361-M  
 DCR: 143149-M

M2 \*05\* D012 D013 D940 G013 G100 H1 H101 H103 H122 H141 J0 J013 J1 J172  
 J3 J331 L9 L910 M210 M211 M273 M281 M311 M313 M321 M332 M342  
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 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00180-M  
 DCR: 60080-M

M2 \*06\* F011 F012 F014 F015 F019 F111 F523 H2 H211 H3 H321 J5 J522 K0 K6  
 K630 L9 L910 M280 M320 M413 M431 M510 M522 M530 M540 M782 Q312  
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 DCN: R00267-M  
 DCR: 102107-M

M2 \*08\* D011 D021 D029 E550 H1 H181 H2 H201 H4 H402 H441 H461 H8 M210  
 M211 M273 M281 M320 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540 M640 M782 Q312  
 R031 V0 V441 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R07434-M  
 DCR: 148654-M

M2 \*09\* D011 D023 D631 G015 G100 H5 H543 H8 M1 M123 M132 M210 M211 M272  
 M283 M311 M321 M342 M412 M431 M511 M520 M531 M540 M640 M782 Q312  
 R031 V0 V440 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R04935-M  
 DCR: 150711-M

M2 \*10\* G015 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H402 H442 H8 M280 M312 M321 M332 M342  
 M373 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903  
 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00053-M  
 DCR: 7903-M  
 M2 \*11\* G015 G100 H1 H102 H181 H4 H403 H442 H481 H8 M210 M213 M232 M273  
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 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01723-M  
 DCR: 98315-M  
 M2 \*12\* C316 F012 F541 G013 G100 H1 H100 H141 K0 K3 K353 L9 L922 M1 M123  
 M147 M280 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531 M540 M782 Q312 R031  
 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00283-M  
 DCR: 108000-M  
 M2 \*13\* D011 E130 H2 H211 K0 L4 L432 M280 M320 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530  
 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01203-M  
 DCR: 44063-M  
 M2 \*14\* D011 D022 E800 F011 F014 F553 H1 H183 H2 H203 H6 H685 M210 M211  
 M273 M281 M311 M313 M321 M332 M342 M344 M353 M383 M391 M412 M431  
 M511 M521 M530 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00983-M  
 DCR: 109403-M  
 M2 \*15\* D011 D014 D670 G010 G100 H1 H181 H2 H201 J0 J012 J2 J211 J221 M1  
 M123 M136 M210 M211 M272 M273 M281 M320 M412 M431 M511 M520 M531  
 M540 M640 M782 Q312 R031 V0 V411 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R11463-M  
 DCR: 140942-M  
 M2 \*16\* F012 F431 G010 G100 H1 H103 H121 H181 L9 L943 M210 M211 M273  
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 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00590-M  
 DCR: 109488-M  
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 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00078-M  
 DCR: 67535-M  
 M2 \*18\* K0 K7 K710 K799 M280 M313 M321 M332 M343 M383 M391 M416 M431  
 M620 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00096-M  
 DCR: 102110-M  
 M2 \*20\* A212 A960 C710 D011 D013 D019 D023 E350 H7 H715 H721 H722 J0  
 J012 J2 J251 J271 J411 J5 J561 M210 M211 M212 M226 M232 M240  
 M272 M282 M283 M312 M321 M332 M342 M372 M391 M411 M431 M511 M520  
 M530 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904  
 RIN: 06561  
 DCN: R09012-M R10075-M R10092-M  
 DCR: 132054-M 90794-M 90795-M  
 M2 \*21\* G013 G100 J0 J011 J3 J331 K0 K6 K640 M210 M211 M213 M232 M273  
 M282 M311 M321 M342 M373 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782  
 Q312 R031 M903 M904  
 DCN: R08235-M  
 DCR: 104702-M  
 M2 \*22\* G023 G031 G033 G380 H5 H543 H561 H8 J0 J011 J3 J361 J5 J561 M210  
 M211 M262 M272 M281 M283 M320 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782  
 Q312 R031 V0 V470 M903 M904  
 DCN: R10166-M  
 DCR: 91462-M

M2 \*23\* G010 G012 G100 J0 J011 J1 J171 J5 J581 M1 M121 M131 M150 M280  
 M312 M321 M331 M340 M342 M372 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540  
 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904  
 DCN: R03908-M  
 DCR: 70204-M  
 M2 \*24\* H4 H402 H482 H8 J0 J012 J1 J172 M280 M312 M321 M332 M344 M349  
 M381 M391 M416 M431 M620 M771 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R07361-M  
 DCR: 143149-M  
 M2 \*25\* D011 D022 E800 H1 H103 H182 H2 H201 H6 H602 H641 M210 M211 M273  
 M282 M313 M321 M332 M342 M383 M391 M412 M431 M511 M520 M530 M540  
 M640 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R07808-M  
 DCR: 140561-M  
 M2 \*26\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 M800 Q312 R031  
 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R04769-M  
 DCR: 108879-M  
 M2 \*27\* D011 D931 F011 F014 F015 F521 H1 H181 H2 H201 H3 H321 H5 H592 H9  
 L9 L943 L999 M1 M126 M142 M210 M211 M273 M281 M320 M412 M431  
 M511 M521 M530 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01259-M  
 DCR: 88150-M  
 M2 \*28\* A111 A426 A940 A980 C106 C107 C108 C520 C730 C801 C802 C803 C807  
 M411 M431 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904  
 DCN: R06406-M  
 DCR: 102123-M  
 M2 \*29\* G031 G036 G039 G060 G563 G640 H4 H401 H461 H7 H720 H725 H8 M1  
 M126 M134 M210 M211 M220 M222 M232 M240 M282 M311 M312 M321 M332  
 M341 M344 M415 M431 M510 M520 M530 M542 M782 Q312 R031 V0 V340  
 M903 M904 M910  
 RIN: 01391  
 DCN: R00276-M  
 DCR: 91464-M  
 M2 \*30\* F011 F014 F017 F433 G013 G019 G100 H1 H181 H2 H201 H4 H401 H421  
 H6 H601 H602 H642 H8 J5 J581 M1 M113 M280 M313 M321 M332 M342  
 M381 M391 M413 M431 M510 M521 M532 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903  
 M904 M910  
 DCN: R00066-M  
 DCR: 96686-M  
 M2 \*31\* D013 D712 F011 F014 F432 F433 G013 G100 H1 H181 H2 H201 H211 H6  
 H601 H641 J5 J521 J581 L9 L921 M280 M313 M321 M332 M342 M381  
 M391 M412 M431 M511 M521 M531 M540 M782 Q312 R031 M903 M904  
 DCN: R03805-M  
 MCN: 9204-13501-M  
 DCR: 93718-M  
 M5 \*07\* M431 M782 Q312 R031 S001 S004 S030 S132 S133 S134 S142 S209 S217  
 S311 S316 S317 S511 S517 S521 S603 S620 T209 T230 T816 U016 U030  
 U520 M903 M904 M910  
 DCN: R01242-M  
 DCR: 88752-M  
 DRN 0007-U 0018-U 0026-U 0050-U 0053-U 0066-U 0078-U 0096-U 0127-U  
 0171-U 0180-U 0267-U 0276-U 0282-U 0283-U 0540-U 0590-U 0958-U 0983-U  
 1203-U 1242-U 1259-U 1723-U  
 M2 \*26\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
 H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
 M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 M800 Q312 R031  
 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R04769-M  
DCR: 108879-M

Member(0005)

ABEQ FR 2664814 A UPAB 20060106

A solid pharmaceutical compsn. comprises (a) a light-sensitive and opt. hardly water soluble active ingredient; (b) a vegetable dye; and (c) conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents. Pref. active ingredients are vitamins D, vitamin A; imidazolines and iperazines etc., The dye is pref. chlorophyll (either lipophilic or hydrophilic).

USE/ADVANTAGE - Decomposition prods. of light-sensitive materials may include inactive or harmful cpds., for which regulations become more severe. The compsn. provides protection of the active material throughout formulation operations and for the finished prod., without extra steps or equipment, in an easily feasible process. The vegetable dye may also improve the solubility of active ingredient, e.g. nifedipine, in the carrier, improving release characteristics. The dyestuff is opt. also incorporated in the wall of soft gelatin capsules. Formulations also include tablets, deragees, or hard gelatin capsules.

Member(0012)

ABEQ ZA 9105677 A UPAB 20060106

The solid pharmaceutical compositions, pref. soft gelatin capsules, comprising a light-sensitive active ingredient opt. being hardly soluble in water, pref. nifedipine (4-(2'-nitrophenyl)-2,6-dimethyl-3,5-dimethoxycarbonyl-1,4-dihydropyridine), together with conventional carriers and/or auxiliary agents, wherein the compsn. incorporates a vegetable dye.

USE/ADVANTAGE - The incorporation of a vegetable dye into the capsule wall ensures a reliable light protection during the mfg. and filling operations and improves the solubility of nifedipine in certain carriers.

Member(0021)

ABEQ RU 2053764 C1 UPAB 20060106

Pharmaceutical preps. contg. light-sensitive and low-solubility biologically-active substits., particularly 'nifedipin' (sic), a widely-used calcium channel blocker, can be obtd. in the form of capsules comprising a soft gelatine shell and a light-protecting fill material. The latter consists of the following components (wt. %): 'nifedipin' dihydropyridine deriv. (2-5); hydrophilic or lipophilic chlorophyll as vegetable pigment (0.1-10.0); vegetable oil or other suitable solvent (90-96).

USE - Preps. are used in pharmaceutical mfr.

ADVANTAGE - The calcium channel-blocking dihydropyridine deriv. is protected from decompn. by light.

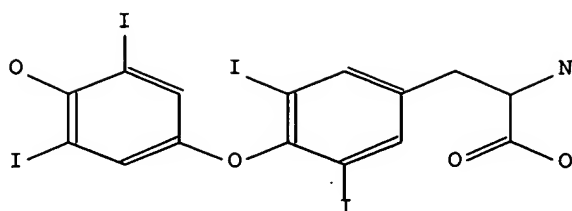
AN.S DCR-108879

CN.P THYROXINE

CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic acid

SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 34 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1987-095065 [14] WPIX  
 DOC. NO. CPI: C1987-039506 [21]  
 TITLE: Hard gelatin capsule containing chewable compsn. -  
 comprises semi-solid ingredient, carrier and masticatory  
 enhancing agent for buccal absorption or sublingual  
 admin.  
 DERWENT CLASS: A25; A96; B07; P33  
 INVENTOR: JONES B E; KNIGHT P M; WALKER M A  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (ELIL-C) LILLY IND LTD; (SHIO-C) SHIONOGI EURO BV  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 24

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | DATE     | WEEK       | LA | PG    | MAIN IPC   |
|-------------|------|----------|------------|----|-------|------------|
| EP 215635   | A    | 19870325 | (198714) * | EN | 6     |            |
| AU 8662455  | A    | 19870312 | (198717)   | EN |       |            |
| DK 8604338  | A    | 19870312 | (198725)   | DA |       |            |
| JP 62116508 | A    | 19870528 | (198727)   | JA |       |            |
| PT 83327    | A    | 19871020 | (198746)   | PT |       |            |
| ZA 8606849  | A    | 19870923 | (198751)   | EN |       |            |
| HU 43951    | T    | 19880128 | (198810)   | HU |       |            |
| CN 86106150 | A    | 19870318 | (198823)   | ZH |       |            |
| US 4755389  | A    | 19880705 | (198829)   | EN | 3     | A61K009-52 |
| ES 2002302  | A    | 19880801 | (198926)   | ES |       |            |
| IL 79973    | A    | 19900610 | (199030)   | EN |       |            |
| CA 1273295  | A    | 19900828 | (199040)   | EN |       |            |
| EP 215635   | B    | 19911113 | (199146)   | EN |       | A61K009-60 |
| DE 3682467  | G    | 19920227 | (199210)   | DE |       |            |
| RU 2018305  | C1   | 19940830 | (199516)   | RU | 5 [0] | A61K009-48 |
| CN 1026463  | C    | 19941109 | (199544)   | ZH |       | A61K009-48 |
| KR 9402656  | B1   | 19940328 | (199602)   | KO |       | A61K009-48 |
| JP 08009535 | B2   | 19960131 | (199609)   | JA | 4 [0] | A61K009-48 |
| DK 174973   | B    | 20040405 | (200425)   | DA |       | A61K009-66 |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO   | KIND | APPLICATION    | DATE     |
|-------------|------|----------------|----------|
| EP 215635   | A    | EP 1986-306968 | 19860910 |
| CN 1026463  | C    | CN 1986-106150 | 19860908 |
| JP 62116508 | A    | JP 1986-212527 | 19860909 |
| JP 08009535 | B2   | JP 1986-212527 | 19860909 |
| ZA 8606849  | A    | ZA 1986-6849   | 19860909 |
| DK 174973   | B    | DK 1986-4338   | 19860910 |
| ES 2002302  | A    | ES 1986-1759   | 19860910 |
| KR 9402656  | B1   | KR 1986-7591   | 19860910 |

RU 2018305 C1  
US 4755389 A

SU 1986-4028207 19860910  
US 1986-905905 19860910

## FILING DETAILS:

| PATENT NO      | KIND          | PATENT NO     |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| DK 174973 B    | Previous Publ | DK 8604338 A  |
| JP 08009535 B2 | Based on      | JP 62116508 A |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: GB 1985-22453 19850911

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN: A61K009-48  
IPC RECLASSIF.: A61K0047-00 [I,A]; A61K0047-00 [I,C]; A61K0047-02 [I,A];  
A61K0047-02 [I,C]; A61K0047-34 [I,A]; A61K0047-34 [I,C];  
A61K0047-38 [I,A]; A61K0047-38 [I,C]; A61K0009-00 [I,A];  
A61K0009-00 [I,C]; A61K0009-48 [I,A]; A61K0009-48 [I,C];  
A61K0009-52 [I,C]  
MAIN/SEC.: A61K009-60  
; A61K0009-66 [I,A]; A61K0009-68 [I,A]; A61K0009-68 [I,C]

BASIC ABSTRACT:

EP 215635 A UPAB: 20050424 Hard gelatin capsule containing a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liquid at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, especially 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 weight% active ingredient and especially up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liquid and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose derivative. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent. USE/ADVANTAGE - With the capsule sufficient of the active ingredient is in contact with the fluids in the buccal activity and in a form to be retained there for an effective time. They are especially useful for ingredients such as antiseptics, sore throats remedies, cold and cough prepsns. and dental compsns. or for drugs to be administered by the buccal or sublingual routes when fast action, is desired with potent drugs, cardiotoxic agents, e.g. without gut lumen, gut wall or hepatic first pass elimination.

MANUAL CODE: CPI: A03-C01; A12-V01; A12-W05; B04-B04A6; B04-C02D;  
B10-B03B; B12-A01; B12-D01; B12-F01B; B12-M11C

Member(0009)

ABEQ US 4755389 A UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsules contains a chewable compsn. comprising (a) a semi-solid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier; and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. Chewable compsn. is liq. at less than 1-0 deg. C.

Pref. (b) is a stabilising or suspending agent, esp. Xanthan gum. Carrier is a polyethylene glycol of mol. wt. 200-10,000. Compsn. comprises 95 wt.% or less of active ingredient.

USE - For contg. a cardioactive drug or analgesic drug as active ingredient in unit dosage form, for retention in the buccal cavity for an effective length of time. (3pp)t

Member(0015)

ABEQ RU 2018305 C1 UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsule contg. a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a

masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liq. at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, esp. 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 wt.% active ingredient and esp. up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liq. and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose deriv. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent.

USE/ADVANTAGE - With the capsule sufficient of the active ingredient is in contact with the fluids in the buccal activity and in a form to be retained there for an effective time. They are esp. useful for ingredients such as antiseptics, sore throats remedies, cold and cough prepns. and dental compsns. or for drugs to be administered by the buccal or sublingual routes when fast action, is desired with potent drugs, cardiotoxic agents, e.g. without gut lumen, gut wall or hepatic first pass elimination.

Member(0018)

ABEQ JP 96009535 B2 UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsule contg. a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liq. at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, esp. 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 wt.% active ingredient and esp. up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liq. and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose deriv. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent.

USE/ADVANTAGE - With the capsule sufficient of the active ingredient is in contact with the fluids in the buccal activity and in a form to be retained there for an effective time. They are esp. useful for ingredients such as antiseptics, sore throats remedies, cold and cough prepns. and dental compsns. or for drugs to be administered by the buccal or sublingual routes when fast action, is desired with potent drugs, cardiotoxic agents, e.g. without gut lumen, gut wall or hepatic first pass elimination.

TI Hard gelatin capsule containing chewable compsn. - comprises semi-solid ingredient, carrier and masticatory enhancing agent for buccal absorption or sublingual admin.

TT TT: HARD GELATIN CAPSULE CONTAIN CHEW COMPOSITION COMPRISE SEMI  
SOLID INGREDIENT CARRY MASTICATION ENHANCE AGENT BUCCAL ABSORB  
ADMINISTER

ALE Hard gelatin capsule contg. a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liq. at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, esp. 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 wt.% active ingredient and esp. up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liq. and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose deriv. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent.

IT UPIT 20050424

102290-CMP 102290-USE; 103563-CMP 103563-USE; 104827-CMP 104827-USE;  
108879-CMP 108879-USE; 130269-USE; 138321-USE;  
153655-CMP; 6754-CMP; 87874-CMP 87874-USE; 87878-USE

CMC UPB 20050424



DRN: 0034-U 0050-U 0280-U 1230-U 1324-U

DCR: 102290-U 103563-U 104827-U 108879-U 130269-U 138321-U

87874-U 87878-U

M1 \*05\* M423 M431 M782 R031 V751 M903

M1 \*06\* M423 M431 M782 Q620 R031 V735 M903

M1 \*11\* H4 H401 H481 H5 H521 H8 M210 M211 M272 M281 M313 M321 M332 M342  
M383 M391 M423 M431 M782 Q620 R031 V713 M903

M1 \*12\* M423 M431 M782 R031 V780 M903

M2 \*01\* G020 G221 H1 H102 H181 H4 H401 H481 H5 H541 H8 M210 M213 M232  
M273 M281 M313 M321 M332 M343 M383 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M531  
M540 M782 P522 R031 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R01324-M

DCR: 104827-M

M2 \*02\* D013 D021 D022 D030 E160 H1 H181 H2 H201 H4 H401 H441 H7 H721 H8  
M210 M211 M215 M232 M240 M273 M281 M282 M320 M412 M431 M511 M520  
M530 M540 M782 P411 R031 M903 M904 M910

RIN: 03535

DCN: R01230-M

DCR: 103563-M

M2 \*03\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 R031 M903  
M904 M910

DCN: R00050-M

DCR: 108879-M

M2 \*04\* G011 G100 J0 J012 J1 J131 J2 J241 M210 M211 M262 M281 M320 M414  
M431 M510 M520 M531 M540 M782 P411 R031 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00034-M

DCR: 87874-M

M2 \*09\* D011 D012 E500 G010 G100 H2 H201 H4 H401 H481 H8 J0 J011 J2 J221  
M210 M211 M273 M281 M312 M321 M332 M343 M371 M391 M412 M431 M511  
M520 M531 M540 M640 M782 R031 V0 V411 M903 M904

DCN: R06119-M

DCR: 153655-M

M2 \*10\* F012 F013 F014 F015 F016 F432 G011 G100 H3 H341 J0 J012 J2 J212  
M1 M113 M210 M211 M240 M272 M282 M320 M413 M431 M510 M521 M531  
M540 M782 P522 R031 M903 M904

DCN: R03027-M

DCR: 6754-M

M5 \*08\* M431 M782 P625 R031 S004 S110 S132 S133 S134 S142 S143 S217 S317  
S517 S603 T917 U017 U035 U520 U521 M903 M904 M910

DCN: R00280-M

DCR: 102290-M

M6 \*07\* P220 P411 P447 P522 P625 P821 P923 Q620 R031 R111 R200 R315 R320  
M903

DRN 0034-U 0050-U 0280-U 1230-U 1324-U

M2 \*03\* G017 G019 G100 H1 H100 H181 H4 H401 H441 H5 H541 H6 H604 H609  
H643 H8 J0 J011 J1 J171 M1 M121 M141 M280 M312 M321 M332 M343  
M349 M371 M391 M414 M431 M510 M520 M532 M540 M782 R031 M903  
M904 M910

DCN: R00050-M

DCR: 108879-M

Member(0009)

ABEQ US 4755389 A UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsules contains a chewable compsn. comprising (a)  
a semi-solid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or  
having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier; and (b) a  
masticatory enhancing agent. Chewable compsn. is liq. at less than 1-0  
deg. C.

Pref. (b) is a stabilising or suspending agent, esp. Xanthan gum. Carrier is a polyethylene glycol of mol. wt. 200-10,000. Compsn. comprises 95 wt.% or less of active ingredient.

USE - For contg. a cardioactive drug or analgesic drug as active ingredient in unit dosage form, for retention in the buccal cavity for an effective length of time. (3pp)t

Member(0015)

ABEQ RU 2018305 C1 UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsule contg. a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liq. at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, esp. 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 wt.% active ingredient and esp. up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liq. and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose deriv. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent.

USE/ADVANTAGE - With the capsule sufficient of the active ingredient is in contact with the fluids in the buccal activity and in a form to be retained there for an effective time. They are esp. useful for ingredients such as antiseptics, sore throats remedies, cold and cough preps. and dental compsns. or for drugs to be administered by the buccal or sublingual routes when fast action, is desired with potent drugs, cardiotoxic agents, e.g. without gut lumen, gut wall or hepatic first pass elimination.

Member(0018)

ABEQ JP 96009535 B2 UPAB 20050424

Hard gelatin capsule contg. a chewable compsn. comprises (a) a semisolid compsn. comprising an ingredient for buccal absorption or having buccal activity in association with a non-toxic carrier and (b) a masticatory enhancing agent. The compsn. is liq. at below 100 deg. C. Pref. the carrier may be semi-solid. The masticatory enhancing agent may be a stabilising or suspending agent, e.g. a gum such as xanthan gum. The carrier may be polyethylene glycol 200-10000, esp. 400-4000 and partic. 1000-2000. The capsule may contain up to 95 wt.% active ingredient and esp. up to 20%. Also the ingredient for buccal absorption may be a liq. and the carrier a solid, e.g. SiO<sub>2</sub> or a cellulose deriv. The capsule may also contain a flavouring agent.

USE/ADVANTAGE - With the capsule sufficient of the active ingredient is in contact with the fluids in the buccal activity and in a form to be retained there for an effective time. They are esp. useful for ingredients such as antiseptics, sore throats remedies, cold and cough preps. and dental compsns. or for drugs to be administered by the buccal or sublingual routes when fast action, is desired with potent drugs, cardiotoxic agents, e.g. without gut lumen, gut wall or hepatic first pass elimination.

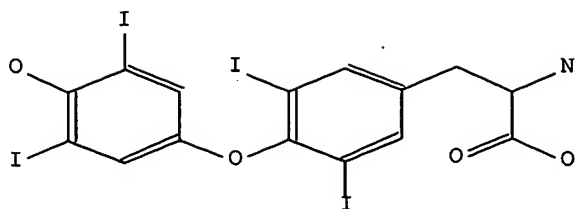
AN.S DCR-108879

CN.P THYROXINE

— CN.S 2-Amino-3-[4-(4-hydroxy-3,5-diiodo-phenoxy)-3,5-diiodo-phenyl]-propionic acid

SDCN R00050; R04769

SDRN 0050



L86 ANSWER 35 OF 40 WPIX COPYRIGHT 2007 THE THOMSON CORP on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1966-34553F [00] WPIX  
 TITLE: **Thyroxine** compns contng an electrically charged  
 DERWENT CLASS: B04  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE: (ISRA-I) ISRAEL; (ISRE-C) ISRAEL M  
 COUNTRY COUNT: 3

## PATENT INFORMATION:

| PATENT NO  | KIND | DATE     | WEEK      | LA | PG | MAIN IPC |
|------------|------|----------|-----------|----|----|----------|
| FR 6191    | M    |          | (196800)* | FR |    |          |
| GB 1180574 | A    |          | (197005)  | EN |    |          |
| DE 1617540 | A    | 19710408 | (198448)  | DE |    |          |

## APPLICATION DETAILS:

| PATENT NO | KIND | APPLICATION | DATE |
|-----------|------|-------------|------|
|           |      |             |      |

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO: MX 1966-87206 19660218

INT. PATENT CLASSIF.:

MAIN/SEC.: A61K000-00

## BASIC ABSTRACT:

FR 6191 M UPAB: 20050412

**Thyroxine** compns. contng. an electrically charged macromolecular cpd. and calcium gluconate. For parenteral administration of **thyroxine** in high and frequent doses.

The pref. macromolecular cpd. is a combination of vitamin B12 and **gelatine**, the latter being in a considerable excess. A pref. composition contains 0.5 mg. vitamin B12, 0.5 mg. sodium **thyroxine**, 10 mg. **gelatine**, and 100 mg. calcium gluconate, in a physiological serum (e.g. 0.9% NaCl). MANUAL CODE: CPI: B03-E; B04-B04A; B04-C02; B05-A01B; B10-A07; B10-B02B; B12-H03

TI **Thyroxine** compns contng an electrically charged

TT **TT: THYROXINE ELECTRIC CHARGE**

ALE **Thyroxine** compns. contng. an electrically charged macromolecular cpd. and calcium gluconate.

For parenteral administration of **thyroxine** in high and frequent doses.

The pref. macromolecular cpd. is a combination of vitamin B12 and **gelatine**, the latter being in a considerable excess. A pref. compn. contains 0.5 mg. vitamin B12, 0.5 mg. sodium **thyroxine**, 10 mg. **gelatine**, and 100 mg. calcium gluconate, in a physiological serum (e.g. 0.9% NaCl).

DATA NOT AVAILABLE FOR THIS ACCESSION NUMBER

L86 ANSWER 36 OF 40 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:131738 TOXCENTER Full-text  
 COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2007 ACS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: CA11616158934F  
 TITLE: Plant pigments as light stabilizers for  
           **photosensitive drugs**  
 AUTHOR(S): Nagy Kricsfalussy, Margit; Balazs, Rita; Marcisz, Judit;  
               Wagner Nagy, Katalin; Tajthy Juhasz, Eva Judit; Mandi,  
               Attila; Csorgo, Margit  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: ASSIGNEE: EGIS Gyogyszergyar  
 PATENT INFORMATION: DE 4124081 A1 23 Jan 1992  
 SOURCE: (1992) Ger. Offen., 10 pp.  
           CODEN: GWXXBX.  
 COUNTRY: HUNGARY  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS  
 OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 1992:158934  
 LANGUAGE: German  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001  
               Last Updated on STN: 8 Oct 2002

## ABSTRACT:

Light-sensitive insol. drugs are stabilized in solid formulations by plant pigments, such as chlorophyll, caramel, saffron yellow and red beet pigment.

\*\*\*Gelatin\*\*\* capsules were filled with a mixture of nifedipine 3.00, poly(ethylene oxide) sorbitan monooleate 22.85, lemon oil 14.65, lecithin 57.00, and chlorophyll 2.50% by weight

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 63-6

SUPPLEMENTARY TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors  
 photostabilizer drug plant pigment

REGISTRY NUMBER: 50-53-3 (Chlorpromazine)  
                   51-48-9 (Levothyroxine)  
                   51-61-6 (Dopamine)  
                   52-86-8 (Haloperidol)  
                   53-21-4 (Cocaine hydrochloride)  
                   54-05-7 (Chloroquine)  
                   55-63-0 (Nitroglycerine)  
                   57-27-2Q (Morphine, derivs.)  
                   59-05-2 (Methotrexate)  
                   60-56-0 (Methimazol)  
                   61-25-6 (Papaverine hydrochloride)  
                   62-49-7Q (amino derivs.)  
                   64-31-3 (Morphine sulfate)  
                   64-86-8 (Colchicine)  
                   67-20-9 (Nitrofurantoin)  
                   67-97-0 (Cholecalciferol)  
                   68-35-9 (Sulfadiazine)  
                   91-81-6 (Tripelenamine)  
                   92-84-2Q (Phenthiazine, derivs.)  
                   107-15-3Q (Ethylene diamine, derivs.)  
                   110-85-0Q (Piperazine, derivs.)  
                   117-89-5 (Trifluoperazine)  
                   298-46-4 (Carbamazepine)  
                   378-44-9 (Betamethasone)  
                   446-86-6 (Azathioprine)  
                   495-40-9Q (Butyrophenone, derivs.)  
                   548-73-2 (Droperidol)  
                   671-16-9 (Procarbazine)  
                   1404-00-8 (Mitomycin)

1405-87-4 (Bacitracin)  
 2062-84-2 (Benperidol)  
 8067-24-1 (Dihydroergotoxin methanesulfonate)  
 11103-57-4 (Vitamin A)  
 14402-89-2 (Nitroprusside sodium)  
 21829-25-4 (Nifedipine)  
 22609-73-0 (Niludipine)  
 27194-24-7Q (Nitrofurantoin, derivs.)  
 27790-75-6Q (Dihydropyridine, derivs.)  
 28299-33-4Q (Imidazoline, derivs.)  
 39562-70-4 (Nitrendipine)  
 55985-32-5 (Nicardipine)  
 63675-72-9 (Nisoldipine)  
 66085-59-4 (Nimodipine)  
 72509-76-3 (Felodipine)

REGISTRY NUMBER: 550-70-9; 5635-50-7; 22071-15-4; 139755-07-0

L86 ANSWER 37 OF 40 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:47168 TOXCENTER Full-text

COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2007 ACS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: CA07402006253J

TITLE: Utilization of slaughterhouse wastes and by-products

AUTHOR(S): Wahid, Mukhtar A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Biochem. Res. Div., PCSIR Lab., Karachi, Pak..

SOURCE: Science and Industry (Karachi), (1970) Vol. 7, No. 1-2, pp. 7-14.

CODEN: SINDBP. ISSN: 0036-8199.

COUNTRY: PAKISTAN

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 1971:6253

LANGUAGE: English

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001

Last Updated on STN: 24 Dec 2002

#### ABSTRACT:

Manufacture of biochems. such as heparin, cholesterol, cholic acids, rennin, pancreatin, pepsin, dry thyroid extract, **thyroxine**, insulin, K ferricyanide and ferrocyanide, adrenaline, ACTH, hyaluronidase, catalase, trypsin, **gelatin**, chymotrypsin, etc., from the wastes of slaughterhouse are described. 42 refs.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 60

SUPPLEMENTARY TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors

review slaughterhouse wastes pharmaceuticals;  
 slaughterhouse wastes pharmaceuticals review;  
 pharmaceuticals slaughterhouse wastes review

L86 ANSWER 38 OF 40 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:46699 TOXCENTER Full-text

COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2007 ACS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: CA07206024635Y

TITLE: Compositions for parenteral administration of **thyroxine**

AUTHOR(S): Israel, Murray

PATENT INFORMATION: FR 6191 26 Aug 1968

SOURCE: (1968) Fr. M., 3 pp.

CODEN: FMXXAJ.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 1970:24635

LANGUAGE: French  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001  
 Last Updated on STN: 31 Dec 2002

## ABSTRACT:

The title injectible compns. for treating hypercholesterolemia, hyperventilation, and disequilibrated metabolisms were prepared by adding to 100 ml of a 1% aqueous gelatin solution 50 mg crystalline vitamin B12, 50 mg.

\*\*\*thyroxine\*\*\* sodium salt, and 10 g. Ca gluconate at ambient temperature and pH

7, stirring vigorously, sterilizing, and sealing in amber glass ampuls. The dose is 1 ml for parenteral administration. The long therapeutic use of this medicament did not show any thyrotoxicity signs.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 63

SUPPLEMENTARY TERMS: Miscellaneous Descriptors  
 thyroxines parenteral compn; hypercholesterolemia;  
 hyperventilation; metabolism disequilibrated drugs

REGISTRY NUMBER: 55-03-8

L86 ANSWER 39 OF 40 TOXCENTER COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:17537 TOXCENTER Full-text

COPYRIGHT: Copyright 2007 ACS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: CA05705029953A

TITLE: Compositions and method for the parenteral  
 administration of thyroxine

AUTHOR(S): Israel, Murray

PATENT INFORMATION: US 3035974 22 May 1962

SOURCE: (1962)

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

FILE SEGMENT: CAPLUS

OTHER SOURCE: CAPLUS 1962:429953

ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 16 Nov 2001

Last Updated on STN: 5 Dec 2006

## ABSTRACT:

This composition for the parenteral therapeutic use of thyroxine (I) consists of an aqueous medium containing >0.06 mg./ml. of a water-soluble salt of I, and also vitamin B12 (II) and gelatin (III), III being present in an amount greater than the II, and the II and III together having at least 5 times the weight of the I. Both II and III are associated with each other in the form of a macroanionic substance in dispersed phase and having a mol. weight of at least 100,000. Thus, 100 ml. of a 1% aqueous solution of III was produced by autoclaving an

aqueous dispersion of 1 g. of III; then 50 mg. each of crystalline II and Na DL-I were

added. At room temperature and a pH of 7, the mixture was vigorously agitated. After

sterilization of the solution by Seitz filtration, it was sealed in amber ampuls. Prolonged therapy may be conducted with this composition, with no evidence of thyrotoxicity, yet maintaining human blood cholesterol levels at low and narrow ranges for long periods of time without relapse.

CLASSIFICATION CODE: 39

REGISTRY NUMBER: 51-48-9 (Thyroxine)

L86 ANSWER 40 OF 40 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2007 The Thomson Corporation on  
 STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:311725 SCISEARCH Full-text

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: WU640

TITLE: Stability-indicating high-performance liquid  
 chromatographic assay methods for drugs in  
 pharmaceutical dosage forms .2.

AUTHOR: Ho C (Reprint); Chen G L  
 CORPORATE SOURCE: DEPT HLTH, NATL LABS FOODS & DRUGS, TAIPEI, TAIWAN; NATL DEF MED CTR, SCH PHARM, TAIPEI, TAIWAN  
 COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: TAIWAN  
 SOURCE: JOURNAL OF FOOD AND DRUG ANALYSIS, (MAR 1997) Vol. 5, No. 1, pp. 1-24.  
 ISSN: 1021-9498.  
 PUBLISHER: NATL LABORATORIES FOODS DRUGS, DEPT HEALTH, EXECUTIVE YUAN, 161-2 KUEN YANG ST DR. ERICK T. SUEN, DEPUTY DIR., NANKANG, TAIPEI, TAIWAN.  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: General Review; Journal  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 REFERENCE COUNT: 93  
 ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 1997  
 Last Updated on STN: 1997  
 CATEGORY: FOOD SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY; PHARMACOLOGY & PHARMACY  
 SUPPL. TERM PLUS: SOFT GELATIN CAPSULES; REVERSED-PHASE. HPLC; DEGRADATION PRODUCTS; DILTIAZEM HYDROCHLORIDE; OPHTHALMIC PREPARATIONS; DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS; PRALIDOXIME CHLORIDE; SODIUM LEVOTHYROXINE; TABLET FORMULATIONS; CONTENT UNIFORMITY

## REFERENCE(S) :

| Referenced Author<br>(RAU) | Year<br>(RPY) | VOL<br>(RVL) | ARN PG<br>(RPG) | Referenced Work<br>(RWK) |
|----------------------------|---------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------------|
| =====                      | =====         | =====        | =====           | =====                    |
| ABDELHAMID M E             | 1988          | 21           | 2263            | ANAL LETT                |
| ALBERT K                   | 1985          | 130          | 2600            | PHARM ZTG                |
| ALVI S U                   | 1987          | 10           | 3413            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| AMIN M                     | 1989          | 64           | 45              | PHARM ACTA HELV          |
| ANDERMANN G                | 1984          | 298          | 189             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| BAASKE D M                 | 1979          | 68           | 481             | J PHARM SCI              |
| BACHMAN W J                | 1990          | 23           | 893             | ANAL LETT                |
| BALANSARD G                | 1986          | 61           | 47              | PHARM ACTA HELV          |
| BAMMI R K                  | 1991          | 17           | 2239            | DRUG DEV IND PHARM       |
| BARRETT D A                | 1994          | 17           | 3727            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| BAUER J                    | 1986          | 369          | 422             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| BAUER J                    | 1988          | 445          | 429             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| BAUER J                    | 1983          | 72           | 924             | J PHARM SCI              |
| BAUER J                    | 1983          | 72           | 1347            | J PHARM SCI              |
| BRIDLE J H                 | 1993          | 19           | 371             | DRUG DEV IND PHARM       |
| BUCK R H                   | 1991          | 548          | 335             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| CARIGNAN G                 | 1985          | 8            | 1431            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| CAVIGLIOLI G               | 1994          | 20           | 2395            | DRUG DEV IND PHARM       |
| CHI H                      | 1984          | 4            | 339             | YAOWU FENXI ZAZHI        |
| DASGUPTA V                 | 1986          | 9            | 1065            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| DASGUPTA V                 | 1983          | 72           | 1453            | J PHARM SCI              |
| DESCHUTTER J A             | 1985          | 20           | 185             | CHROMATOGRAPHIA          |
| ELSAYEDMETWALLY M          | 1991          | 549          | 221             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| FATMI A A                  | 1989          | 15           | 1365            | DRUG DEV IND PHARM       |
| FRONTINI R                 | 1992          | 15           | 2519            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| GARNICK R L                | 1984          | 73           | 75              | J PHARM SCI              |
| HEIDEMANN D R              | 1987          | 5            | 422             | LC GC                    |
| HEWALA I I                 | 1994          | 27           | 71              | ANAL LETT                |
| HITSCHERICH M E            | 1987          | 10           | 1011            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| HOYER G L                  | 1995          | 18           | 1239            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |
| HU O Y P                   | 1990          | 523          | 321             | J CHROMATOGR             |
| HU O Y P                   | 1992          | 81           | 91              | J PHARM SCI              |
| IRWIN W J                  | 1984          | 9            | 41              | J CLIN HOSP PHARM        |
| KAFIL J B                  | 1994          | 667          | 175             | J CHROMATOGR A           |
| KENLEY R                   | 1986          | 9            | 3577            | J LIQ CHROMATOGR         |

|                 |      |     |      |                      |
|-----------------|------|-----|------|----------------------|
| KENNEDY J F     | 1989 | 5   | 281  | J MICRONUTR ANAL     |
| KHALIL S A H    | 1993 | 26  | 1163 | ANAL LETT            |
| KIRCHHOEFER R D | 1985 | 68  | 163  | J ASSOC OFF ANA CHEM |
| KMETEC V        | 1992 | 10  | 1073 | J PHARMACEUT BIOMED  |
| LAI C J         | 1993 | 45  | 147  | CHUNG HUA YAO HSUEH  |
| LEE Y C         | 1984 | 73  | 1660 | J PHARM SCI          |
| LEROY P         | 1986 | 367 | 428  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| LIAN H          | 1989 | 9   | 197  | YAOWU FENXI ZAZHI    |
| LIU C Y         | 1993 | 13  | 314  | YAOWU FENXI ZAZHI    |
| MALKKI L        | 1993 | 11  | 79   | J PHARMACEUT BIOMED  |
| MELUCCI C K     | 1987 | 391 | 321  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| MENON S K       | 1989 | 12  | 657  | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| MENSINK C K     | 1987 | 122 | 385  | PHARM WEEKBLAD       |
| PARASRAMPURIA J | 1989 | 15  | 1989 | DRUG DEV IND PHARM   |
| PARHIZKARI G    | 1995 | 18  | 553  | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| PAVEENBAMPEN C  | 1986 | 75  | 1192 | J PHARM SCI          |
| PAVELEK Z       | 1988 | 37  | 32   | CESK FARM            |
| PERLMAN S       | 1984 | 73  | 259  | J PHARM SCI          |
| PRUE D G        | 1983 | 72  | 751  | J PHARM SCI          |
| REIF V D        | 1987 | 4   | 54   | PHARMACEUT RES       |
| RENZI N L       | 1989 | 462 | 398  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| RICHARD A       | 1984 | 298 | 356  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| RICHEIMER S L   | 1983 | 72  | 1349 | J PHARM SCI          |
| RILEY C M       | 1993 | 11  | 131  | J PHARMACEUT BIOMED  |
| SALEM M A S     | 1989 | 22  | 2501 | ANAL LETT            |
| SCHROEDER A C   | 1989 | 78  | 132  | J PHARM SCI          |
| SHEN Y          | 1994 | 17  | 1557 | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| SHIVRAM K       | 1992 | 15  | 2417 | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| SISCO W R       | 1985 | 322 | 380  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| SISCO W R       | 1985 | 348 | 253  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| SISCO W R       | 1986 | 354 | 355  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| SISCO W R       | 1986 | 368 | 184  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| SMITH E W       | 1989 | 6   | 431  | PHARMACEUT RES       |
| SOTBERSKI P     | 1987 | 43  | 407  | FARM POL             |
| STEWART J T     | 1989 | 12  | 673  | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| STOBERSKI P     | 1988 | 44  | 398  | FARM POL             |
| SUBBARAO G N    | 1987 | 4   | 38   | PHARMACEUT RES       |
| SULEIMAN M S    | 1989 | 22  | 1499 | ANAL LETT            |
| SULEIMAN M S    | 1989 | 114 | 365  | ANALYST              |
| TENJARLA S N    | 1993 | 16  | 2899 | J LIQ CHROMATOGR     |
| TOKUNAGA H      | 1984 | 33  | 26   | BUNSEKI KAGAKU       |
| TOROK I         | 1984 | 2   | 465  | J PHARM BIOMED ANAL  |
| TRIVEDI R J     | 1988 | 71  | 36   | J ASSOC OFF ANA CHEM |
| TRIVEDI R J     | 1988 | 71  | 290  | J ASSOC OFF ANA CHEM |
| TSAI T H        | 1992 | 84  | 279  | INT J PHARM          |
| TSAI T H        | 1991 | 542 | 521  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| UNLU N          | 1987 | 7   | 1    | ECZACILIK FAK DERG   |
| WALL G M        | 1992 | 10  | 465  | J PHARMACEUT BIOMED  |
| WANG D P        | 1983 | 108 | 851  | ANALYST              |
| WANG S          | 1991 | 11  | 81   | YAOWU FENXI ZAZHI    |
| WANWIMOLRUK S   | 1991 | 8   | 547  | PHARMACEUT RES       |
| WILSON T D      | 1987 | 391 | 409  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| WILSON T D      | 1988 | 445 | 299  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| WU S            | 1993 | 45  | 133  | CHUNG HUA YAO HSUEH  |
| WU S C          | 1995 | 47  | 457  | CHUNG HUA YAO HSUEH  |
| YAMAMOTO S      | 1993 | 113 | 515  | YAKUGAKU ZASSHI      |
| YAMAMURA K      | 1984 | 303 | 165  | J CHROMATOGR         |
| ZADRZEWSKI Z    | 1990 | 46  | 19   | FARM POL             |



## SEARCH HISTORY

=&gt; d his nofile

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:49:29 ON 23 FEB 2007)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:50:20 ON 23 FEB 2007

E US2003-661588/APPS

L1 1 SEA ABB=ON US2003-661588/AP  
D SCAN

L2 13 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU

L3 2 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU

L4 2 SEA ABB=ON L2 AND L3  
D SCAN TI

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:51:53 ON 23 FEB 2007

E LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM/CN

L5 1 SEA ABB=ON "LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:52:37 ON 23 FEB 2007

D IDE

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:54:13 ON 23 FEB 2007

L6 488 SEA ABB=ON L5

L7 2 SEA ABB=ON (L2 OR L3) AND L6

L8 2 SEA ABB=ON L7 AND L4

L9 41163 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#/OBI

L10 11 SEA ABB=ON L6 AND L9

L11 6587 SEA ABB=ON L9 (L) (PAC OR PKT OR DMA OR THU)/RL

L12 10 SEA ABB=ON L11 AND L6

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 11:58:00 ON 23 FEB 2007

L13 28884 SEA ABB=ON THYROXINE/CT

L14 5986 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN/CT

L15 3 SEA ABB=ON L13 AND L14

L16 3 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU

L17 0 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
D TRIAL L16 1-3

L18 3 SEA ABB=ON (L16 OR L17)  
D TRIAL L15 1-3

L19 9914 SEA ABB=ON L13 (L) (AD OR PD OR PK OR TU)/CT

L20 2 SEA ABB=ON L19 AND L14

L21 14972 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#

L22 5 SEA ABB=ON L19 AND L21

L23 3 SEA ABB=ON L22 NOT L15  
D TRIAL 1-3

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:01:25 ON 23 FEB 2007

L24 7 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU

L25 0 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU

L26 1269 SEA ABB=ON L5  
D TRIAL 1-6

L27 1268 SEA ABB=ON LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM/CT

L28 64 SEA ABB=ON L27 (L) CB/CT  
E GELATIN/CT  
E E3+ALL

L29 6703 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN/CT

L30 0 SEA ABB=ON L27 AND L29 NOT L28

L31 0 SEA ABB=ON L27 AND L29

L32 13468 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#  
 L33 0 SEA ABB=ON L27 AND L32  
 L34 0 SEA ABB=ON (L26 OR L27) AND (L29 OR L32)  
 L35 7 SEA ABB=ON (L24 OR L25)

FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 12:03:55 ON 23 FEB 2007

L36 3 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU  
 L37 0 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
 D TRIAL L36 1-3  
 L38 3 SEA ABB=ON (L36 OR L37)  
 L39 439 SEA ABB=ON L5  
 D TRIAL 1-5  
 L40 1142 SEA ABB=ON LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM/CT  
 L41 3909 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#  
 L42 0 SEA ABB=ON (L39 OR L40) AND L41

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:06:20 ON 23 FEB 2007

L43 7 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU  
 L44 2 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
 D TRIAL 1-2  
 E B04-N02+ALL/MC  
 E B10-B02E+ALL/MC  
 E B12-M11B+ALL/MC  
 E B14-N11+ALL/MC  
 L45 72 SEA ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE/BI,ABEX OR (LEVO/BI,ABEX OR  
 L/BI,ABEX) (W) THYROXINE/BI,ABEX) (1A) (MONOSODIUM/BI,ABEX OR  
 NA/BI,ABEX OR SODIUM/BI,ABEX) OR NSC259940/BI,ABEX OR NSC  
 259940/BI,ABEX  
 L46 802 SEA ABB=ON LEVOTHYROXIN#/BI,ABEX OR THYROXIN#/BI,ABEX  
 E LEVOTHYR/CN  
 L47 2 SEA ABB=ON ("LEVOTHYROXINE SODIUM"/CN OR LEVOTHYROXINE-SODIUM/  
 CN)  
 L48 540 SEA ABB=ON L47/DCR  
 SEL SDRN,SDCN,DCSE L47  
 L49 540 SEA ABB=ON (RA11AM/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR R00050/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR  
 R04769/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 0050/DRN,DCN,DCRE OR 108879-0-0-0/DRN,DC  
 N,DCRE OR 108879-2-0-0/DRN,DCN,DCRE)  
 L50 1021 SEA ABB=ON (L49 OR L48 OR L46 OR L45)  
 L51 34560 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#/BI,ABEX  
 L52 2 SEA ABB=ON (L43 AND L44) OR ((L43 OR L44) AND L50)  
 L53 41 SEA ABB=ON L50 AND L51  
 L54 39 SEA ABB=ON L53 NOT L52  
 D TRIAL 1-39

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:12:36 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:13:52 ON 23 FEB 2007

L55 15426 SEA ABB=ON ?ASSAY?/TI  
 L56 199868 SEA ABB=ON MEASURING/TI  
 L57 30 SEA ABB=ON L54 NOT (L55 OR L56)  
 D TRIAL 1-30

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:14:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:17:35 ON 23 FEB 2007

L58 14807 SEA ABB=ON ANALYZING/TI  
 L59 318260 SEA ABB=ON SIMULTANEOUS?/BI,ABEX  
 L60 14807 SEA ABB=ON ANALYZING/TI  
 L61 61970 SEA ABB=ON SIMULTANEOUS?/TI  
 L62 30 SEA ABB=ON L53 NOT (L55 OR L56 OR L60 OR L61)

FILE 'IPA' ENTERED AT 12:19:02 ON 23 FEB 2007

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L63      2 SEA ABB=ON  SCHREDER S?/AU
L64      0 SEA ABB=ON  NISCHWITZ M?/AU
          D TRIAL L63 1-2
L65      2 SEA ABB=ON  (L63 OR L64)
L66      1 SEA ABB=ON  L5
L67      798 SEA ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE) OR NSC259940 OR NSC
          259940
L68      1409 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#
L69      0 SEA ABB=ON  (L66 OR L67) AND L68
L70      6117 SEA ABB=ON GEL?
L71      5 SEA ABB=ON  (L66 OR L67) AND L70
          D TRIAL 1-5

```

INDEX '1MOBILITY, 2MOBILITY, ABI-INFORM, ADISCTI, AEROSPACE, AGRICOLA, ALUMINIUM, ANABSTR, ANTE, APOLLIT, AQUALINE, AQUASCI, AQUIRE, BABS, BIBLIODATA, BIOENG, BIOSIS, BIOTECHABS, BIOTECHDS, BIOTECHNO, CABA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CEABA-VTB, CERAB, ...' ENTERED AT 12:22:12 ON 23 FEB 2007

SEA (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC 259940) AND

```

-----
1  FILE ABI-INFORM
1  FILE AGRICOLA
6  FILE ANABSTR
1  FILE AQUASCI
1  FILE AQUIRE
1  FILE BABS
10 FILE BIOSIS
1  FILE BIOTECHNO
4  FILE CABA
3  FILE CAOLD
39 FILE CAPLUS
1  FILE CASREACT
2  FILE CROPU
3  FILE DDFB
1  FILE DDFU
1  FILE DPCI
3  FILE DRUGB
1  FILE DRUGU
20 FILE EMBASE

```

SEA (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC 259940 OR L

```

-----
0* FILE 1MOBILITY
0* FILE 2MOBILITY
1  FILE ABI-INFORM
0* FILE ADISCTI
0* FILE AEROSPACE
1  FILE AGRICOLA
0* FILE ALUMINIUM
6  FILE ANABSTR
0* FILE ANTE
0* FILE APOLLIT
0* FILE AQUALINE
1* FILE AQUASCI
1  FILE AQUIRE
1* FILE BABS
0* FILE BIBLIODATA
0* FILE BIOENG
10 FILE BIOSIS

```

1 FILE BIOTECHNO  
4\* FILE CABA  
3\* FILE CAOLD  
39\* FILE CAPLUS  
1 FILE CASREACT  
0\* FILE CEABA-VTB  
0\* FILE CERAB  
0\* FILE CHEMINFORMRX  
0\* FILE CIVILENG  
0\* FILE COMPENDEX  
0\* FILE COMPUAB  
0\* FILE COMPUSCIENCE  
0\* FILE CONFSCI  
0\* FILE COPPERLIT  
0\* FILE CORROSION  
0\* FILE CROPB  
2\* FILE CROPU  
3\* FILE DDFB  
1\* FILE DDFU  
0\* FILE DETHERM  
0\* FILE DGENE  
0\* FILE DISSABS  
0\* FILE DKF  
1\* FILE DPCI  
3\* FILE DRUGB  
1\* FILE DRUGU  
0\* FILE ELCOM  
0\* FILE EMBAL  
20 FILE EMBASE  
0\* FILE ENCOMPLIT  
0\* FILE ENCOMPPAT  
2\* FILE ENERGY  
0\* FILE ENVIROENG  
389\* FILE EPFULL  
1\* FILE ESBIODBASE  
0\* FILE FOMAD  
0\* FILE FORIS  
0\* FILE FRANCEPAT  
18\* FILE FRFULL  
0\* FILE FROSTI  
1 FILE FSTA  
37\* FILE GBFULL  
0\* FILE GENBANK  
0\* FILE GEOREF  
0\* FILE HEALSAFE  
0\* FILE ICONDA  
31\* FILE IFIPAT  
0\* FILE INFODATA  
1\* FILE INIS  
8\* FILE INPADOC  
0\* FILE INSPEC  
0\* FILE INSPHYS  
0\* FILE ITRD  
1\* FILE JAPIO  
0\* FILE KOREAPAT  
0\* FILE KOSMET  
1\* FILE LIFESCI  
0\* FILE LISA  
0\* FILE MATBUS  
0\* FILE MECHENG

9 FILE MEDLINE  
 0\* FILE METADEX  
 0\* FILE NTIS  
 0\* FILE NUTRACEUT  
 0\* FILE OCEAN  
 2\* FILE PASCAL  
 0\* FILE PATDD  
 0\* FILE PATDPA  
 10\* FILE PATDPAFULL  
 1385\* FILE PCTFULL  
 0\* FILE PCTGEN  
 0\* FILE PHARMAML  
 0\* FILE PHIC  
 0\* FILE PHIN  
 0\* FILE POLLUAB  
 1 FILE PROMT  
 .3\* FILE RDISCLOSURE  
 0\* FILE RSWB  
 1\* FILE RUSSIAPAT  
 8\* FILE SCISEARCH  
 0\* FILE SOLIDSTATE  
 0\* FILE SOLIS  
 0\* FILE TEMA  
 0\* FILE TEXTILETECH  
 19 FILE TOXCENTER  
 0\* FILE TRIBO  
 0\* FILE UFORDAT  
 2491\* FILE USPATFULL  
 259\* FILE USPAT2  
 0\* FILE VETB  
 2\* FILE VETU  
 0\* FILE WATER  
 0\* FILE WELDASEARCH  
 34 FILE WPIDS  
 0\* FILE WPIFV  
 34 FILE WPINDEX  
 0\* FILE WTEXTILES

L72 QUE ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC  
 259940 OR L5) AND GELATIN#

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 D RANK

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:27:27 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'AGRICOLA, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, ESBIODBASE, LIFESCI, DRUGB, BIOSIS,  
 VETU, TOXCENTER, ANABSTR, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:29:32 ON 23 FEB 2007

L73 13 SEA ABB=ON SCHREDER S?/AU  
 L74 2 SEA ABB=ON NISCHWITZ M?/AU  
 L75 94695 SEA ABB=ON (LEVOTHYROXINE OR THYROXINE OR NSC259940 OR NSC  
 259940 OR L5)  
 L76 57422 SEA ABB=ON GELATIN#  
 L77 2 SEA ABB=ON (L73 AND L74) OR ((L73 OR L74) AND L75)  
 D SCAN  
 L78 54 SEA ABB=ON L75 AND L76  
 L79 37 DUP REM L78 (17 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
 ANSWER '1' FROM FILE AGRICOLA  
 ANSWERS '2-3' FROM FILE PASCAL  
 ANSWER '4' FROM FILE LIFESCI  
 ANSWERS '5-7' FROM FILE DRUGB  
 ANSWERS '8-15' FROM FILE BIOSIS

ANSWER '16' FROM FILE VETU  
 ANSWERS '17-28' FROM FILE TOXCENTER  
 ANSWERS '29-34' FROM FILE ANABSTR  
 ANSWERS '35-37' FROM FILE SCISEARCH

D SCAN

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:31:30 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'AGRICOLA, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, ESBIODASE, LIFESCI, DRUGB, BIOSIS,  
 VETU, TOXCENTER, ANABSTR, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:35:34 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D TI 1-37

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:36:09 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'AGRICOLA, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, ESBIODASE, LIFESCI, DRUGB, BIOSIS,  
 VETU, TOXCENTER, ANABSTR, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:39:05 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 L80 8 SEA ABB=ON L78 AND (SLAUGHTER? OR WOUND OR PHOTOSENSITIVE OR  
 PARENTERAL OR PHARMACEUTICAL OR MEDICAMENTS)/TI

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:39:19 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L7

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L18

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L35

FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 12:39:53 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L38

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:39:54 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L52

FILE 'IPA' ENTERED AT 12:39:55 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L65

FILE 'AGRICOLA, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, ESBIODASE, LIFESCI, DRUGB, BIOSIS,  
 VETU, TOXCENTER, ANABSTR, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:40:06 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L77

FILE 'MEDLINE, DRUGU, CAPLUS, IPA, WPIX, EMBASE, BIOSIS' ENTERED AT  
 12:40:26 ON 23 FEB 2007

L81 12 DUP REM L18 L38 L7 L65 L52 L35 L77 (9 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
 ANSWERS '1-3' FROM FILE MEDLINE  
 ANSWER '4' FROM FILE DRUGU  
 ANSWERS '5-6' FROM FILE CAPLUS  
 ANSWERS '7-10' FROM FILE EMBASE  
 ANSWERS '11-12' FROM FILE BIOSIS  
 D IALL 1-4  
 D IBIB ED ABS HITIND 5-6  
 D IALL 7-12

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:41:09 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:43:27 ON 23 FEB 2007  
 D QUE L12

L82 8 SEA ABB=ON L12 NOT L7

FILE 'EMBASE' ENTERED AT 12:43:29 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L34

FILE 'DRUGU' ENTERED AT 12:43:29 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L42

FILE 'WPIX' ENTERED AT 12:43:31 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L62

L83           28 SEA ABB=ON   L62 NOT L52

FILE 'IPA' ENTERED AT 12:43:35 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L69

FILE 'AGRICOLA, PASCAL, BIOTECHNO, ESBIODBASE, LIFESCI, DRUGB, BIOSIS,  
VETU, TOXCENTER, ANABSTR, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 12:43:36 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L80

L84           7 SEA ABB=ON   L80 NOT L77

FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 12:43:43 ON 23 FEB 2007  
D QUE L20

L85           2 SEA ABB=ON   L20 NOT L18

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:43:53 ON 23 FEB 2007

FILE 'MEDLINE, CAPLUS, WPIX, BIOSIS, TOXCENTER, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT  
12:44:24 ON 23 FEB 2007

L86           40 DUP REM L85 L82 L83 L84 (5 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

ANSWERS '1-2' FROM FILE MEDLINE

ANSWERS '3-10' FROM FILE CAPLUS

ANSWERS '11-35' FROM FILE WPIX

ANSWERS '36-39' FROM FILE TOXCENTER

ANSWER '40' FROM FILE SCISEARCH

D IALL 1-2

D IBIB ED ABS HITIND 3-10

D IALL ABEQ TECH HIT HITSTR 11-35

D IALL 36-40

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:45:49 ON 23 FEB 2007

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